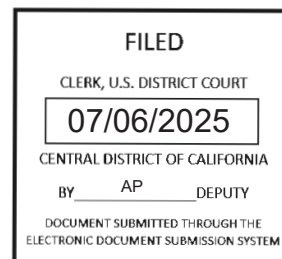


Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA — Registered Mail #RF775824950US — Dated: April 17, 2025

Kevin Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona*  
C/o 30650 Rancho California Road #406-251  
Temecula, California [92591]  
non-domestic *without* the United States  
Email: [team@walkernovagroup.com](mailto:team@walkernovagroup.com)



*Plaintiff, Real Party In Interest, Injured Party*

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, EASTERN DIVISION**

**Kevin Walker, *sui juris***  
*Plaintiff/Real Party in Interest/Injured Party*

Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA

**[AMENDED] VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR:**

*vs.*  
**Chad Bianco,  
Steven Arthur Sherman,  
Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman,  
George Reyes,  
William Pratt,  
Robert Gell,  
Nicholas Gruwell,  
Joseph Sinz,  
Michael Hestrin,  
Miranda Thomson,  
RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF,  
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF  
CALIFORNIA,  
SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER,  
FERGUSON PRAET & SHERMAN A  
PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION,  
Does 1-100 Inclusive,  
Defendant(s).**

1. FRAUD AND MISREPRESENTATION
2. BREACH OF CONTRACT
3. **THEFT, EMBEZZLEMENT, AND FRAUDULENT MISAPPLICATION OF FUNDS AND ASSETS**
4. FRAUD, FORGERY, AND UNAUTHORIZED USE OF IDENTITY
5. **MONOPOLIZATION OF TRADE AND COMMERCE, AND UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES**
6. DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR OF LAW
7. RECEIVING EXTORTION PROCEEDS
8. FALSE PRETENSES AND FRAUD
9. THREATS AND EXTORTION
10. RACKETEERING
11. BANK FRAUD
12. FRAUDULENT TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSFER OF STOLEN GOODS AND SECURITIES
13. **TORTURE**
14. **KIDNAPPING**
15. **FORCED PEONAGE**
16. UNLAWFUL INTERFERENCE, INTIMIDATION, EXTORTION, AND EMOTIONAL DISTRESS
17. DECLARATORY JUDGEMENT & RELIEF
18. **DEMAND FOR SUMMARY JUDGEMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW - CONSIDERED, ACCEPTED, AGREED, AND STIPULATED ONE TRILLION (\$1,000,000,000,000.00) JUDGEMENT AND LIEN.**

**COMES NOW**, Plaintiff <sup>TM</sup>Kevin Walker (hereinafter "Plaintiff" and/or "Real Party in Interest"), who is proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, and by *Special*

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1 **Limited Appearance** (NOT generally). **Kevin** is **natural freeborn sovereign** and **state**  
2 **Citizen** of California **the republic** in its **De'jure** capacity as one of the several **states**  
3 of the Union 1789. This incidentally makes him a **non-citizen national/national**  
4 American Citizen of the republic as per the **De'Jure Constitution for the United**  
5 **States 1777/1789**.

6 Plaintiff, appearing by *Special Limited Appearance, sui juris*, and *In Propria*  
7 *Persona*, asserts his **unalienable** right to **contract**, as secured by **Article I, Section 10**  
8 of the **Constitution**, which states: "**No State shall... pass any Law impairing the**  
9 **Obligation of Contracts,**" and thus which *prohibits* states from impairing the  
10 obligation of **contracts**.

11 This clause **unequivocally** prohibits states from impairing the obligation of  
12 contracts, including but not limited to, a trust and contract agreement as an  
13 '*Attorney-In-Fact,*' and any private contract existing between Plaintiff and  
14 Defendants. A copy of the '*Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact,*' is attached hereto  
15 as **Exhibits A** and incorporated herein by reference.

16 Plaintiff further invokes his inherent unalienable rights under the **Constitution** and  
17 the **common law** — rights that **predate** the formation of the tatse and remain  
18 safeguarded by **due process of law**.

### 19 **Constitutional Basis:**

20 Plaintiff asserts that their **private rights** are secured *and* protected under the  
21 **Constitution, common law, and exclusive equity**, which govern their ability to  
22 freely contract and protect their property and interests..

23 Plaintiff respectfully asserts and affirms:

- 24 • "The individual may stand upon his constitutional rights as a citizen. He is  
25 entitled to carry on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to**  
26 **contract is unlimited.** He owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers  
27 for an examination] to the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond  
28 the protection of his life and property. His rights are such as existed by the

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1 law of the land [Common Law] long antecedent to the organization of the  
2 State, and can only be taken from him by due process of law, and in  
3 accordance with the Constitution. Among his rights are a refusal to  
4 incriminate himself, and the immunity of himself and his property from  
5 arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law. He owes nothing to the  
6 public so long as he does not trespass upon their rights." (*Hale v. Henkel*, 201  
7 U.S. 43, 47 [1905]).

- 8 • "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right cannot** be converted into a  
9 crime." — *Miller v. U.S.*, 230 F 2d 486, 489.
- 10 • "Where **rights secured by** the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
11 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — *Miranda v. Arizona*,  
12 384 U.S.
- 13 • "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this  
14 exercise of constitutional **rights**." — *Sherar v. Cullen*, 481 F. 945.
- 15 • "A law repugnant to the Constitution is **void**." — *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S.  
16 (1 Cranch) 137, 177 (1803).
- 17 • "It is not the duty of the citizen to surrender his rights, liberties, and  
18 immunities under the guise of police power or any other governmental  
19 power." — *Miranda v. Arizona*, 384 U.S. 436, 491 (1966).
- 20 • "An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties;  
21 affords no protection; it creates no office; it is, in legal contemplation, as  
22 inoperative as though it had never been passed." — *Norton v. Shelby County*,  
23 118 U.S. 425, 442 (1886).
- 24 • "No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law, and no courts are bound to  
25 enforce it." — *16 Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 177, Late Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 256*.
- 26 • "Sovereignty itself remains with the people, by whom and for whom all  
27 government exists and acts." — *Yick Wo v. Hopkins*, 118 U.S. 356, 370  
28 (1886).

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## **Supremacy Clause:**

Plaintiff respectfully asserts and affirms that:

- **The Supremacy Clause of the Constitution of the United States (Article VI, Clause 2) establishes that the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and treaties made under its authority, constitute the "supreme Law of the Land", and thus take priority over any conflicting state laws.** It provides that state courts are bound by, and state constitutions subordinate to, the supreme law. However, federal statutes and treaties must be within the parameters of the Constitution; **that is, they must be pursuant to the federal government's enumerated powers, and not violate other constitutional limits on federal power** ... As a constitutional provision identifying the supremacy of federal law, the Supremacy Clause assumes the underlying priority of federal authority, **albeit only when that authority is expressed in the Constitution itself; no matter what the federal or state governments might wish to do, they must stay within the boundaries of the Constitution.**

Plaintiff sues Defendant(s) and assert as **established, considered, agreed** and **admitted** by Defendants:

**1. Plaintiff, Kevin Walker, proceeding, *sui juris*, In Propria Person, by Special Limited Appearance, is undisputedly the holder in due course' of all assets, intangible and tangible, hold allodial title to all assets, in accordance with UCC § 3-302, and security interest and title has been perfected.**

**2. Plaintiff is foreign to the 'United States', which is a federal corporation, as evidenced by 28 U.S. Code § 3002.**

**3. Plaintiff is undisputedly the Creditor.**

**4. Plaintiff has explicitly reserved all of his inherent unalienable rights, also in accordance with U.C.C. § 1-308, and have waives none.**



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5. Plaintiff alone undisputedly has exclusive, sole, and complete standing.

## Defendants

6. Defendant(s), **Chad Bianco, Steven Arthur Sherman, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, Nicholas Gruwell, Joseph Sinz, Michael Hestrin, Miranda Thomson, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF, THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, MENIFEE JUSTICE CENTER, FERGUSON PRAET & SHERMAN A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION, Does 1-100 Inclusive, Does 1-100 Inclusive**, according to Law and Statute, are each a 'person,' and/or 'trust' and/or 'individual,' and/or 'bank' as defined by 26 U.S. Code § 7701(a)(1), U.C.C. §§ 1-201 and 4-105, 26 U.S. Code § 581, and 12 U.S. Code § 221a, and/or a 'financial institution,' as defined by 18 U.S. Code § 20 - Financial institution defined, and Defendants are **engaged in interstate commerce**, and/or doing business in Riverside, California.

7. Defendants are undisputedly the DEBTORS in this matter.

8. Defendants are undisputedly NOT the CREDITOR(S), or an ASSIGNEE(S) of the CREDITOR(S), in this matter.

9. Defendants do NOT have power of attorney in any way.

10. Defendants do NOT have any standing.

11. Defendants are presumed to be in **dishonor**, in accordance with U.C.C. § 3-505, as evidenced by the attached 'Affidavit Certificate of Dishonor, Non-response, DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and **LIEN AUTHORIZATION**'. A copy is attached hereto as **Exhibit H** and incorporated herein by reference.

## Unknown Defendants (Does 1-100)

12. Plaintiff does not know the true names of **Defendants Does 1 through 100**, inclusive, and therefore sues them by those fictitious names. Their true names and capacities are unknown to Plaintiff. When their true names and capacities are ascertained, Plaintiff will amend this complaint by inserting their true names and capacities herein. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of these unknown and

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fictitiously named Defendant(s) claim some right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the hereinafter-described real property adverse to Plaintiff's title, and that their claims, and each of them, constitute a cloud on Plaintiff's title to that real property.

### **Description of Affected Private Trust Property:**

13. This action affects title to the private Trust property (herein referred to as "private property" and/or "subject property"), a Lamborghini Urus, VIN #ZPBUA1ZL9KLA02762, **including** all ownership, title, interest, **and** authority over said private property, as well as all bonds, securities, Federal Reserve Notes, assets, **both tangible and intangible, registered and unregistered, and all assets held in trust**, as more particularly described in the **authentic** UCC1 filing and NOTICE #2024385925-4 and UCC3 filing and NOTICE #2024402990-2, all filed in the Office of the Secretary of State, State of Nevada, **and** attached hereto as **Exhibits C and D**, respectively, and incorporated herein by reference.

14. This action also affected any titles, investments, interests, principal amounts, **credits**, funds, assets, bonds, Federal Reserve Notes, notes, bills of exchange, entitlements, negotiable instruments, or similar collateralized, hypothecated, and/or securitized items in any manner tied to Plaintiff's signature, promise to pay, order to pay, endorsement, credits, authorization, or comparable actions (collectively referred to hereinafter as "Assets").

### **Standing:**

15. Plaintiff is **undisputedly** the Real Party in Interest, holder in due course, Creditor(s), and hold allodial title to **any and all** assets, registered or unregistered, tangible or intangible, in accordance with contract law, principles, **common law**, **exclusive equity**, the right to equitable subrogation, and the UCC (Uniform Commercial Code). This is further evidenced by the following UCC filings, all duly filed in the Office of the Secretary of State, State of Nevada: **UCC1 filing** NOTICE #2024385925-4 and UCC3 filing and NOTICE #2024402990-2 (Exhibits C and D), and in accordance with UCC §§ 3-302, 9-105, and 9-509.

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16. While this action arises out of private trust contracts and fiduciary injuries, the sole Plaintiff is Kevin Walker, *sui juris*, individually and not as trustee or agent for any other party

17. Although this matter involves **trust property** and **contractual claims** related to **private trust arrangements**, this action is brought solely by Kevin Walker, proceeding *sui juris*, *In Propria Persona*, as the **Real Party in Interest** and Secured Party Creditor. No party other than Kevin Walker is named as plaintiff herein.

18. Plaintiff maintains **exclusive and sole standing** in relation to said assets and their interests, as duly recorded and affirmed by these filing.

19. Plaintiff (not Defendants) possesses exclusive equity.

20. Defendants do NOT have **any** valid interest or standing.

21. Defendants do NOT have a valid claim to Plaintiff's '**private property**', or '**subject property**', or any of the respective 'Assets', registered *and* unregistered, tangible *and* intangible.

### Unrebutted Facts and Presumptions Established

22. You, as the Defendant(s) and/or Respondent(s), individually and collectively, are deemed to have accepted and agreed to the following established facts, all of which remain unrebutted and stand as truth in commerce, law, and equity:

1. I, Kevin, proceeding *sui juris*, reserve my natural **common law right** not to be compelled to perform under any **contract** that I did not enter into *knowingly, voluntarily, and intentionally, and with complete and full disclosure, and without misrepresentation, duress, or coercion*. And furthermore, I do **not** accept the liability associated with the compelled and pretended "benefit" of any hidden or unrevealed contract or commercial agreement. As such, the hidden or unrevealed contracts that supposedly create obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are inapplicable to me, and are null and void. If I have participated in any of the supposed

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1 "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so under  
2 duress, for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have received such  
3 "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that binds me to  
4 anything.

5 2. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, hereby declare  
6 and affirm that, consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law**,  
7 **unless I have harmed or violated someone or their property, I have**  
8 **committed no crime; and I am therefore not subject to any penalty.** I act in  
9 accordance with the following **U.S. Supreme Court case**: "The individual  
10 may stand upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry  
11 on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited.**  
12 He owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to  
13 the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his  
14 life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land  
15 [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can  
16 only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance with the  
17 Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and **the**  
18 **immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except under a**  
19 **warrant of the law.** He owes nothing to the public so long as he does not  
20 trespass upon their rights." **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).

21 3. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, hereby **assert,**  
22 **affirm, state, and verify** for the record that the 'commercial' and 'for hire'  
23 Driver's License/Contract/Bond # **B6735991** has been **canceled, revoked,**  
24 **terminated, and liquidated**, as evidenced by instructions and notice accepted  
25 by **Steven Gordon**, with the California Department of Motor Vehicles," as  
26 **evidenced** by AFFIDAVIT **RIGHT TO TRAVEL CANCELLATION,**  
27 **TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION** of **COMMERCIAL "For Hire"**  
28 **DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT LICENSE/BOND**

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1       #**B6735991** (#**RF661447751US**), attached hereto as **Exhibit D** and incorporated  
2       herein by reference.

3       4. I, **Kevin: Walker**, *sui juris*, am **not** a "person" when such term is defined in  
4       statutes of the United States or statutes of the several states when such  
5       definition includes artificial entities. **I refuse to be treated as** a federally or  
6       state created entity which is only capable of exercising certain rights,  
7       privileges, or immunities as specifically granted by federal or state  
8       governments.

9       5. I voluntarily choose to comply with the man-made laws which serve to bring  
10      harmony to society, but no such laws, nor their enforcers, have any authority  
11      over me. I am not in any jurisdiction, for I am not of subject status.

12     6. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law**, unless I have  
13      harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no crime;  
14      **and am therefore not subject to any penalty.**

15     7. I, **Kevin**, *sui juris*, *proceeding sui juris*, hereby declare and re-affirm that, **no**  
16      **valid contract exists compelling my performance by Defendants.**

17     8. I, **Kevin**, *sui juris*, reserve my natural common law right not to be compelled  
18      to perform under any contract that I did not enter into knowingly,  
19      voluntarily, and intentionally. And furthermore, I do not accept the liability  
20      associated with the compelled and pretended "benefit" of any hidden or  
21      unrevealed contract or commercial agreement.

22     9. As such, any **hidden** or **unrevealed** contracts that supposedly create  
23      obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are inapplicable to  
24      me, and are null and void. If I have participated in any of the supposed  
25      "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so under  
26      **duress** and/or for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have  
27      received such "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that  
28      binds me to anything.



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10. Any such participation does not constitute "acceptance" in contract law, because of the absence of **full disclosure** of any valid "OFFER," and voluntary consent *without* misrepresentation or coercion, under contract law. Without a valid voluntary 'offer and acceptance', knowingly entered into by both parties, there is no "meeting of the minds," and therefore no valid contract. **Any supposed "contract" is therefore void, ab initio**

11. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, **state for the record**, that it is a long-standing legal principle that jurisdiction must be proven on the record and cannot be assumed.

12. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, hereby declare and affirm that, I do not consent to any of the **retaliatory** and **fraudulent** proceedings being conducted by Defendants, including but not limited to, the fraudulent Trust action/CASE NO.: [SWM2303376](#).

13. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, affirm that, I have NOT injured any man or woman nor have I damaged any property.

### **Revocation of 'Power of Attorney':**

14. Furthermore, I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, hereby **revoke, rescind, and make void ab initio**, all powers of attorney, in fact or otherwise, implied in law or otherwise, signed either by me or anyone else, as it pertains to the Social Security Number assigned to, WALKER, KEVIN LEWIS, as it pertains to any BIRTH CERTIFICATE/BANK NOTE, BOND, TRUST, DEPOSIT ACCOUNT, SECURITY, SECURITY ACCOUNT, INVESTMENT, marriage or business licenses, or any other licenses or certificates issued by any and all government or quasi-governmental entities, due to the use of various elements of fraud by said agencies to attempt to deprive me of my Sovereignty and/or property.

15. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, hereby waive, cancel, repudiate, and refuse to knowingly accept any alleged "benefit" or

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1 gratuity associated with any of the aforementioned licenses, numbers, or  
2 certificates. I do hereby revoke and rescind all powers of attorney, in fact or  
3 otherwise, signed by me or otherwise, implied in law or otherwise, with or  
4 without my consent or knowledge, as it pertains to any and all property, real  
5 or personal, corporeal or incorporeal, obtained in the past, present, or future.  
6 I am the sole and absolute legal owner and possess *allodial* title to any and  
7 all such property.

8 16.I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, also revoke,  
9 cancel, and make **void ab initio** all powers of attorney, in fact, in  
10 **presumption, or otherwise**, signed either by me or **anyone** else, claiming to  
11 act on my behalf, with or without my consent, as such power of attorney  
12 pertains to me or any property owned by me, by, but not limited to, any and  
13 all quasi/colorable, public, governmental entities or corporations on the  
14 grounds of constructive fraud, concealment, and nondisclosure of pertinent  
15 facts.

### 16 **Claim of Entire ESTATE:**

17 17.I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, having attained  
18 the age of majority and reason under divine law competent first-hand  
19 witness to the truth and facts recited herein, hereby makes a claim against the  
20 corpus, all property whether real or personal, **tangible or intangible, all**  
21 **deposit accounts** blocked by reason of presumption of death of Claimant,  
22 cash, credit lines, Credit default swap, all federal funds, collateralized debt  
23 obligation, options, derivatives, and futures received by the said court in the  
24 said county, state and federal for the administration of the named estate, and  
25 all estates in agency, including but not limited to KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, or  
26 by whatsoever name the said ESTATE shall be called or *charged*.

27 18.ACTUAL CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE HAS BEEN GIVEN *and* THIS IS  
28 AGAIN ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE BY SPECIAL

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1 DEPOSIT FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SECURED PARTY/GRANTEE  
2 BENEFICIARY/CLAIMANT IN THIS TRUST ACTION FOR THE  
3 CLAIMANT'S CLAIM: Notice of absolute claim of all investment,  
4 commodity and trust deposit account contract with attached collateral  
5 and proceeds to secure collateral, along with claim of TRADENAME/  
6 TRADEMARK, COPYRIGHT/PATENT of the Name KEVIN LEWIS  
7 WALKER, my mind, body, soul of infants, spirit, and Live Borne  
8 Record, and reject and **rebut** all **assumptions and presumptions** of  
9 being Property of any Cestui Que Vie Trust/ESTATE as mentioned  
10 under **CANON 2055-2056**, and assignment of all debt obligations to the  
11 Office of Secretary of the Treasury. Discharge all tax matters in  
12 accordance with but *not limited to*, U.C.C. 1-103, 2-202, 2-204, 2-206,  
13 3-104, 3-311, 3-601, 3-603, 9-104, 9-105, 9-150, 9-509, and House Joint  
14 Resolution 192 of June 5 1933, public law 73-10, and 31 U.S.C. §§ 3123,  
15 5118, and 18 U.S.C. 8.

16 19. Defendants, are **undisputedly** the **DEBTORS** in this matter.

17 20. Defendants are **undisputedly** **NOT** the CREDITOR(S), or an ASSIGNEE(S) of  
18 the CREDITOR(S), in this matter.

19 21. Defendants do **NOT** have power of attorney in any way.

20 22. Defendants do **NOT** have **any** standing

21 23. The actions of Defendant undermine the fundamental **principles** of  
22 fairness and justice enshrined in the Constitution, denying Plaintiffs  
23 and/or Affiant the opportunity to be heard and to defend against the  
24 allegations. These due process violations not only infringe upon  
25 constitutional protections but also **erode public trust in the judicial**  
26 **system**

27 24. Defendants actions violate various U.S. Code sections including but not  
28 limited to the following:

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1 25. **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – which provides a civil remedy for individuals deprived of  
2 constitutional rights under the color of law. The lack of notice and due  
3 process constitutes a clear deprivation of rights under both the Fifth and  
4 Fourteenth Amendments.

5 26. **18 U.S.C. § 241** – which criminalizes conspiracies to deprive individuals of  
6 their constitutional rights. Any coordinated effort or negligence leading to  
7 this denial of due process is punishable under this statute.

8 27. **18 U.S.C. § 242** – which prohibits willful deprivation of constitutional rights  
9 under the color of law. By advancing legal proceedings without proper  
10 notice, Defendants have knowingly violated this protection.

11 28. **All Affidavits Notices and Self-Executing Contract and Security**  
12 **Agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H) are prima facie evidence of**  
13 **fraud, racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and**  
14 **fiduciary duties, extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the**  
15 **color of law, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law,**  
16 **monopolization of trade and commerce, forced peonage, obstruction of**  
17 **enforcement, extortion of a national/internationally protected person,**  
18 **false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in restraint of trade**  
19 **dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust, treason, tax**  
20 **evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant and**  
21 **proof of claim. See *United States v. Kis*, 658 F.2d, 526 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981),**  
22 **“Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and**  
23 **could do so by affidavit or other evidence.”**

24 **UNLAWFUL ARREST, IMPRISONMENT, AND TORTURE**

25 29. On December 31, 2024, at approximately 9:32am I, **Kevin: Walker**, *sui juris*,  
26 was traveling **privately** in a **private** conveyance/automobile, displaying a  
27 ‘PRIVATE’ plate, indicating I was ‘not for hire’ or operating commercially,  
28 and the private automobile was not displaying a STATE plate of any sort .

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1 This clearly established that the private automobile was '**not for hire**' or  
2 '**commercial**' use and, therefore explicitly classifying the automobile as  
3 private property, and **NOT** *within* any statutory and/or commercial  
4 jurisdiction.

5 30. On **December 31, 2024**, I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, was **not** in violation of any  
6 law, nor was I speeding, infringing, or trespassing upon the rights of any man  
7 or woman. I was peacefully minding my own business and traveling to obtain  
8 groceries for my family.

9 31. I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, simply wish to be left alone in peace and **not** be  
10 harassed, stalked, robbed, deprived under color of law, coerced into  
11 commercial contracts, extorted, and forced into peonage and/or involuntary  
12 servitude.

### 13 **THERE IS NO 'CORPUS DELICTI'**

14 32. I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, state for the record, that regarding Fraudulent  
15 Trust action/CASE NO.: SWM2303376, **there is no corpus delicti – no**  
16 **injured party, no damaged property, and no sworn affidavit of harm from**  
17 **any living man or woman.** Therefore, this matter is *without* merit, lacks  
18 standing, and constitutes an improper attempt to impose authority without  
19 lawful jurisdiction. Any further action absent evidence of a valid cause of  
20 action is a **violation of due process** and a **deprivation of rights under color**  
21 **of law.**

22 33. As a direct result of egregious due process violations and the initiation of a  
23 fraudulent CASE/trust action #SWM2303376 by Defendants, against  
24 Plaintiff, Plaintiff was subjected to an unlawful arrest, physical restraint in  
25 the form of handcuffs, and acts constituting **torture**. These actions inflicted  
26 severe mental trauma, undue stress, and significant mental anguish upon  
27 Affiant, all in **blatant violation of constitutional protections and**  
28 **fundamental principles of justice.**



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34. The private automobile and trust property was **not** in *any* way displaying STATE or government registration or stickers, and was displaying a PRIVATE plate.

35. Upon being unlawfully stopped and arrested by Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, William Pratt, and George Reyes, Affiant, informed **all Defendants** who willfully **conspired** on the scene in violation of **18 U.S.C. §§ 241 and 242**, that Affiant was a American national of the republic, non-citizen national/national/internationally protected person, privately traveling in a private automobile/conveyance, as articulated by Affiant and as also clearly evidenced by the 'PRIVATE' plate on the private automobile.

36. The private automobile is duly reflected on Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #**2024385925-4** (Exhibit C).

37. **Under threat, duress, and coercion, and at gunpoint**, Gregory D Eastwood and Robert C V Bowman were *presented* with American national/non-citizen national PASSPORT CARD #**C35510079** and PASSPORT BOOK #**A39235161** (Exhibits X and Y).

38. Defendants, *willfully and intentionally* acted against the Bill of Rights, State Constitution, and Constitution of the United States, even when reminded of their duties to support and uphold the Constitution.

### **FRUIT OF THE POISONOUS TREE DOCTRINE**

39. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, further asserts and establishes on the record that the undisputedly unlawful and unconstitutional stop, arrest, and subsequent actions of the Defendants/Respondents are in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the united States of America and constitute an unlawful arrest and seizure. The "**fruit of the poisonous tree**" doctrine, as articulated by the U.S. Supreme Court, establishes that any evidence obtained as a result of an unlawful stop or detainment is tainted and inadmissible in any subsequent proceedings. The unlawful actions of Gregory D. Eastwood, Robert C. V.

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1 Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, and Robert Gell including *but not*  
2 *limited to* the issuance of fraudulent citations/contracts under threat, duress,  
3 and coercion, render all actions and evidence derived therefrom **void ab**  
4 **initio**. See *Wong Sun v. United States*, 371 U.S. 471 (1963).

5 40. I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, hereby re-affirm, re-asset, **declare, and assert**  
6 **that all** actions, evidence, and instruments obtained in connection with the  
7 unlawful stop and arrest are **inadmissible and void as fruits of the**  
8 **poisonous tree**. This includes, but is not limited to, Trust action/CASE/  
9 CONTRACT #SWM2303376 and/or Trust action/CASE/CONTRACT  
10 #B038555 (Exhibit J) and/or Trust action/CASE/CONTRACT  
11 #MISW2501134, which was executed under duress, threat, and coercion,  
12 while Affiant was unlawfully deprived of liberty and imprisoned against his  
13 will, without Affiant's consent.

14 41. Again, for the record, I, Kevin, *proceeding sui juris*, by *Special Limited*  
15 *Appearance*, I simply wish to be left alone in peace and not be harassed,  
16 stalked, robbed, deprived under color of law, coerced into commercial  
17 contracts, extorted, and/or forced into peonage and/or involuntary servitude.  
18 I have NOT injured any man or woman nor have I damaged any property.  
19 FAILURE TO PROVIDE PROOF AND EVIDENCE

20 42. Defendants are deemed to have **unequivocally agreed by tacit**  
21 **acquiescence** that any further attempt to prosecute, proceed, or  
22 interfere in these matters shall constitute **fraud, deprivation of rights**  
23 **under color of law, judicial fraud, malicious prosecution, conspiracy,**  
24 **racketeering (RICO), and multiple violations of federal law, including**  
25 **but not limited to 18 U.S.C. §§ 241, 242, and 1962.**

26 43. Defendants **agree and accept** that these matters must be immediately  
27 dismissed and terminated **with prejudice**, and that any continued  
28 action, omission, or obstruction shall constitute **willful and knowing**

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**misconduct under color of law, exposing all involved to personal liability, commercial lien enforcement, and lawful remedy in equity. Affiant and/or Plaintiff(s) accept no liability for any damages arising from your failure to act in honor or law**

## **NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY**

44. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E., 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.

45. "Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406 F2d 137 t.

46. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.

47. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice Court**, A025829.

48. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.

49. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel** (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817; **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.

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1 50. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of  
2 the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.

3 51. "the people, not the States, are sovereign." — *Chisholm v. Georgia*, 2 Dall. 419,  
4 2 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).

5 52. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and Natural  
6 Law). Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat. 22:36-40; Luke  
7 10:17; Col. 3:25. "No one is above the law".

8 53. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE**  
9 **EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie is to  
10 go against the mind."

11 54. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2; John  
12 8:32; II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only the truth.

13 55. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev. 5:4-5;  
14 Lev. 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12).

15 56. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN**  
16 **COMMERCE.** (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15;). "He who does not deny,  
17 admits."

18 57. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN**  
19 **COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17;). "There is nothing left to resolve.

20 58. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in  
21 Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10"7; II Tim. 2:6. **Legal maxim:** "It  
22 is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own  
23 property."

24 59. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.**  
25 (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong  
26 when he can occasions it.")

27 **DEFENDANTS' PRESUMPTION OF DISHONOR UNDER U.C.C. § 3-505**  
28 **AND EVIDENCE PROVING DEFENDANTS' DISHONOR:**

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1       **23. The failure of Defendants to rebut or provide any valid evidence of their**  
2 **performance is further confirmed by the, 'AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of**  
3 **DISHONOR, NON-RESPONSE, DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN**  
4 **AUTHORIZATION"/Self-Executing Contract Security Agreement (Exhibit H),**  
5 **which is duly notarized and complies with the requirements of U.C.C. § 3-505.**

6       **24. Under U.C.C. § 3-505, a document regular in form, such as the notarized**  
7 **Affidavit Certificate serves as evidence of dishonor and creates a presumption of**  
8 **dishonor.**

9       **U.C.C. § 3-505. Evidence of Dishonor:**

10       (a) The following are admissible as evidence and create a presumption of  
11 dishonor and of any notice of dishonor stated:

12       (1) A document regular in form as provided in subsection (b) which purports  
13 to be a protest;

14       (2) A purported stamp or writing of the drawee, payor bank, or presenting  
15 bank on or accompanying the instrument stating that acceptance or payment  
16 has been refused unless reasons for the refusal are stated and the reasons are  
17 not consistent with dishonor;

18       (3) A book or record of the drawee, payor bank, or collecting bank, kept in the  
19 usual course of business which shows dishonor, even if there is no evidence  
20 of who made the entry.

21       (b) **A protest is a certificate of dishonor made by a** United States consul or  
22 vice consul, or **a notary public** or other person authorized to administer  
23 oaths by the law of the place where dishonor occurs. It may be made upon  
24 information satisfactory to that person. The protest must identify the  
25 instrument and certify either that presentment has been made or, if not made,  
26 the reason why it was not made, and that the instrument has been  
27 dishonored by nonacceptance or nonpayment. The protest may also certify  
28 that notice of dishonor has been given to some or all parties.



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1       25. The notarized 'AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of DISHONOR, NON-  
2       RESPONSE, DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN AUTHORIZATION"/Self-  
3       Executing Contract Security Agreement (Exhibit L), complies with these  
4       requirements and serves as a formal protest and evidence of dishonor under  
5       U.C.C. § 3-505, as it clearly documents Defendants' refusal to respond or provide  
6       the necessary rebuttal to Plaintiff's claims.

7       26. Defendants **have not** submitted any evidence to contradict or rebut the  
8       statements made in the affidavits. As a result, the facts set forth in the affidavits are  
9       deemed true and uncontested. *Additionally*, the California Evidence Code § 664  
10      and related case law support the presumption that official duties have been  
11      regularly performed, and *unrebutted* affidavits stand as **Truth**.

12      27. Defendants may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the  
13      administrative findings established through the unrebutted affidavits. As per  
14      established legal principles, once an affidavit is submitted and not rebutted, its  
15      content is accepted as true, and Defendants are barred from contesting these  
16      findings in subsequent processes, whether administrative or judicial.

17                               **'Foundation of American Sovereignty:**

18      28. The Declaration of Independence (1776) proclaims:

19               "Governments are instituted among Men, **deriving their just powers from**  
20               **the consent of the governed.**"

21      29. This foundational document establishes that the **people are the true**  
22      **sovereigns** of this nation.

23      30. The **U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights** serve as a **contract** that binds  
24      the government, securing the People's liberties and **limiting governmental**  
25      **authority**. The **Tenth Amendment** asserts:

26           1. "The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor  
27           prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, **or to**  
28           **the people.**"

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2. This affirms that any power not granted to the federal government remains with the States or the people.

**SUPREME COURT Affirmations of Sovereignty:**

31. The **Supreme Court of the United States (SCOTUS)** has repeatedly affirmed that sovereignty resides in the people:

- **Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 U.S. 419 (1793):**

"The sovereignty resides in the people... they are truly the sovereigns of the country."

- **Yick Wo v. Hopkins, 118 U.S. 356 (1886):**

"Sovereignty itself remains with the people, by whom and for whom all government exists and acts."

- **Lansing v. Smith, 4 Wend. 9 (N.Y. 1829):**

"People of a state are entitled to all the rights which formerly belonged to the King by his prerogative."

- **Marbury v. Madison, 5 U.S. 137 (1803):**

**"A law repugnant to the Constitution is void."**

- **Sherar v. Cullen, 481 F.2d 946 (9th Cir. 1973):**

"There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of his exercise of constitutional rights."

**Congressional Recognition of Americans as 'Sovereigns':**

32. In his 1947 "I Am an American Day" address, Representative **John F. Kennedy** emphasized the active role Citizens must play in preserving liberty:

**"The fires of liberty must be continually fueled by the positive and conscious actions of all of us." (JFKLIBRARY.ORG)**

33. Further, Congress formally recognized the significance of American sovereignty through the establishment of "I Am An American Day," later designated as **Citizenship Day**:

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"Whereas it is desirable that the sovereign citizens of our Nation be prepared for the responsibilities and impressed with the significance of their status in our self-governing Republic: Therefore be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the third Sunday in May each year be, and hereby is, set aside as Citizenship Day..."

This resolution affirms the foundational principle that **sovereignty resides with the people, who are responsible for preserving and exercising their rights and freedoms.**

**Status as a "national" and "state Citizen":**

34. Under 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(21), the term *national* is defined as:

"A person owing permanent allegiance to a state."

Furthermore, 8 U.S.C. § 1101(B)(22) defines national of the United States as:

"(A) a citizen of the United States, or (B) a person who, though not a citizen of the United States, owes permanent allegiance to the United States."

35. This distinction is clear: one can be a *national* without being a citizen of the United States, reinforcing the concept of sovereignty associated with state citizenship.

**Distinction Between "state Citizen" and "citizen of the United States"**

36. The Courts have **long** recognized that *state citizenship* and *U.S. citizenship* **are distinct** legal statuses:

- **United States v. Anthony (1873)**

"The Fourteenth Amendment creates and defines citizenship of the United States. It had long been contended, and had been held by many learned authorities, and had never been judicially decided to the contrary, that there was no such thing as a citizen of the United States, except as that condition arose from citizenship of some state."

- **Slaughter-House Cases, 83 U.S. 36 (1872)**

"It is quite clear, then, that there is a citizenship of the United States and a

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1 citizenship of a State, which are distinct from each other and which depend  
2 upon different characteristics or circumstances in the individual."

3 • **United States v. Cruikshank, 92 U.S. 542 (1875)**

4 "We have in our political system a Government of the United States and a  
5 government of each of the several States. Each one of these governments is  
6 distinct from the others, and each has citizens of its own who owe it  
7 allegiance, and whose rights, within its jurisdiction, it must protect."

8 • **Thomasson v. State, 15 Ind. 449; Cory v. Carter, 48 Ind. 327 (1874);**  
9 **McDonel v. State, 90 Ind. 320 (1883):**

10 "One may be a citizen of a State and yet not a citizen of the United States."

11 • **Tashiro v. Jordan, 201 Cal. 236 (1927):**

12 "That there is a citizenship of the United States and a citizenship of a state,  
13 and the privileges and immunities of one are not the same as the other is  
14 well established by the decisions of the courts of this country."

15 • **Crosse v. Board of Supervisors of Elections, 221 A.2d 431 (1966):**

16 "Both before and after the Fourteenth Amendment to the federal  
17 Constitution, it has not been necessary for a person to be a citizen of the  
18 United States in order to be a citizen of his state."

19 • **Jones v. Temmer, 829 F.Supp. 1226 (USDC/DCO 1993):**

20 "The privileges and immunities clause of the Fourteenth Amendment protects  
21 very few rights because it neither incorporates any of the Bill of Rights nor  
22 protects all rights of individual citizens... Instead, this provision protects only  
23 those rights peculiar to being a citizen of the federal government; it does not  
24 protect those rights which relate to state citizenship."

25 37. The first clause of the Fourteenth Amendment states:

26 "All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the  
27 jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and the state wherein  
28 they reside."

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38. However, this clause does **NOT** state:

“All persons born or naturalized in the United States, are subject to the jurisdiction thereof...”

39. This confirms that United States citizenship requires **both**:

H. Being born or naturalized in the United States, *and*

I. Being subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

**Status as “national” / “non-citizen national” (state Citizen)**

39. The **U.S. Department of State** document, Certificates of Non-Citizen Nationality (<https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/legal/travel-legal-considerations/us-citizenship/Certificates-Non-Citizen-Nationality.html>), states:

“Section 101(a)(21) of the INA defines the term ‘**national**’ as ‘a person owing permanent allegiance to a state.’ Section 101(a)(22) of the INA provides that the term ‘national of the United States’ includes all U.S. citizens as well as persons who, though not citizens of the United States, owe permanent allegiance to the United States (non-citizen nationals).”

40. **8 U.S.C. § 1101(22)** defines national of the United States as:

“(A) a citizen of the United States, *or* (B) a person who, though **not** a citizen of the United States, owes permanent allegiance to the United States.”

41. **8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(22)** explicitly stipulates that one can be a '**national of the United States**' without being a 'citizen of the United States' if they owe permanent allegiance to the United States.

42. **22 CFR § 51.2** stipulates that Passports are issued to nationals **only**:

“A passport may be issued **only** to a U.S. national.”

43. **22 CFR § 51.3** stipulates the Types of passports issued:

“(a) A regular passport is issued to a **national** of the United States.”

“(e) A passport card is issued to a **national** of the United States on the same basis as a regular passport.”



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1 44. **18 U.S.C. § 112** stipulates that Protections of foreign officials, official  
2 guests, and internationally protected persons, **apply to nationals**. This statute  
3 defines terms such as “foreign government,” “foreign official,”  
4 “internationally protected person,” “international organization,” “**national** of  
5 the United States,” and “official guest,” have **the same meaning**.

6 45. It is unequivocally true that **18 U.S.C. § 112** states that in addition to being a  
7 *national*, a *national* is also considered a:

- 8 • **foreign government**
- 9 • **foreign official**
- 10 • **internationally protected person**
- 11 • **international organization**
- 12 • **national of the United States**
- 13 • **official guest**

14 46. The legal framework and court rulings confirm that:

- 15 • One may be a “*state Citizen*” without being a *citizen of the United States*.”
- 16 • The Fourteenth Amendment created *U.S. citizenship*, which is distinct from  
17 *state citizenship*.
- 18 • A *national* is someone who owes permanent allegiance to a *state*, not  
19 necessarily to the United States.
- 20 • A *national of the United States* could be a *U.S. citizen*, but could also be a *non-*  
21 *citizen national* who owes allegiance without being a *U.S. citizen*.

22 Thus, the distinction between *state Citizens* and *U.S. citizens* is a well-established  
23 legal principle with profound implications on sovereignty, rights, and legal  
24 obligations.

25 **Unrebutted Affidavits, Considered, Agreed, and Stipulated Facts,**  
26 **Contract Security Agreements, and Authorized Judgement and Lien:**

27 47. Plaintiff and Defendants are parties to certain Contracts and Security  
28 Agreements, specifically contract security agreement numbers

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1 RF775821088US, #RF775821088US, #RF775822582US, and #RF775823645US.

2 Each contract security agreement and/or self-executing contract security  
3 agreement was **received, considered, and agreed** to by Defendants through  
4 **silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement**. Each contract  
5 also includes a corresponding Form 3811, which was signed as evidence of  
6 receipt. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN**

7 **COMMERCE**. (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15); 'He who does not deny, admits.

8 **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN**

9 **COMMERCE**. (Heb. 6:16-17); 'There is nothing left to resolve.' All

10 referenced contracts and signed Forms 3811 are attached hereto as **Exhibits E,**  
11 **F, G, H, I, J, K, and L** respectively, as follows:

- 12 • **Exhibit E:** Contract Security Agreement #RF775820621US, titled: NOTICE OF  
13 **CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING,**  
14 **CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW,**  
15 **IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.**
- 16 • **Exhibit F:** Contract Security Agreement #RF775821088US, titled: NOTICE OF  
17 **DEFAULT**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION**  
18 **OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT,**  
19 **EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON**
- 20 • **Exhibit G:** Contract Security Agreement #RF775822582US, titled: NOTICE  
21 **OF DEFAULT AND OPPORTUNITY TO CURE** AND **NOTICE OF FRAUD,**  
22 **RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE**  
23 **COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION,**  
24 **KIDNAPPING.**
- 25 • **Exhibit H:** Contract Security Agreement #RF775823645US, titled: Affidavit  
26 **Certificate** of Dishonor, Non-response, **DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN**  
27 **AUTHORIZATION.**
- 28 • **Exhibit I:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit E.

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- 1 • **Exhibit J:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit F.
- 2 • **Exhibit K:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit G.
- 3 • **Exhibit L:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit H.

4 48. **Self-Executing Contract Security Agreement #RF775823645US (Exhibit L)**  
5 was *received, considered, and agreed* to by Defendants, acknowledging and  
6 accepting a Judgement, Summary Judgement, and Lien Authorization (in  
7 accordance with U.C.C. § 9-509), against Defendants in the amount of **One Trillion**  
8 **Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** in lawfully recognized currency, such as gold and  
9 silver coin, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S.  
10 Constitution, **in favor of Plaintiff.**

11 49. Defendants have a duty to respond to all of Plaintiff's NOTICES and binding  
12 CONTRACTS, and have intentionally and willfully remained silent and and  
13 dishonor.

14 50. Defendants have *received, considered, and agreed* to **all** the terms  
15 of all contract agreements, including the **Self-Executing Contract**  
16 **Security Agreement** (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), constituting a bona fide  
17 contract under the principles of contract law and the Uniform  
18 Commercial Code (U.C.C.). Pursuant to the mailbox rule, which  
19 establishes that **acceptance of an offer is effective when dispatched**  
20 (U.C.C. § 2-206. Offer and Acceptance in Formation of Contract) and  
21 **principles** of **silent acquiescence, tacit procurement, and tacit**  
22 **agreement**, the acceptance is valid. This acceptance is in alignment with  
23 the doctrine of 'offer and acceptance' and the provisions of U.C.C. §  
24 2-202, which governs the **final** expression of the CONTRACT.  
25 Furthermore, under the U.C.C., all assets — whether registered or  
26 unregistered — are held subject to the **allodial** title, with Plaintiff  
27 maintaining sole and exclusive standing over all real property, assets,  
28 securities, both tangible and intangible, registered and unregistered, **as**

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1 evidenced by UCC1 filing NOTICE #2024385925-4 and UCC3 filing and  
2 NOTICE #2024402990-2 (Exhibits C and D).

3 **No Agreement to Arbitration and Defendants are Barred from**  
4 **Contesting any of the established Facts:**

5 51. **No Stipulation to Arbitration:** It is important to assert that there is no  
6 stipulation to arbitration as evidenced by the *unrebutted* verified commercial  
7 Affidavits (Exhibits E, F, G, and H). These Affidavits present facts that all parties  
8 have agreed to. Consequently, all issues are considered settled according to the  
9 principles of *res judicata, stare decisis, and collateral estoppel*, barring Defendants  
10 from contesting any of the findings, established facts, conclusions, or  
11 determinations.

12 **Uniform Commercial Code (U.C.C.) Provisions Supporting**  
13 **Plaintiff's Claims**

14 52. **U.C.C. § 1-103 - Construction and Application of the Code:** U.C.C. § 1-103  
15 ensures that the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) applies to commercial  
16 transactions **unless explicitly stated otherwise**. This section **incorporates**  
17 **principles of law and equity**, ensuring that:

- 18 • **Common law principles of fraud, duress, and misrepresentation remain**  
19 **applicable** and do not negate the enforceability of valid contracts.  
20 • The UCC is to be **liberally construed** to promote fair dealing and uphold  
21 **the validity of commercial agreements**.  
22 • Any contract entered into **in good faith is binding**, unless proven otherwise  
23 through clear, rebuttable evidence.

24 In this case, Defendants **failed to rebut** the terms set forth in the contract and security  
25 agreements, thereby affirming their **full enforceability** under U.C.C. § 1-103.

26 53. **U.C.C. § 2-202 - Final Written Expression, Parol or Extrinsic Evidence:**  
27 Under U.C.C. § 2-202, when a **written contract is intended as a final and**  
28 **complete expression of an agreement**, its terms **cannot** be contradicted by

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1 **prior agreements, oral statements, or extrinsic evidence.** This section ensures  
2 that:

- 3 • The **contract and security agreements**, as presented in the verified **commercial**  
4 **Affidavits**, are the final and **complete expression** of the parties' agreement.
- 5 • Defendants **cannot introduce oral statements, prior discussions, or extrinsic**  
6 **evidence** to dispute or alter the contract's terms.
- 7 • Any modifications to the contract must be **explicitly made in writing** and  
8 agreed upon by both parties.

9 Since Defendants **failed to rebut** the contract and affidavits, U.C.C. § 2-202 bars any claims  
10 of ambiguity or modification, affirming the enforceability of Plaintiff's claims.

11 54. **U.C.C. § 2-204 – Formation of Contract:** U.C.C. § 2-204 establishes that a  
12 **contract is legally formed when there is:**

- 13 1. **Intent to contract** between the parties.
- 14 2. **Agreement on essential terms**, even if minor terms remain open.
- 15 3. **Performance or conduct demonstrating acceptance of the contract.**

16 In this case, Defendants:

- 17 • **Demonstrated intent** through their silence, non-response, and  
18 acquiescence.
- 19 • **Accepted the terms** by failing to dispute the verified affidavits, making the  
20 agreement **self-executing and binding**.
- 21 • **Performed in a manner that affirmed the contract**, either by engaging in  
22 financial transactions, receiving notices, or failing to object.

23 As a result, under U.C.C. § 2-204, the contract is **legally enforceable**, and  
24 arbitration or further negotiations are unnecessary.

25 55. **U.C.C. § 2-206 – Offer and Acceptance in Contract Formation:** U.C.C. §  
26 2-206 establishes that:

- 27 1. **An offer is deemed accepted when the offeree engages in conduct**  
28 **consistent with acceptance.**



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1       **2. A contract is formed when an offer is accepted, even if conditions or**  
2       **objections are not expressly stated.**

3       Applying this to Plaintiff's verified claims:

- 4       • Defendants received and *considered* the **verified affidavits, contract, and**  
5       **security agreements** but failed to respond or contest them.
- 6       • Under U.C.C. § 2-206, Defendants' **silence constitutes acceptance**, making  
7       the contract and obligations **binding and enforceable**.
- 8       • The **verified commercial affidavits and supporting exhibits serve as prima**  
9       **facie evidence** of the existence and validity of the contract.

10       Thus, under U.C.C. § 1-103, 2-204, 2-206, and 3-303 Plaintiff's verified claims are  
11       **fully enforceable**, and Defendants' failure to rebut any of them constitutes  
12       **uncontested acceptance**.

13       **56. U.C.C. § 3-303 – Value and Consideration for Negotiable**

14       **Instruments:** U.C.C. § 3-303 defines **value and consideration** in the  
15       **enforcement of negotiable instruments**. A negotiable instrument is **issued**  
16       **for value** when:

- 17       • It is **given in exchange for a promise of performance** or to satisfy a  
18       pre-existing obligation.
- 19       • The holder **takes it in good faith and without notice of defects**.
- 20       • It **provides financial or legal benefit** to the party receiving it.

21       In this case:

- 22       • Plaintiff **provided value through agreements, instruments, and**  
23       **affidavits**, which Defendants considered and accepted.
- 24       • Defendants' **willful failure to dispute the obligation confirms that**  
25       **consideration was validly exchanged**.
- 26       • Under U.C.C. § 3-303, Defendants **cannot claim a lack of**  
27       **consideration** to avoid liability, as their conduct establishes their  
28       **acceptance of value**.

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1 57. **U.C.C. § 9-509 – Authorization of Financing Statement; Obligation of**  
2 **Debtor:** Under U.C.C. § 9-509, a secured party is *authorized* to file a financing  
3 **statement** when:

- 4 • The debtor **has authenticated a security agreement** covering the collateral.
- 5 • The secured party **has control over the collateral as agreed in the security**  
6 **instrument.**
- 7 • The debtor's failure to rebut or contest the filing **constitutes authorization**  
8 **by default.**
- 9 • The debtor authorizes the filing in an authenticated record.

10 In this case:

- 11 • **Defendants' failure to rebut the security agreement** affirms that the **lien**  
12 **and financing statement** are valid and enforceable.
- 13 • **The self-executing contract and security agreement serve as authenticated**  
14 **proof** under U.C.C. § 9-509.
- 15 • Plaintiff, as a **secured party**, has the **full legal right to perfect and enforce**  
16 **their lien against Defendants' assets.**

17 Thus, under U.C.C. § 9-509, Plaintiff's lien is **properly perfected and enforceable** as  
18 a matter of law.

19 58. **U.C.C. § 9-102 – Definitions and Scope of Security Interests:** U.C.C. § 9-102  
20 provides definitions **crucial to the enforcement of security agreements, including:**

- 21 • **"Secured Party"** – A person in whose favor a security interest is created.
- 22 • **"Debtor"** – A person who has granted a security interest in collateral.
- 23 • **"Collateral"** – Property subject to a security interest.

24 Applying U.C.C. § 9-102 to this matter:

- 25 • Plaintiff is **the secured party with enforceable rights over collateral** under  
26 the security agreement.
- 27 • Defendants, by failing to contest the claim, have **conceded their role as**  
28 **debtors.**

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- The assets in question, including **property, negotiable instruments, and funds**, are **collateral lawfully secured by Plaintiff**.

Under U.C.C. § 9-102, the contractual security interests are **valid, perfected, and enforceable** against Defendants, who have waived all objections through inaction.

59. Plaintiff asserts that the provisions of the **Uniform Commercial Code (U.C.C.)**, as outlined above, establish that:

1. **Contracts, negotiable instruments, and security agreements are enforceable** under commercial law.
2. **Defendants' silence, failure to rebut, and inaction constitute binding acceptance** under U.C.C. §§ 2-204, 2-206, and 9-509.
3. **Defendants have waived all rights to contest the contract**, and any claims of fraud, duress, or invalidity are legally barred under U.C.C. §§ 1-103, 2-202, and 3-303.

Accordingly, Plaintiff is **entitled to full enforcement of all claims, security interests, and remedies under the U.C.C.**

60. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative findings established through the unrebutted **verified commercial affidavits**. As per established legal principles and **legal maxims**, once an affidavit is submitted and not rebutted, its content is accepted as true, and Defendants are **estopped and barred** from contesting these findings in subsequent processes, **whether administrative or judicial**.

61. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants or the entity they represent **is/are the DEBTOR(S)** in this matter.

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62. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants are **NOT** the CREDITOR, or an ASSIGNEE of the CREDITOR, in this matter.

63. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants are indebted to Plaintiff in the amount of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** in lawfully recognized currency, such as gold and silver coin, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

64. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants do NOT have 'standing.'

65. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), under **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)**, summary judgement is appropriate when there is no triable issue of material fact and the moving party is entitled to judgement as a matter of law. The unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H) submitted by Plaintiff demonstrate that no triable issues of material fact remain in dispute, and **Plaintiff is entitled** to judgement based on the evidence presented and as *a matter of law*.

66. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), "Statements of **fact** contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or pleadings** may[must] be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

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67. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), the principles of *res judicata, stare decisis*, and **collateral estoppel** apply to the unrebutted commercial affidavits, establishing that all issues are deemed settled and *cannot* be contested further. These *principles* reinforce the finality of the administrative findings and support the granting of summary judgement, as *a matter of law*. - 'HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.'

**Judgement of \$1,000,000,000,000.00 Received, Considered, Agreed to, and Authorized:**

68. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants **fully authorize, endorse, support**, and advocate for the entry of a UCC commercial judgement and lien in the amount of One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00) in lawfully recognized currency, such as gold and silver coin, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution, **against Defendants, in favor of Plaintiff**, as also **evidenced** by INVOICE/TRUE BILL #RIVSHERTREAS12312024 which is a part of **Exhibit H**. INVOICE/TRUE BILL #RIVSHERTREAS12312024 is attached hereto as **Exhibit M** and incorporated herein by reference.

69. As considered, agreed, and stipulated by Defendant(s) in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and/or self-executing contract security agreement(s) (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), should it be **deemed** necessary, the Plaintiff is **fully Authorized** to initiate the filing of a lien, and the seizing of property to secure satisfaction of the **ADJUDGED, DECREED, AND AUTHORIZED** sum total due to **Affiant**, and/or Plaintiff of, One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00) in lawfully recognized currency, such as gold and silver coin, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.



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**Defendants' Actions as Acts of War Against the Constitution:**

70. The Defendants' conduct constitutes an **outright war against the Constitution** of the United States, its *principles*, and the **rule of law**. By their *bad faith* and deplorable actions, the defendants have demonstrated *willful and intentional* disregard and contempt for the **supreme law of the land**, as set forth in **Article VI, Clause 2 of the Constitution**, which declares that the Constitution, federal laws, and treaties are the supreme law of the land, binding upon all states, courts, and officers.

71. **Violations of Constitutional Protections:** The defendants have intentionally and systematically engaged in acts that directly violate the protections guaranteed to the Plaintiff and the people under the Constitution, including but not limited to:

- **Violation of the Plaintiff's Unalienable Rights:** The defendants have deprived the Plaintiff of life, liberty, and property without due process of law, as guaranteed under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.
- **Subversion of the Rule of Law:** Through their actions, the defendants have undermined the separation of powers and checks and balances established by the Constitution. They have disregarded the judiciary's duty to uphold the Constitution by attempting to operate outside the confines of lawful authority, rendering themselves effectively unaccountable.
- **Treasonous Conduct:** Pursuant to Article III, Section 3, treason against the United States is defined as levying war against them or adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. The defendants' conduct in subverting the constitutional order, depriving citizens of their lawful rights, and unlawfully exercising power without jurisdiction constitutes a form of domestic treason against the Constitution and the people it protects.

72. **Acts of Aggression and Tyranny:** The defendants' actions amount to a usurpation of authority and a direct attack on the sovereignty of the people, who

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are the true source of all government power under the Constitution. As stated in the Declaration of Independence, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of the unalienable rights of the people, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it. The defendants, through their actions, have positioned themselves as adversaries to this principle, attempting to replace the rule of law with arbitrary and unlawful dictates.

**73. Weaponizing Authority to Oppress:** The defendants' intentional misuse of their authority to act against the interests of the Constitution and its Citizens is a clear manifestation of tyranny. Rather than serving their constitutional mandate to protect and defend the Constitution, they have actively waged war on it by:

- **Suppressing lawful claims and evidence presented by the Plaintiff** to protect their property and rights.
- **Engaging in acts of fraud, coercion, and racketeering** that strip Plaintiff of their constitutional protections.
- **Dismissing the jurisdictional authority of constitutional mandates**, including but not limited to rights to due process and equal protection under the law.

**74. The defendants' actions are not merely breaches of law; they are acts of *insurrection and rebellion against the very foundation of the nation's constitutional framework*.** Such acts must not go unchallenged, as they jeopardize the constitutional order, the rights of the people, and the rule of law that ensures justice and equality. Plaintiff call upon the court and relevant authorities to enforce the Constitution, compel accountability, and halt the defendants' treasonous war against the supreme law of the land.

**'Bare Statutes' as Confirmation of Guilt and the Necessity of Prosecution by an Enforcer:**

**75.** Plaintiff's incorporation of "bare statutes" does **NOT** exonerate Defendants; rather, it serves as evidence of Defendants' guilt, which they have already

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1 *undisputedly* admitted through their actions and lack of rebuttal to any affidavits,  
2 which they have a duty to respond to. The invocation of bare statutes merely  
3 underscores the necessity for Plaintiff to compel a formal enforcer, such as a District  
4 Attorney or Attorney General, to prosecute the criminal violations. This  
5 requirement for enforcement does **NOT** negate the Defendants' culpability but,  
6 instead, affirms the gravity of their admitted violations.

7 76. In this matter, the Plaintiff has thoroughly detailed the Defendants' willful  
8 and intentional breaches of multiple federal statutes under Title 18, and Plaintiff's  
9 **private right(s) of action**.

10 77. Defendants' actions constitute **treasonous** conduct against the  
11 **Constitution and the American people**. Their behavior, alongside that of  
12 their counsel, reflects an attitude of being above the law, further solidifying  
13 their guilt.

14 **Defendants' Presumed to be in Dishonor: U.C.C. § 3-505:**

15 78. Defendants are **presumed** to be in **dishonor**, in accordance with **U.C.C. §**  
16 **3-505**, as evidenced by the attached **Affidavit Certificate** of Dishonor, Non-response,  
17 **DEFAULT**, **JUDGEMENT**, and **LIEN AUTHORIZATION** (Exhibit H).

18 79. Defendants **have not** submitted any evidence to contradict or rebut the  
19 statements made in the affidavits. As a result, the facts set forth in the affidavits are  
20 deemed true and uncontested. *Additionally*, the California Evidence Code § 664  
21 and related case law support the presumption that official duties have been  
22 regularly performed, and *unrebutted* affidavits stand as **Truth**.

23 80. Defendants may **NOT** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the  
24 finality of the administrative findings established through the unrebutted  
25 affidavits. As per established legal principles, once an affidavit is submitted  
26 and not rebutted, its content is accepted as true, and Defendants are barred  
27 from contesting these findings in subsequent processes, whether  
28 administrative or judicial.

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**'Special Deposit' and MASTER INDEMNITY BOND: 31 U.S. Code §  
5312 and U.C.C. § 3-104**

81. This notarized, authorized, and indorsed VERIFIED COMPLAINT itself acted as a BOND and/or MONETARY INSTRUMENT, as defined by **31 U.S. Code § 5312 and U.C.C. § 3-104**, supplemented by the MASTER INDEMNITY BOND (Exhibit N), and that the BOND also satisfies the procedural and substantive requirements of **Rule 67 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Exclusive equity** supports this claim, as it ensures that no competing claims will infringe upon the Plaintiff's established rights to this bond of and will be reported on the forms 1099-A, 1099-OID, and/or 1099-B, with Plaintiff evidenced as the CREDITOR(S).

82. Janet Yellen, said Successor(s), and/or the United States Treasury is the registered holder and fiduciary of/for Plaintiff's the private **Two Hundred Billion Dollar (\$200,000,000,000.00 USD) 'MASTER DISCHARGE AND INDEMNITY BOND'** #RF661448567US, which was post deposited to private post registered account #RF 661 448 023 US. Said 'MASTER DISCHARGE AND INDEMNITY BOND' (#RF661448567US) expressly stipulates it is "insuring, underwriting, indemnifying, discharging, paying and satisfying **all** such account holders and accounts dollar for dollar against **any and all pre-existing, current and future** losses, costs, debts, taxes, encumbrances, deficits, deficiencies, liens, judgements, true bills, obligations of contract or performance, defaults, charges, and any and all other obligations **as may exist or come to exist** during the term of this Bond... Each of the said account holders and accounts **shall be severally insured, underwritten and indemnified against any and all future Liabilities as may appear, thereby instantly satisfying all such obligations dollar for dollar without exception** through the above-noted Private Offset Accounts up to and including the full face value of this Bond through maturity." A copy of 'MASTER DISCHARGE AND INDEMNITY BOND' #RF372320890US is attached hereto as **Exhibit N** and incorporated herein by reference, **and will serve as an additional CAUTION and/**

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1 **and/or BOND for immediate adjustment and setoff of any and all costs**  
2 **associated with these matters.**

3 **12 U.S.C. 1813(L)(1): The term 'Deposit' Defined**

4 83. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified  
5 commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements  
6 (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), as under **12 U.S.C. 1813(L)(1)**, ["the term 'deposit' means — the  
7 unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or held by a bank or savings  
8 association in the usual course of business and **for which it has given or is obligated to**  
9 **give credit**, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a commercial, checking, savings,  
10 time, or thrift account, or which is evidenced by its certificate of deposit, thrift certificate,  
11 investment certificate, certificate of indebtedness, or other similar name, or a check or draft  
12 drawn against a deposit account and certified by the bank or savings association, or a  
13 letter of credit or a traveler's check on which the bank or savings association is primarily  
14 liable: Provided, That, without limiting the generality of the term "**money or its**  
15 **equivalent**", **any such account or instrument must be regarded as evidencing** the receipt  
16 of the **equivalent of money when credited or issued in exchange** for checks or drafts **or**  
17 for a **promissory note** upon which the person obtaining any such **credit** or instrument is  
18 primarily or secondarily liable, **or** for a charge against a deposit account, **or** in settlement  
19 of **checks, drafts**, or other instruments forwarded to such bank or savings association for  
20 collection.["]

21 **GENERALLY Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)**

22 84. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted  
23 verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract  
24 security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Defendants never at any time risked  
25 any of its assets and truly only exchanged the GENUINE ORIGINAL  
26 PROMISSORY NOTE for "credit" according to the **Generally Accepted Accounting**  
27 **Principles (GAAP)**. 'Banks' are **required** to adhere Generally Accepted Accounting  
28 Principles and as **evidenced** by, **12 U.S.C 1831n - 'Accounting objectives,**



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1 standards, and requirements: ["](2) Standards (A)Uniform accounting principles  
2 consistent with **GAAP** Subject to the requirements of this chapter and any other  
3 provision of Federal law, the accounting principles applicable to reports or  
4 statements required to be filed with Federal banking agencies by all **insured**  
5 **depository institutions** shall be uniform and consistent with generally accepted  
6 accounting principles.["]

7 85. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified  
8 commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements  
9 (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), **GAAP** follows an accounting convention that lies at the heart of  
10 the **double-entry bookkeeping system** called the **Matching Principle**. This principle  
11 works are follows: when a bank accepts bullion, coin, currency, drafts, promissory notes,  
12 or any other similar instruments (hereinafter "instruments") from customers and deposits  
13 or records the instruments as assets, it must record offsetting liabilities that match the  
14 assets that it accepted from customers. The **liabilities represent the amounts that the**  
15 **bank owes the customers**, funds accepted from customers. If a fractional reserve banking  
16 system like the United States banking system, most of the funds advanced to borrowers  
17 (assets held by banks) are created by the banks, once they purchase/acquire the TRUE  
18 Creditor's Asset (NOTE, ORDER, DRAFT, LETTER OF CREDIT, MONEY ORDER,  
19 SECURITY, ETC.) and are not merely transferred from one set of depositors to another set  
20 of borrowers. Said Asset remains an Asset to Plaintiff.

21 86. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted  
22 verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract  
23 security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), GAAP is intended to ensure  
24 **consistency among financial records, financial transparency, and protection from**  
25 **fraud or misleading company reports.**

### 26 Summary Judgement is Due as a matter of law

27 87. Rule 56(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and California Code of  
28 Civil Procedure § 437c(c): Summary Judgment is warranted as a matter of law under

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1 Rule 56(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and California Code of Civil  
2 Procedure § 437c(c), both of which *mandate* judgment where there is no genuine  
3 dispute as to any material fact.

4 88. Defendants are ***barred*** from further dispute under the doctrines of:

- 5 • ***Res Judicata*** – This matter is already conclusively settled by Defendants’  
6 failure to rebut.
- 7 • ***Stare Decisis*** – Binding precedent supports Plaintiff's claims and demands  
8 judgment in their favor.
- 9 • ***Collateral Estoppel*** – Defendants are estopped from raising any defenses  
10 they failed to assert.

11 89. ***Unrebutted Affidavits Establish No Disputed Facts***: Plaintiff's affidavits  
12 were submitted in good faith and stand as truth in commerce. These affidavits were  
13 served upon Defendants, providing sufficient notice and opportunity to rebut or  
14 contest the assertions therein. Defendants’ failure to respond or dispute the  
15 affidavits results in a legal presumption of their validity. As a matter of law, an  
16 affidavit that is *unrebutted* is deemed admitted and undisputed, thereby precluding  
17 any triable issue of fact.

- 18 • Pursuant to ***Res Judicata***, the unrebutted affidavits have the same force  
19 and effect as a **judgment** and are now binding upon Defendants.
- 20 • Under the principle of ***Stare Decisis***, binding precedent affirms that  
21 undisputed affidavits establish facts conclusively in a civil  
22 proceeding.
- 23 • ***Collateral Estoppel*** bars Defendants from re-litigating any issue  
24 previously resolved by the unrebutted affidavits, as they have failed to  
25 raise a substantive dispute within the prescribed timeframes.

26 90. **Defendants’ Failure to Produce Contradictory Evidence**:

27 Defendants have neither provided competent evidence to dispute Plaintiff's claims  
28 nor identified any material fact requiring trial. Plaintiff's affidavits, contracts, and

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1 supporting documents (attached hereto as *Exhibits E, F, G, and H*) collectively  
2 establish the absence of any genuine dispute. Without contradictory evidence or a  
3 triable issue, Plaintiff is **entitled** to judgment as *a matter of law*.

4 **91. Judicially Recognized Finality of Affidavits:** Courts have long held that  
5 when **Affidavits** are left *unrebutted*, they stand as Truth and are accepted as fact. See  
6 **Morris v. National Cash Register Co., 44 Cal.App.2d 811, 813 (1941)**, which  
7 confirms that undisputed evidence is sufficient to warrant summary judgment.  
8 Additionally, under Federal and State Rules of Evidence, facts established by  
9 affidavit are considered *binding* when no counter-affidavit is provided.

10 **92. Supported by Principles of Equity and Law:**

- 11 • **Equity:** It would be inequitable to allow Defendants to delay proceedings  
12 when they have failed to rebut or contest the factual assertions of  
13 Plaintiff's affidavits.
- 14 • **Law:** Plaintiff has satisfied the procedural and substantive requirements  
15 for summary judgment, including providing sufficient admissible  
16 evidence to establish their claims.

17 **The COURT is *Barred* From SUMMARILY DISMISSING Anything,**  
18 **Especially After The *Overturing* of Chevron**

19 93. The Court is hereby placed on notice that even the mere consideration of  
20 “summarily dismissing” anything in this matter constitutes a constitutional  
21 violation and an act of judicial overreach, arbitrary denial of due process, and a  
22 *willful* obstruction of justice.

23 94. The ***Overturing* of the Chevron Doctrine** Eliminates *Any* Judicial  
24 *Presumption* in Favor of Government or Institutional Parties:.

- 25 • With the **Chevron Doctrine overturned**, courts **no longer have**  
26 ***discretion to defer to agency or institutional interpretations of law,***  
27 **and every case must be ruled strictly within the confines of the**  
28 **Constitution and statutory law.**

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- Any **judicial attempt to summarily dismiss** Plaintiff's verified, un rebutted claims would constitute an **abuse of discretion, a deprivation of due process, and a direct violation of Plaintiff's constitutional rights.**

95. Due Process Requires Full Adjudication, Not Summary Disposition.

- Plaintiff has filed *multiple* **verified, sworn affidavits**, which have gone **uncontested and un rebutted**, and stand as **Truth**.
- Under U.C.C. § 3-505, an *un rebutted* Affidavit creates a **presumption of dishonor**, which the Court cannot arbitrarily ignore.
- Under 28 U.S.C. § 1361, Plaintiff has the right to **compel the performance of a legal duty owed to them by the Court**.
- A case may **only be dismissed summarily if there is no valid claim or cause of action** — which is inapplicable here, as **Defendants have already defaulted and dishonored themselves by failing to rebut the Plaintiff's Conditional Acceptance, and they have admitted everything presented in all Affidavits.**

96. Any Attempt to Dismiss Would Be a Violation of *Res Judicata, Stare Decisis*, and Collateral Estoppel.

- **Res Judicata:** The matters before this Court are already **settled and decided**, and no further litigation is necessary to determine the legal obligations of Defendants.
- **Stare Decisis:** The **binding legal precedents of Marbury v. Madison, Rule 56 FRCP, and California CCP § 437c(c)** require judgment in favor of the Plaintiff.
- **Collateral Estoppel:** Defendants **cannot dispute issues they have already defaulted on**; any attempt to dismiss the case would **ignore the finality of Plaintiff's un rebutted claims and the legally binding nature of their conditional acceptance.**

97. Summary Dismissal Would Constitute Judicial Fraud and Breach of Fiduciary Duty.

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- As a **public trustee of justice**, the Court has a **fiduciary obligation** to uphold constitutional rights and due process.
- Any attempt to **dismiss** this matter – **given that Defendants have already defaulted** – would be tantamount to **judicial fraud** and an **egregious breach of duty under 28 U.S.C. § 1361**.

**NOTICE to the COURT: A DEMAND is NOT a mere MOTION**

98. The Court is hereby placed on notice that Plaintiff's *Demand* for Summary Judgment is not a mere 'motion' *requesting* discretionary relief but a binding legal notice asserting an *absolute right* to judgment as a matter of law.

99. A Motion is a Request; A Demand Asserts a Right.

- A **motion** asks the court to exercise *discretion* in granting relief.
- A **demand** asserts an existing legal *right* that **must** be acknowledged *and enforced*.

100. Plaintiff's Demand for Summary Judgment is *a Matter of Law*, Not Judicial Discretion

- Under **Rule 56(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure**, the court "**shall**" **grant summary judgment** when there is **no genuine dispute of material fact**. The word "**shall**" is mandatory, not discretionary.
- **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)** likewise states: "**The motion for summary judgment shall be granted if all the papers submitted show that there is no triable issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law.**"
- This establishes that **the Court does not have the discretion to deny or delay judgment** where Defendants have failed to contest the material facts.

101. Failure to Act on a Demand is Judicial Nonperformance and a Due Process Violation.

- Plaintiff has filed **undisputed, sworn affidavits** establishing their claims.



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- Defendants have **failed to rebut, respond, or oppose**, thereby conceding by tacit acquiescence.
- Judicial failure to rule on a demand where no genuine dispute exists is an obstruction of justice and a due process violation under 28 U.S.C. § 1361.

**Unrebutted Affidavits are ‘prima facie’ evidence:**

102. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H), Exhibits E, F, G, and H **are prima facie evidence of fraud, racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce, forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/ internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust, treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant and Plaintiff proof of claim. See *United States v. Kis*, 658 F.2d, 526 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981)., “Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and could do so by affidavit or other evidence.”**

**Unlawful and Unconstitutional Detainment and Arrest while ‘Traveling’ in Private Automobile:**

103. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H):

1. On **December 31, 2024**, at approximately 9:32am, **Kevin: Walker, sui juris**, was **traveling privately** in my **private** automobile, displaying a ‘PRIVATE’ plate, indicating I was ‘not for hire’ or operating commercially, and the private automobile was not displaying a STATE plate of any sort . This clearly established that the **private** automobile was ‘not for hire’ or

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1 'commercial' use and, therefore explicitly classifying the automobile as private  
2 property, and **NOT** *within* any statutory and/or commercial jurisdiction. A  
3 copy of the PRIVATE '*not for hire*' or '**commercial**' use is attached hereto as  
4 **Exhibits O** and incorporated herein by reference.

5 2. Upon unlawfully stopping and detaining the private traveler(Kevin:  
6 Walker), Defendants, including Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman,  
7 George Reyes, William Pratt, **conspired** on the scene in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§  
8 241 and 242. Photographs of Defendants, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V  
9 Bowman, and William Pratt, are attached hereto as **Exhibits O, P, and Q**  
10 respectively, and incorporated by reference herein.

11 3. All Defendants on the scene at that time, including Gregory D Eastwood,  
12 Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, were NOTICED that the  
13 traveler is a state Citizen, non-citizen national/national/internationally  
14 protected person, privately traveling in a private automobile, as articulated by  
15 the traveler, and as evidenced by the '**PRIVATE**' plate on the private  
16 automobile.

17 4. The private automobile and trust property was **not** in *any* way displaying  
18 STATE or government registration or stickers, and was displaying a PRIVATE  
19 plate, removing the automobile from the Defendant's jurisdiction. See Exhibit  
20 N.

21 5. The private automobile is duly reflected on Private UCC Contract Trust/  
22 **UCC1 filing** NOTICE #2024385925-4 and UCC3 filing and NOTICE  
23 #2024402990-2 (Exhibits C and D).

24 6. Under **threat, duress, and coercion, and at gunpoint**, the private  
25 traveler(Kevin: Walker) presented Defendants Gregory D Eastwood and Robert  
26 C V Bowman national/non-citizen national, #C35510079 and passport book  
27 #A39235161. Copy attached hereto as **Exhibits O and P** respectively, and  
28 incorporated herein by reference.

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1 7. Defendant(s), acted against the Constitution, even when explicitly  
2 reminded of their duties to support and uphold the Constitution.

3 8. At no point in time were Defendants presented with a CALIFORNIA  
4 DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any information  
5 added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud, without consent,  
6 full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

7 9. The private traveler and national(Kevin: Walker), should never have been  
8 stopped exercising his **inherent** and *unalienable* **right** to travel, in a private  
9 automobile that was clearly marked "PRIVATE" and "not for hire" and "not for  
10 commercial use.

11 **Fraudulent Alteration of Signature, Coercion, Assault, Torture,**  
12 **Kidnapping:**

13 104. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted  
14 verified commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract  
15 security agreements (**Exhibits E, F, G, and H**)

16 1. After being kidnapped, handcuffed, tortured, and deprived of rights and livery  
17 under the color of law, the private traveler national/internationally protected  
18 person(Kevin: Walker), Defendant Robert Gell threatened to "house" the national if  
19 he did not sign every document presented, exactly as he (Robert Gell) wanted the  
20 national to. Camera records will evidence Robert telling the national return to the  
21 release tank for no apparent reason, and then **assaulting, shoving, and pushing** the  
22 national/internationally protected person into the tank at the end of the walk.

23 2. Defendant Robert Gell went as far as aggressively rushing around a desk  
24 and assaulting Kevin, and snatching a pen from his hand, simply because the  
25 attempted to write 'under duress' by his signature.

26 3. Defendant Robert Gell willfully and intentionally altered Affiant's  
27 signature on one document and crossed out 'UCC 1-308,' immediately after  
28 Affiant hand wrote it on the document.

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1 4. Defendant Robert Gell stated he had no idea what an attorney-in-fact is  
2 and that Kevin: Walker was a, [""]jackass[""] for stating that such a thing exists,  
3 evidencing Gell's incompetence.

4 **Fruit of the Poisonous Tree Doctrine:**

5 105. Plaintiff further asserts and establishes **again** on the record that the  
6 undisputedly unlawful and unconstitutional stop, arrest, and subsequent actions  
7 of the Defendants/Respondents are in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the  
8 Constitution of the united States of America and constitute an unlawful arrest  
9 and seizure. The "**fruit of the poisonous tree**" doctrine, as articulated by the U.S.  
10 Supreme Court, establishes that any evidence obtained as a result of an  
11 unlawful stop or detainment is tainted and inadmissible in any subsequent  
12 proceedings. The unlawful actions of Gregory D. Eastwood, Robert C. V.  
13 Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, and Robert Gell including *but not limited*  
14 *to* the issuance of fraudulent citations/contracts under threat, duress, and  
15 coercion, render all actions and evidence derived therefrom void ab initio. See  
16 *Wong Sun v. United States*, 371 U.S. 471 (1963).

17 106. Plaintiff therefore declares and demands that all actions and evidence obtained  
18 in connection with this unlawful stop be deemed inadmissible and void as fruits  
19 of the poisonous tree.

20 107. As *considered, agreed, and stipulated* by Defendants in the unrebutted verified  
21 commercial affidavits, contract agreement, and self-executing contract security  
22 agreements (Exhibits E, F, G, and H).

23 **Use defines classification:**

24 1. It is **well established law** that the **highways** of the state are **public**  
25 **property**, and **their primary and preferred use is for** private  
26 **purposes**, and that their use for purposes of gain is special and  
27 extraordinary which, generally at least, the legislature may prohibit or  
28 condition as it sees fit." **Stephenson vs. Rinford**, 287 US 251; **Pachard**

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- 1        **vs Banton**, 264 US 140, and cases cited; **Frost and F. Trucking Co. vs.**  
2        **Railroad Commission**, 271 US 592; **Railroad commission vs. Inter-**  
3        **City Forwarding Co.**, 57 SW.2d 290; **Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater**  
4        **Lines**, 164 A. 313
- 5        2. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans  
6        etc. not in commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:
- 7                (a) A "**commercial vehicle**" is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to  
8                be **REGISTERED** under this code".
- 9                (b) "Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation  
10              of persons **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, **are**  
11              **not commercial vehicles**".
- 12              (c) "a vanpool vehicle is not a **commercial** vehicle."
- 13        3. **18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition**, expressly stipulates, "The term "**motor**  
14        **vehicle**" means every description of carriage or other contrivance  
15        propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and used for commercial**  
16        **purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers,  
17        passengers and property, or property or cargo".
- 18        4. A vehicle not used for **commercial** activity is a "consumer goods",  
19        ...it is **NOT** a type of vehicle **required** to be registered and "use  
20        tax" paid of which the tab is evidence of receipt of the tax." Bank  
21        of Boston vs Jones, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP  
22        9-109.14.
- 23        5. " The '**privilege**' of using the streets and highways by the operation thereon of  
24        motor carriers **for hire** can be acquired only by permission or license from the  
25        state or its political subdivision. " — Black's Law Dictionary, 5th ed, page 830.
- 26        6. "It is held that a tax upon common carriers by motor vehicles is based upon  
27        a reasonable classification, and does not involve any unconstitutional  
28        discrimination, although it does **not apply to private** vehicles, or those



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- 1 used by the owner in his own business, and not for hire.” **Desser v. Wichita,**  
2 **(1915) 96 Kan. 820; Iowa Motor Vehicle Asso. v. Railroad Comrs., 75 A.L.R.**  
3 **22.**
- 4 7. “Thus self-driven vehicles are **classified according to the use** to which they  
5 are put rather than according to the means by which they are propelled.” Ex  
6 Parte Hoffert, 148 NW 20.
- 7 8. In view of this rule a statutory provision that the supervising officials  
8 “**may**” exempt such persons when the transportation is not on a **commercial**  
9 basis means that they “**must**” exempt them.” **State v. Johnson, 243 P. 1073;**  
10 **60 C.J.S. section 94 page 581.**
- 11 9. “**The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical characteristics,**  
12 determine whether it should be classified as “consumer goods” under UCC  
13 9- 109(1) or “equipment” under UCC 9-109(2).” **Grimes v Massey Ferguson,**  
14 **Inc., 23 UCC Rep Serv 655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).**
- 15 10. “Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods purchased for  
16 personal use and those purchased for business use. The two are mutually  
17 exclusive and the **principal use to which the property is put should be**  
18 **considered as determinative.**” **James Talcott, Inc. v Gee, 5 UCC Rep Serv**  
19 **1028; 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72 Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).**
- 20 11. “**The classification of goods in UCC 9-109 are mutually exclusive.**”  
21 **McFadden v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co., 8 UCC Rep Serv 766;**  
22 **260 Md 601, 273 A.2d 198 (1971).**
- 23 12. “The classification of “goods” under [UCC] 9-109 **is a question of fact.**”  
24 **Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836**  
25 **P.2d 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).**
- 26 13. “The definition of “goods” includes an automobile.” **Henson v Government**  
27 **Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp., 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark**  
28 **273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).**

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14. **"No State government entity has the power to allow or deny passage on the highways**, byways, nor waterways... transporting his vehicles and personal property for either recreation or business, but by being subject only to local regulation i.e., safety, caution, traffic lights, speed limits, etc. **Travel is not a privilege requiring, licensing, vehicle registration, or forced insurances.**" *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22.

**The RIGHT to Travel is not a Privilege:**

15. The fundamental **Right** to travel is NOT a Privilege, it's a gift granted by your Creator and restated by our founding fathers as Unalienable and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made Law or color of law known as a private "Code" (secret) or a "Statute."

16. **"Traveling** is passing from place to place--act of **performing journey**; and **traveler is person who travels.**" *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.

17. **"Right** of transit through each state, with every species of property known to constitution of United States, and recognized by that paramount law, is secured by that instrument to each citizen, and does not depend upon uncertain and changeable ground of mere comity." *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.

18. Freedom to **travel** is, indeed, an important aspect of the citizen's "liberty". We are first concerned with the extent, if any, to which Congress has authorized its curtailment. (Road) **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 127.

19. The **right** to **travel** is a part of the "liberty" of which the citizen cannot be deprived without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. So much is conceded by the solicitor general. In Anglo Saxon law that right was emerging at least as early as Magna Carta. **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 125.

20. "Even the legislature **has no power** to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel upon the highway and transport his property in the ordinary course of his

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1 business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with  
2 public interest and convenience. *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337  
3 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22, 206.

4 21. "... It is now universally recognized that the state does possess such  
5 power [to impose such burdens and limitations upon private carriers  
6 when using the public highways for the transaction of their business]  
7 with respect to common carriers using the public highways for the  
8 transaction of their business in the transportation of persons or  
9 property for hire. That rule is stated as follows by the **supreme court**  
10 **of the United States**: 'A citizen may have, under the fourteenth  
11 amendment, the **right** to travel and transport his property upon them  
12 (the public highways) by **auto vehicle**, but **he has no right to make**  
13 **the highways his place of business by using them as a common**  
14 **carrier for hire**. Such use is a privilege which may be granted or  
15 withheld by the state in its discretion, without violating either the due  
16 process clause or the equal protection clause.' (*Buck v. Kuykendall*, 267  
17 U. S. 307 [38 A. L. R. 286, 69 L. Ed. 623, 45 Sup. Ct. Rep. 324].

18 22. "The **right** of a citizen to travel upon the highway and transport his property  
19 thereon in the ordinary course of life and business **differs radically an**  
20 **obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business**  
21 and uses it for **private** gain, in the running of a stage coach or omnibus. The  
22 former is the usual and ordinary **right** of a citizen, a **right** common to all;  
23 while the latter is special, unusual and extraordinary. As to the former, the  
24 extent of legislative power is that of regulation; but as to the latter its power  
25 is broader; the right may be wholly denied, or it may be permitted to some  
26 and denied to others, because of its extraordinary nature. This distinction,  
27 elementary and fundamental in character, is recognized by all the  
28 authorities."

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- 1 23. "Even the legislature has no power to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel  
2 upon the highway and transport his/her property in the ordinary course of  
3 his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance  
4 with the public interest and convenience." ["regulated" means traffic safety  
5 enforcement, stop lights, signs etc.] — Chicago Motor Coach v. Chicago, 169  
6 NE 22.
- 7 24. "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** cannot be converted into a  
8 crime." — Miller v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.
- 9 25. "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this  
10 exercise of constitutional **rights**." — Sherar v. Cullen, 481 F. 945.
- 11 26. The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the highway and to transport his  
12 property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, differs  
13 radically and obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place  
14 of business for private gain in the running of a stagecoach or omnibus." —  
15 State vs. City of Spokane, 186 P. 864.
- 16 27. "The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
17 his/her property thereon either by carriage or automobile, is **not** a mere  
18 **privilege** which a city [or State] may prohibit or permit at will, but a  
19 common right which he/she has under the **right** to life, liberty, and the  
20 pursuit of happiness." — Thompson v. Smith, 154 SE 579.
- 21 28. "The **right** of the Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to  
22 transport his property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and  
23 business, is a common **right** which he has under the **right** to enjoy life  
24 and liberty, to acquire and possess property, and to pursue happiness  
25 and safety. It includes the right, in so doing, to use the ordinary and  
26 usual conveyances of the day, and under the existing modes of **travel**,  
27 includes the right to drive a horse drawn carriage or wagon thereon or  
28 to operate an automobile thereon, for the usual and ordinary purpose

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1 of life and business.” — Thompson vs. Smith, supra.; Teche Lines vs.  
2 Danforth, Miss., 12 S.2d 784.

3 29. "The use of the highways for the purpose of **travel** and transportation is not  
4 a mere **privilege**, but a common and fundamental **Right** of which the public  
5 and the individual cannot be rightfully deprived.” — Chicago Motor Coach  
6 vs. Chicago, 169 NE 22; Ligare vs. Chicago, 28 NE 934; Boon vs. Clark, 214  
7 SSW 607; 25 Am.Jur. (1st) Highways Sect.163.

8 30. "The **right** to b is part of the Liberty of which a citizen cannot deprived without  
9 due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. This Right was emerging as early  
10 as the Magna Carta.” — Kent vs. Dulles, 357 US 116 (1958).

11 31. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the people.” — Hurtado vs. California,  
12 110 US 516.

13 32. "Personal liberty largely consists of the Right of locomotion -- to go where  
14 and when one pleases -- only so far restrained as the Rights of others may  
15 make it necessary for the welfare of all other citizens. The **Right** of the  
16 Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport his property  
17 thereon, by horse drawn carriage, wagon, or automobile, is not a mere  
18 **privilege** which may be permitted or prohibited at will, but the  
19 common **Right** which he has under his **Right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit  
20 of happiness. Under this Constitutional guarantee one may, therefore, under  
21 normal conditions, **travel** at his inclination along the public highways or in  
22 public places, and while conducting himself in an orderly and decent  
23 manner, neither interfering with nor disturbing another's Rights, he will be  
24 protected, not only in his person, but in his safe conduct.” — II Am.Jur. (1st)  
25 Constitutional Law, Sect.329, p.1135.

26 33. Where **rights** secured by the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
27 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them.” — Miranda v. Arizona,  
28 384 U.S.



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34. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the **people**." — Hurtado vs. California, 110 US 516.

### **NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY**

35. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E., 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.

36. "Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406 F2d 137 t.

37. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.

38. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice Court**, A025829.

39. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.

40. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel** (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817; **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.

41. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.

## Legal Maxims, Standards, and Principles

108. Plaintiff cites the following established legal maxims, standards, and principles.

- **Unrebutted Affidavits as Judgment in Commerce:** Plaintiff's unrebutted affidavits are binding truth under the maxim, "**An unrebutted affidavit becomes the judgment in commerce.**"
- **Res Judicata and Collateral Estoppel:** Defendants are **barred** from contesting the finality of Plaintiff's claims under the doctrines of **res judicata** and **collateral estoppel**, as all material facts and claims have been resolved conclusively.
- **Breach of U.C.C. Obligations and Presumed Dishonor:** Defendants' dishonor and default are evidenced by their failure to fulfill obligations defined by **U.C.C. § 3-505** (see Exhibit L) and other applicable statutes.
- **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** — 'No one is above the law.'
- **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE EXPRESSED.** — 'To lie is to go against the mind.'
- **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.**
- **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** — Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only the truth.
- **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN COMMERCE.** — 'He who does not deny, admits.'
- "Statements of fact contained in affidavits which are not rebutted by the opposing party's affidavit or pleadings **may[must]** be accepted as true by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).
- See, *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed only an unsworn response

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1 within the time permitted," thus, under the specific provisions of Ark.  
2 and *Fed. R. Civ. P.* 36, the facts in question were deemed admitted as  
3 true. Failure to answer is well established in the court. *Beasley v. U. S.*,  
4 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests will be  
5 considered as having been admitted." Also as previously referenced,  
6 "Statements of fact contained in affidavits which are not rebutted by  
7 the opposing party's affidavit or pleadings may[must] be accepted as  
8 true by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244 N.W.2d 355 (Mich.  
9 1976).

- 10 • 'The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the **people**.' — Hurtado vs. California,  
11 110 US 516.
- 12 • "Public officials are not immune from suit when they transcend their lawful  
13 authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406  
14 F2d 137 t.
- 15 • "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability  
16 promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the  
17 government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial**  
18 **Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.
- 19 • "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable**  
20 **for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees**." **Lezama v. Justice**  
21 **Court**, A025829.
- 22 • "Ignorance of the law does **not** excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn  
23 officer of the law." In re McCowan (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
- 24 • "**All are presumed to know the law**." San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel  
25 (1882), 62 C. 641; Dore v. Southern Pacific Co. (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817;  
26 People v. Flanagan (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; Lincoln v. Superior Court  
27 (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard (1929), 98  
28 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.

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- 1 • "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that **ignorance of the**
- 2 **law excuses no one.**" Daniels v. Dean (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.
- 3 • "the people, not the States, are sovereign." — Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 Dall. 419, 2
- 4 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).
- 5 • **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.** — 'He
- 6 who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it.'
- 7 • **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN**
- 8 **COMMERCE.** — **There is nothing left to resolve.**

### 9 **FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION**

10 **(For Fraud and Misrepresentation against all Defendants)**

11 109. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 108 as if set forth

12 herein.

13 110. Defendants, acting under **color of law**, have *willfully and intentionally*

14 engaged in **fraudulent** conduct by knowingly **misrepresenting** material facts

15 regarding their authority and jurisdiction over Plaintiff, thereby violating Plaintiff's

16 constitutionally protected **private rights**.

17 111. Defendants' fraudulent misconduct includes, but is not limited to,

18 fabricating legal authority, creating false claims, unlawfully detaining and

19 interfering with Plaintiff's **private** affairs, and initiating legal proceedings devoid of

20 any lawful basis.

21 112. Defendants knowingly misrepresented their authority to enforce **statutory**

22 **provisions** against Plaintiff, fabricated legal obligations, and unlawfully seized or

23 interfered with Plaintiff's **private** property, all with the intent to deprive Plaintiff of

24 their rights, property, and financial interests **under the guise of lawful authority**.

25 113. In furtherance of this unlawful **enterprise** and scheme, Defendants transmitted

26 fraudulent documents, including but not limited to fabricated reports, false citations, and

27 deceptive legal filings, through the U.S. Postal Service and other commercial carriers,

28 knowing that these documents were false and intended to defraud Plaintiff.

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114. Defendants' fraudulent misrepresentation and deceit violate Plaintiff's **private** rights under various statutes that provide for a '**private right of action**', including but not limited to:

- **42 U.S. Code § 1983 (Civil Action for Deprivation of Rights)** – Establishes liability for any person acting under color of law who deprives another of their constitutionally protected rights, privileges, or immunities.
- **18 U.S. Code § 1001 (False Statements Act)** – Criminalizes knowingly making false statements or fraudulent misrepresentations in legal and administrative proceedings.
- **18 U.S. Code § 1341 (Mail Fraud)** – Prohibits the use of U.S. mail to transmit fraudulent documents with intent to deceive.
- **15 U.S. Code § 1692 (Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, FDCPA)** – Prohibits fraudulent misrepresentation and deceptive practices used to enforce unlawful claims against individuals, including fabricated financial obligations.
- **UCC § 1-308 (Performance or Acceptance Under Reservation of Rights)** – Protects individuals from unknowingly waiving rights under fraudulent or coercive contracts or enforcement actions.

115. By willfully and intentionally engaging in the fraudulent conduct described above, Defendants have violated statutory and constitutional protections, resulting in the Plaintiff being subjected to:

- **Unlawful deprivation of property and private rights**
- **Financial losses due to fraudulent enforcement actions**
- **Harm to their reputation, business, and economic interests**
- **Emotional distress and significant hardship resulting from Defendants' unlawful conduct**

116. Defendants, by their own actions, willful silence, non-compliance, and tacit admission, have engaged in the unlawful conduct described in this complaint. As such, these facts must be taken as true and are dispositive in this action.



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117. Defendants' wrongful conduct includes but is not limited to:

- **Fabrication of authority and fraudulent claims to enforce laws against Plaintiff**
- **Knowingly misrepresenting their jurisdiction and legal standing to detain, fine, or seize property**
- **Use of fraudulent documentation and legal proceedings to impose unlawful penalties and restrictions**
- **Unlawful use of U.S. Postal Service and other communication channels to further their fraudulent scheme**

118. As a direct result of Defendants' fraudulent and unlawful actions, Plaintiff has suffered severe and irreparable harm, including but not limited to:

- **Deprivation of private property without due process**
- **Violation of constitutionally protected rights and immunities**
- **Financial and economic damages stemming from Defendants' unlawful interference**
- **Psychological and emotional distress caused by Defendants' oppressive conduct**

119. 18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindles, expressly stipulates:

"whoever, having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice to defraud, or for obtaining money or property by means of **false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises**, or to sell, dispose of, loan, exchange, alter, give away, distribute, supply, or furnish or procure for unlawful use any counterfeit or spurious coin, obligation, **security, or other article**, or anything represented to be or intimated or held out to be such counterfeit or spurious article, for the purpose of executing such scheme or artifice or attempting so to do, **places in any post office** or authorized depository for mail matter, any matter or thing whatever to be sent or delivered by the Postal Service, or

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1 deposits or causes to be deposited any matter or thing whatever to be sent or  
2 delivered by any private or commercial interstate carrier, or takes or receives  
3 therefrom, any such matter or thing, or knowingly causes to be delivered by  
4 mail or such carrier according to the direction thereon, or at the place at  
5 which it is directed to be delivered by the person to whom it is addressed,  
6 **any such matter or thing, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not**  
7 **more than 20 years, or both.** If the violation occurs in relation to, or involving  
8 any benefit authorized, transported, transmitted, transferred, disbursed, or  
9 paid in connection with, a presidentially declared major disaster or  
10 emergency (as those terms are defined in section 102 of the Robert T. Stafford  
11 Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122)), or affects a  
12 financial institution, such person shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000 or  
13 imprisoned not more than **30 years, or both.**"

14 ***SECOND (2nd) CAUSE OF ACTION***

15 ***(For Breach of Contract against all Defendants)***

16 120. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 119 as if set forth  
17 herein

18 121. **Breach of Contractual Obligations:** Defendants willfully and intentionally  
19 breached contractual obligations by failing to honor the terms set forth in the  
20 underlying Contract and Security Agreements between the parties.

21 122. **Nature of Defendants' Breach:** Defendants' breach includes, but is not  
22 limited to, the failure to perform specified duties, the pursuit of false claims of debt,  
23 and the illegal, unlawful, and unconstitutional seizure of **Plaintiff's private**  
24 **property without proper contractual or legal authority.**

25 123. **Violation of Contract Agreement:** Defendants' conduct constitutes a  
26 violation of both the express and implied terms of the agreement, including  
27 Defendants' obligations to act in good faith and deal fairly with Plaintiff, resulting  
28 in substantial financial harm, injury, and damages to Plaintiff.

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1       **124. U.C.C. § 2-202 Compliance:** Pursuant to U.C.C. § 2-202, which establishes  
2 the **parol evidence rule** and affirms the **final written expression** of a contract,  
3 Defendants are bound by the agreed-upon terms that constitute the complete and  
4 exclusive statement of the agreement.

5       **125. Acceptance and Binding Agreement:** Defendants received, considered, and  
6 agreed to the contract offer and final expression of the contract as defined under  
7 U.C.C. provisions. This acceptance is evidenced through Defendants' willful and  
8 intentional silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement to the  
9 ***unrebutted Affidavits*** and contract security agreements (Exhibits I, J, K, L, and N),  
10 affidavit certificate of non-response, default, and the judgment and lien  
11 authorization, all of which were duly received by Defendants.

12       **126. Obligations under U.C.C.:** Defendants' agreement to these terms thereby  
13 creates binding obligations under U.C.C. **Article 2** as well as other relevant sections,  
14 such as U.C.C. §§ 1-103, 1-202, 2-204, and 2-206. Despite these clear terms,  
15 Defendants, through various improper and bad-faith actions, breached the contract  
16 by failing to settle and close the account, refusing to reconvey the title free of  
17 encumbrances, and neglecting to settle the debt owed to Plaintiff.

18       **127. Failure to Cease Illegal Activities:** Defendants also failed to cease any  
19 illegal, unlawful, and unconstitutional collection efforts on an undisputedly  
20 fraudulent debt, engaging in conduct that included but was not limited to threats,  
21 violations of Plaintiff's ***inherent and unalienable*** rights, racketeering, paper  
22 terrorism, coercion, extortion, bank fraud, monopolization of trade and commerce,  
23 restraint-of-trade violations, deprivation of rights, conspiracy under color of law,  
24 breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, identity theft, and  
25 taking unreasonable positions that forced Plaintiff into litigation.

26       **128. Material Breach and Deprivation of Bargain:** This failure to perform, along  
27 with the unauthorized actions, directly violates the terms and conditions of the  
28 express contract security agreements. These actions constitute a material breach that

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1 has deprived Plaintiff of the benefit of their bargain, as defined under U.C.C. §  
2 2-202 and related provisions that govern the enforceability of the final contract  
3 terms.

4 **129. Private Right of Action:**

- 5 • Plaintiff hereby asserts a **Private Right of Action** to enforce their rights  
6 under the Contract and Security Agreements, as well as the **Uniform**  
7 **Commercial Code**.
- 8 • Plaintiff is entitled to bring this action pursuant to U.C.C. § 2-202, U.C.C. §§  
9 1-103, 1-202, 2-204, and Article 9 to seek appropriate remedies, including but not  
10 limited to compensatory damages, punitive damages, declaratory relief, and  
11 equitable remedies as the Court may deem just and proper.

12 **130. Plaintiff's Private Rights of Action under Embezzlement Laws:**

- 13 • Plaintiff asserts their **Private Right of Action** under 18 U.S.C. § 666 for  
14 embezzlement, as well as common law embezzlement principles, for the  
15 wrongful appropriation of funds and assets by Defendants.
- 16 • 18 U.S.C. § 666 provides a federal basis for a **Private Right of Action** when  
17 Defendants have engaged in fraudulent misapplication or theft of funds,  
18 particularly when those funds are derived from financial institutions or  
19 governmental transactions. Plaintiff is entitled to restitution for any funds or  
20 assets misappropriated and for damages caused by Defendants' fraudulent  
21 conduct, including any related losses.

22 ***THIRD (3rd) CAUSE OF ACTION***

23 **(For Theft, Embezzlement, and Fraudulent Misapplication of Funds**  
24 **and Assets against all Defendants)**

25 131. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 130 as if fully set  
26 forth herein.

27 132. Defendants engaged in illegal, unlawful, unconstitutional, and fraudulent  
28 acts, including but not limited to:

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- 1 • **Embezzling funds and/or assets entrusted to their care.**
- 2 • **Executing unconstitutional and unlawful seizures of assets and private**
- 3 **property** without legal standing or proper authorization.
- 4 • **Fraudulently transferring or attempting to transfer ownership of**
- 5 **Plaintiff's property** through deceit, deception, and abuse of process.
- 6 • **Creating a fraudulent claim of ownership and title to the property,**
- 7 **depriving Plaintiff of their legal rights, interests, and equity.**

8 133. Plaintiff affirms, as evidenced by **Exhibits I, J, K, L, and N**, that Defendants,  
9 including any officers, directors, agents, or employees connected to financial institutions,  
10 acted in direct violation of federal law and fiduciary obligations. Specifically:

- 11 • **Defendants, while acting in their capacity as agents or employees of**
- 12 **financial institutions, fraudulently misapplied or embezzled funds and**
- 13 **property entrusted to their care.**
- 14 • **The misappropriation and subsequent unconstitutional and unlawful**
- 15 **seizures resulted in direct harm to Plaintiff**, including but not limited to
- 16 **financial loss, damage to property interests, and violations of**
- 17 **constitutional and statutory rights.**

18 134. Defendants' actions are actionable under **federal statutes** providing a  
19 **private right of action**, including but not limited to:

- 20 • **12 U.S. Code § 503** – Allows individuals harmed by the embezzlement or
- 21 **misapplication of funds to seek civil remedies.**
- 22 • **18 U.S. Code § 656 (Theft, Embezzlement, or Misapplication by Bank**
- 23 **Officer or Employee)** – Criminalizes the willful misapplication, abstraction,
- 24 **or embezzlement of funds by any officer, director, agent, or employee of a**
- 25 **financial institution, Federal Reserve bank, or insured depository**
- 26 **institution.**
- 27 • **Federal and State Consumer Protection Laws** – Prohibit deceptive and fraudulent
- 28 **practices in financial transactions, including wrongful claims of ownership.**



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1       **135. Defendants violated fiduciary duties** owed to Plaintiff as property owner  
2 and rightful asset holder **by acting in bad faith** and *without* lawful authority,  
3 willfully misapplying funds, purloining assets, and engaging in acts of fraud,  
4 resulting in injury, harm, and damages to Plaintiff.

5       136. Defendants' conduct constitutes willful and intentional violations of the law  
6 and warrants treble damages pursuant to applicable statutes.

7       **137. 18 U.S. Code § 656 (Theft, Embezzlement, or Misapplication by Bank**  
8 **Officer or Employee)** expressly stipulates that:

9           *"Whoever, being an officer, director, agent or employee of, or connected*  
10 *in any capacity with any Federal Reserve bank, member bank, depository*  
11 *institution holding company, national bank, insured bank, branch or*  
12 *agency of a foreign bank, or organization operating under section 25 or*  
13 *section 25(a) of the Federal Reserve Act, or a receiver of a national bank,*  
14 *insured bank, branch, agency, or organization or any agent or employee*  
15 *of the receiver, or a Federal Reserve Agent, or an agent or employee of a*  
16 *Federal Reserve Agent or of the Board of Governors of the Federal*  
17 *Reserve System, embezzles, abstracts, purloins or willfully misapplies*  
18 *any of the moneys, funds or credits of such bank, branch, agency, or*  
19 *organization or holding company or any moneys, funds, assets or*  
20 *securities entrusted to the custody or care of such bank, branch, agency,*  
21 *or organization, or holding company or to the custody or care of any*  
22 *such agent, officer, director, employee or receiver, shall be fined not more*  
23 *than \$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both..."*

24       As a direct result of Defendants' theft, embezzlement, and  
25 fraudulent misapplication of funds and assets, Plaintiff has been  
26 unlawful and unconstitutionally subjected to mental anguish,  
27 emotional trauma, **financial loss, deprivation of property,**  
28 **reputational harm, and emotional distress.**

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***FOURTH (4th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

**(For Fraud, Forgery, and Unauthorized Use of Identity against all Defendants)**

138. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 137 as if fully set forth herein.

139. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants **illegally, unlawfully, and unconstitutionally** used Plaintiff's identity, including estate and trust information, without Plaintiff's consent or authorization, for their own benefit by creating false financial instruments, misrepresentations, and fraudulent claims to the subject private property.

140. Defendants intentionally, willfully, and knowingly engaged in **fraudulent conduct** by attempting to **unlawfully and unconstitutionally seize Plaintiff's private property** without Plaintiff's consent or any legal or lawful authority. In furtherance of their **illegal, unlawful, and unconstitutional actions**, Defendants:

- **Forged Plaintiff's signature** on financial documents and legal instruments.
- **Obtained Plaintiff's signature under false pretenses.**
- **Used these falsified and fraudulent documents** to support their unlawful **seizure attempts** and misrepresent their claims of ownership or control over the subject private property.

141. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants' fraudulent actions, including **forgery and the unauthorized use of Plaintiff's identity**, violate common law principles of **fraud, forgery, and identity theft**, as well as applicable **state and federal statutes**, including but not limited to:

- **15 U.S. Code § 1681n (Fair Credit Reporting Act)** – Provides a private right of action for willful and knowing violations related to the misuse of personal and financial information.
- **15 U.S. Code § 1692e (Fair Debt Collection Practices Act)** – Provides a private right of action prohibiting false, deceptive, or misleading representations in the collection of debts.

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- 1 • **18 U.S. Code § 1028A (Aggravated Identity Theft)** – Establishes criminal  
2 liability and additional penalties for knowingly using or transferring  
3 another person's identity without lawful authority.
- 4 • **State Civil Code on Forgery or Fraudulent Misrepresentation** – Provides a  
5 private right of action prohibiting the falsification of documents and  
6 misrepresentation in financial transactions and property matters.

7 **142. Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff asserts a **private right of action** to enforce  
8 their rights under the **Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. § 1681n)**, the **Fair Debt**  
9 **Collection Practices Act (15 U.S.C. § 1692e)**, and applicable state and federal laws  
10 **prohibiting identity theft, fraud, and forgery.**

11 **143.** Plaintiff further affirms that **Defendants' conduct constitutes a willful and**  
12 **intentional scheme to deprive Plaintiff of their property**, as follows:

- 13 • **The creation of false financial instruments and forged signatures**  
14 **demonstrates a pattern of fraudulent misrepresentation and forgery.**
- 15 • **The misuse of Plaintiff's identity**, including estate and trust information,  
16 **constitutes a direct violation of Plaintiff's rights** to privacy, autonomy, and  
17 **protection from unauthorized exploitation.**

18 **144.** Defendants' **unlawful** actions have directly caused **harm** to Plaintiff,  
19 **including:**

- 20 • **Loss of property value, enjoyment, and equity.**
- 21 • **Emotional distress, humiliation, mental trauma, and reputational harm.**
- 22 • **Financial expenses incurred in defending against fraudulent seizure**  
23 **actions and restoring rightful title to the property.**

24 **145.** Defendants' actions rise to the level of gross and intentional misconduct,  
25 **warranting the imposition of treble damages** pursuant to applicable civil statutes  
26 **and laws governing fraudulent conduct.**

27 **146. 18 U.S. Code § 1025 (Fraudulent Acquisition of Property or Signatures)**  
28 **expressly stipulates:**

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1       *"Whoever, upon any waters or vessel within the special maritime and territorial*  
2       *jurisdiction of the United States, by any fraud, or false pretense, obtains from any person*  
3       *anything of value, or procures the execution and delivery of any instrument of writing or*  
4       *conveyance of real or personal property, or the signature of any person, as maker, endorser,*  
5       *or guarantor, to or upon any bond, bill, receipt, promissory note, draft, or check, or any*  
6       *other evidence of indebtedness, or fraudulently sells, barter, or disposes of any bond, bill,*  
7       *receipt, promissory note, draft, or check, or other evidence of indebtedness, for value,*  
8       *knowing the same to be worthless, or knowing the signature of the maker, endorser, or*  
9       *guarantor thereof to have been obtained by any false pretenses, shall be fined under this*  
10       *title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both."*

11       **147. 18 U.S. Code § 1028A (Aggravated Identity Theft)** expressly stipulates:

12       *"Whoever, during and in relation to any felony violation enumerated in subsection*  
13       *(c), knowingly transfers, possesses, or uses, without lawful authority, a means of*  
14       *identification of another person shall, in addition to the punishment provided for*  
15       *such felony, be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 2 years. (2) Terrorism*  
16       *offense. – Whoever, during and in relation to any felony violation enumerated in*  
17       *section 2332b(g)(5)(B), knowingly transfers, possesses, or uses, without lawful*  
18       *authority, a means of identification of another person or a false identification*  
19       *document shall, in addition to the punishment provided for such felony, be*  
20       *sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 5 years."*

21       148. As a direct result of Defendants' fraud, forgery, and unauthorized use of  
22       Plaintiff's identity, Plaintiff has suffered financial loss, deprivation of property,  
23       reputational harm, and emotional distress.

24                       **FIFTH (5th) CAUSE OF ACTION**

25       **(For Monopolization of Trade and Commerce, and Unfair Business**  
26       **Practices against all Defendants)**

27       149. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 148 as if fully set  
28       forth herein.

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1 150. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants, in **violation of 15 U.S.C. § 2**, willfully  
2 engaged in **monopolization of trade and commerce** by manipulating financial  
3 systems and processes to further their fraudulent objectives. Specifically,  
4 Defendants engaged in **illegal and unlawful conduct**, including but not limited to:

- 5 • **Fabricating false debts** and creating **fraudulent security interests** without  
6 Plaintiff's knowledge, authorization, or consent.
- 7 • **Utilizing financial institutions** to process **unlawful and unconstitutional**  
8 **seizures of private property** through fraudulent claims.
- 9 • **Engaging in deceptive and unfair business practices** designed to  
10 **monopolize trade and commerce, restrain competition, and deprive**  
11 **Plaintiff of their rightful property and legal protections.**

12 151. Defendants' actions, as alleged, were part of a larger **scheme to monopolize**  
13 **trade and commerce** through **unfair and deceptive practices**, thereby violating  
14 applicable civil statutes, including but not limited to:

- 15 • **15 U.S.C. § 15(a) (Clayton Act)** – Provides a **private right of action** for  
16 damages resulting from anticompetitive and monopolistic practices.
- 17 • **15 U.S.C. § 2 (Sherman Act)** – Prohibits monopolization, attempts to  
18 monopolize, and conspiracies to monopolize trade and commerce.
- 19 • **State Unfair Competition Laws** – Prohibit **fraudulent, deceptive, and**  
20 **unlawful business practices** in trade and commerce.
- 21 • **Uniform Commercial Code (U.C.C.)** – Governs **negotiable instruments,**  
22 **discharge of obligations, and fair trade practices.**

23 152. **Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff asserts a private right of action to enforce  
24 their rights under 15 U.S.C. § 15(a) (Clayton Act), the Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. § 2),  
25 state unfair competition laws, and the UCC to seek appropriate remedies, including  
26 but not limited to:

- 27 • **Compensatory damages for financial harm.**
- 28 • **Treble damages under 15 U.S.C. § 15(a).**



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- **Injunctive relief to prevent further monopolistic and fraudulent practices.**

153. As part of this fraudulent scheme, Defendants engaged in unfair and deceptive business practices by:

- **Creating false debts and fabricating fraudulent security interests.**
- **Fraudulently misrepresenting and concealing material facts** regarding the nature and validity of alleged debts.
- **Engaging in a calculated effort to monopolize trade and commerce** by suppressing competition and enforcing unlawful claims against Plaintiff's private property.
- **Violating Plaintiff's rights** under applicable **common law and civil statutes.**

154. Plaintiff further **asserts and affirms** that Defendants' actions were part of a broader scheme to unfairly restrain trade and commerce by:

- **Leveraging fraudulent financial instruments** to secure unlawful gains.
- **Misusing public policy and statutory frameworks** to enforce monopolistic practices.
- **Exploiting their position of power within the financial system** to deprive Plaintiff of lawful protections and remedies.

155. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants' actions, in violation of 15 U.S.C. § 2, caused direct harm and damages to Plaintiff's financial and legal interests.

156. **15 U.S.C. § 2 (Sherman Act) expressly stipulates:**

*"Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine or conspire with any other person or persons, to monopolize any part of the trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine not exceeding \$100,000,000 if a corporation, or, if any other person, \$1,000,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding 10 years, or by both said punishments, in the discretion of the court."*

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1 157. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants' illegal, unlawful, and unconstitutional  
2 practices directly resulted in injury and harm, warranting the imposition of treble  
3 damages under 15 U.S.C. § 15(a), which provides for compensation in cases of  
4 antitrust violations and monopolistic practices.

5 158. Plaintiff further affirm that Defendants' conduct constitutes willful,  
6 intentional, and egregious violations of their rights, including but not limited to:

- 7 • **Deprivation of property without due process of law.**
- 8 • **Restraint of trade and competition in violation of public policy.**
- 9 • **Fraudulent business practices designed to defraud Plaintiff and gain**  
10 **unlawful advantage.**

11 159. As a direct result of Defendants' monopolization of trade and commerce  
12 and unfair business practices, Plaintiff has suffered financial loss, deprivation of  
13 property, reputational harm, and emotional distress

14 ***SIXTH (6th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

15 **(For Deprivation of Rights Under the Color of Law against all Defendants)**

16 **(Private Cause of Action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and Constitutional Law)**

17 160. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 159 as if fully set  
18 forth herein.

19 161. Plaintiff affirms that **Defendants, acting under color of law, willfully and**  
20 **intentionally** deprived Plaintiff of rights **inherent and unalienable** secured by the  
21 Constitution and laws of the United States, specifically in violation of 42 U.S.C. §  
22 1983.

23 162. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants engaged in **illegal, unlawful, and coercive**  
24 **actions** by threatening the **unconstitutional and unlawful seizure of Plaintiff's**  
25 **private property** through fraudulent enforcement proceedings. These actions  
26 included but were not limited to:

- 27 • **Attempting to coerce Plaintiff into complying with baseless and unlawful**  
28 **financial demands** under the imminent threat of losing their property.

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- **Depriving Plaintiff of their property rights and protections secured by the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.**
- **Exercising fraudulent and deceptive practices designed to unjustly enrich Defendants at Plaintiff's expense.**

163. Plaintiff affirms that Defendants' actions **violated Plaintiff's due process rights**, as secured by the **Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments**, by failing to provide **proper notice, fair hearings, and lawful justification** for their unconstitutional and unlawful enforcement actions.

164. Plaintiff affirms and asserts that Defendants' conduct **caused direct harm** to Plaintiff, resulting in **significant emotional, financial, and legal damages**.

Specifically, Defendants' actions deprived Plaintiff of:

- **The right to due process of law**, secured and protected by the **Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments** of the Constitution.
- **The right to be free from coercion and extortion under color of law.**
- **The right to enjoy private property without unlawful interference or deprivation.**

165. **Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff respectfully demands relief for the injury, damage, and harm caused by Defendants' actions, as authorized under **42 U.S.C. § 1983**, which provides a **private right of action** for the deprivation of constitutional rights under color of state law.

166. **18 U.S.C. § 241 (Conspiracy Against Rights)** expressly stipulates:

*"If two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any person in any State, Territory, Commonwealth, Possession, or District in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same; or If two or more persons go in disguise on the highway, or on the premises of another, with intent to prevent or hinder his free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege so secured – They shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both."*

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1 167. Plaintiff further asserts and affirms that Defendants, acting under the  
2 authority and guise of legal processes, conspired to deprive Plaintiff of their  
3 **constitutional rights**. These actions represent a **calculated** effort to abuse their  
4 positions and disregard established legal and constitutional protections.

5 168. Plaintiff further affirms that Defendants' actions represent a systematic and  
6 deliberate violation of Plaintiff's rights and protections under the United States  
7 Constitution and federal law, warranting full and appropriate relief as determined  
8 by this Court.

9 169. Plaintiff further affirms that Defendants, acting under the authority and  
10 guise of legal processes, conspired to deprive Plaintiff of their constitutional rights.  
11 These actions represent a calculated effort to abuse their positions and disregard  
12 established legal and constitutional protections.

13 170. Plaintiff further affirms that Defendants' actions represent a systematic and  
14 deliberate violation of Plaintiff's rights and protections under the United States  
15 Constitution and federal law, warranting full and appropriate relief as determined  
16 by this Court.

17 **SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

18 **(For Receiving Extortion Proceeds against all Defendants)**

19 171. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 170 as if fully set  
20 forth herein.

21 172. Defendants employed **coercive tactics**, including the **unlawful and**  
22 **unconstitutional seizure of private property, threats, and false claims of**  
23 **authority**, to compel Plaintiff to act against their interests and submit to fraudulent  
24 claims. These actions constitute a **violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983**, which provides a  
25 **private right of action** for the deprivation of rights secured by the **Constitution**  
26 **and federal law**. Defendants, **acting under color of law, have deprived Plaintiff of**  
27 **their property rights**, as secured under the **Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments** of  
28 the Constitution.

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1 173. Defendants' actions also constitute **violations of 15 U.S.C. § 1 of the**  
2 **Sherman Antitrust Act**, which prohibits **conspiracies to restrain trade or**  
3 **commerce**. If these coercive and unlawful seizures of private property were part of  
4 a broader effort to **monopolize or restrain trade** (e.g., through fraudulent property  
5 acquisition or market manipulation), such actions would be in direct violation of  
6 **federal antitrust law**.

7 174. Moreover, by engaging in these unlawful activities, Defendants have  
8 **unlawfully received and benefited from extortion proceeds** obtained through  
9 fraudulent means, thus constituting **unjust enrichment** under the **Restatement**  
10 **(Second) of Torts**, which provides for civil remedies when one party benefits at the  
11 expense of another through wrongful conduct. The **wrongful nature of**  
12 **Defendants' actions** has caused **significant injury and harm** to Plaintiff,  
13 warranting **restitution, disgorgement of ill-gotten gains, and other appropriate**  
14 **remedies**.

15 175. **Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff asserts a private right of action to enforce  
16 their rights under **42 U.S.C. § 1983, 15 U.S.C. § 1 (Sherman Act)**, the Restatement  
17 (Second) of Torts (Unjust Enrichment), and applicable federal extortion laws to seek  
18 appropriate remedies, including but not limited to:

- 19 • **Compensatory damages for financial harm.**
- 20 • **Treble damages under 15 U.S.C. § 15(a).**
- 21 • **Restitution and disgorgement of all fraudulently obtained proceeds.**
- 22 • **Injunctive relief to prevent further extortionate and fraudulent**  
23 **practices.**
- 24 • Defendants **employed coercive tactics**, including but not limited to:
- 25 • **Unlawful and unconstitutional seizure of private property through**  
26 **fraudulent claims and misrepresentation of legal authority.**
- 27 • **Threats and intimidation tactics** aimed at forcing Plaintiff into compliance  
28 **with fraudulent demands.**



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- **Fabrication of false debts and fraudulent security interests designed to unlawfully extract financial benefits from Plaintiff.**

176. Defendants' actions constitute a violation of 18 U.S.C. § 880, which criminalizes the receipt of extortion proceeds. By engaging in these unlawful activities, Defendants have unlawfully received and benefited from extortion proceeds obtained through fraudulent means, thereby reinforcing the wrongful nature of their actions and the resulting harm inflicted upon Plaintiff.

177. **18 U.S.C. § 880 (Receiving Extortion Proceeds)** expressly stipulates:

*"A person who receives, possesses, conceals, or disposes of any money or other property which was obtained from the commission of any offense under this chapter that is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, knowing the same to have been unlawfully obtained, shall be imprisoned not more than 3 years, fined under this title, or both."*

178. As a direct result of Defendants' receipt of extortion proceeds, Plaintiff has suffered financial loss, deprivation of property, reputational harm, and emotional distress.

### ***EIGHTH (8th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

#### **(For False Pretenses and Fraud all Defendants)**

179. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 178 as if set forth herein.

180. Defendants' Fraudulent Actions and '**Fraud in the Factum**': Defendants willfully and intentionally engaged in **fraudulent actions** by knowingly misrepresenting material facts and creating **fraud in the factum**, concerning the **interest, ownership, title, and authority** to execute the **unlawful and unconstitutional seizure of private property**. These actions were conducted under **blatantly fraudulent and false pretenses**, and ignorance of the law is no excuse.

181. **False Claims of Debt and Fraudulent Proceedings:** Defendants willfully and intentionally:

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- 1 • **Created false claims of debt** to deceive Plaintiff into compliance with
- 2 fraudulent demands.
- 3 • **Placed fraudulent documents** in the post office or authorized depositories
- 4 for mail, constituting mail fraud.
- 5 • **Initiated unlawful and unconstitutional enforcement actions** that lacked
- 6 any **lawful or legal basis**.

7 182. By engaging in these fraudulent actions, Defendants **wrongfully deprived**  
8 **Plaintiff of property or assets through deceptive means**, causing **direct financial**  
9 **harm and legal injury** to Plaintiff.

10 183. **Fraudulent Tactics and Deceptive Representations:** Defendants **employed**  
11 **fraudulent tactics**, including but not limited to:

- 12 • **Unlawful initiation of transactions under false pretenses.**
- 13 • **Deceitful representations and the use of fraudulent instruments** to obtain
- 14 property from Plaintiff.
- 15 • **Procuring signatures under false pretenses**, knowing that the documents
- 16 and signatures were obtained through fraudulent misrepresentations.

17 184. **Defendants' Conduct Constitutes Fraud and Misrepresentation:** Defendants'  
18 actions constitute fraud and misrepresentation under common law tort principles,  
19 including fraudulent misrepresentation and false pretenses. This conduct entitles Plaintiff  
20 to seek damages and remedies for the unlawful appropriation of property.

21 185. **Unlawful Benefit from Fraudulent Conduct:** Defendants **unlawfully benefited**  
22 from Plaintiff by **fraudulently obtaining property, goods, services, or financial benefits**,  
23 which **constitutes a breach of duty** to Plaintiff. By obtaining property or value through  
24 fraud, Defendants have caused **significant harm and financial loss** to Plaintiff.

25 186. **Specific Fraudulent Actions by Defendants:** Defendants' fraudulent acts  
26 include, but are not limited to:

- 27 • **Use of Fraudulent Instruments** – Defendants used, attempted to use, or
- 28 procured the use of fraudulent documents, including **forged contracts**,

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1        **falsified notes, or other fraudulent evidence of debt, to transfer or**  
2        **encumber Plaintiff's private property.**

- 3        • **False Pretenses** – Defendants made **false and misleading representations**  
4        with **intent to deceive** Plaintiff into **parting with private property or**  
5        **financial assets**. Plaintiff reasonably relied upon these false representations  
6        to their detriment.
- 7        • **Misappropriation of Property** – Defendants unlawfully obtained **property,**  
8        **money, or goods through fraud, deceit, or false pretenses**, knowing that  
9        the property was obtained **through fraudulent means**.

10        **187. Damages from Fraudulent Conduct:** As a **direct result** of Defendants'  
11        fraudulent conduct, Plaintiff has suffered:

- 12        • **Actual damages** for property lost or fraudulently obtained.
- 13        • **Consequential damages** resulting from Defendants' fraudulent actions.
- 14        • **Punitive damages** due to Defendants' **willful and intentional misconduct**.

15        **188. Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff asserts a private right of action under:

- 16        • **18 U.S.C. § 1964 (RICO)** – Defendants' fraudulent conduct constitutes  
17        **racketeering activity**, allowing Plaintiff to seek treble damages.
- 18        • **15 U.S.C. § 1 (Sherman Antitrust Act)** – Provides a private right of action  
19        for **fraudulent practices that restrain trade or commerce** through false  
20        pretenses.
- 21        • **State Fraud and Deceit Laws** – Plaintiff is entitled to **damages for fraud,**  
22        **deceit, and misrepresentation under state law tort claims**.

23        **189. Recovery and Restitution:** Defendants' actions entitle Plaintiff to:

- 24        • **Actual damages** for property lost or fraudulently obtained.
- 25        • **Consequential damages** resulting from Defendants' fraudulent actions.
- 26        • **Punitive damages** due to Defendants' willful and intentional misconduct.
- 27        • **Equitable relief**, including but not limited to the return of **wrongfully**  
28        **obtained property** or its financial equivalent.

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1       **190. Unjust Enrichment:** Defendants have been unjustly enriched by receiving  
2 property or benefits through fraudulent means. Equity demands that Defendants  
3 return the unjustly obtained property or its value. Plaintiff seeks the following legal  
4 and equitable remedies:

- 5       • **Restitution of all credits, money, funds, property, or financial value**  
6       **wrongfully obtained by Defendants.**
- 7       • **Full compensation for the harm suffered, including consequential and**  
8       **punitive damages** resulting from Defendants' fraudulent conduct.

9       **191. 18 U.S. Code § 1341 (Frauds and Swindles)** Expressly Stipulates:

10       *“Whoever, having devised or intending to devise any scheme or artifice*  
11       *to defraud, or for obtaining money or property by means of false or*  
12       *fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises, or to sell, dispose of,*  
13       *loan, exchange, alter, give away, distribute, supply, or furnish or*  
14       *procure for unlawful use any counterfeit or spurious coin, obligation,*  
15       *security, or other article, or anything represented to be or intimated or*  
16       *held out to be such counterfeit or spurious article, for the purpose of*  
17       *executing such scheme or artifice or attempting so to do, places in any*  
18       *post office or authorized depository for mail matter, any matter or thing*  
19       *whatever to be sent or delivered by the Postal Service, or deposits or*  
20       *causes to be deposited any matter or thing whatever to be sent or*  
21       *delivered by any private or commercial interstate carrier, or takes or*  
22       *receives therefrom, any such matter or thing, or knowingly causes to be*  
23       *delivered by mail or such carrier according to the direction thereon, or at*  
24       *the place at which it is directed to be delivered by the person to whom it*  
25       *is addressed, any such matter or thing, shall be fined under this title or*  
26       *imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both.”*

27       **192.** If the violation involves a financial institution, the penalty increases to  
28 imprisonment of up to 30 years and a fine of up to \$1,000,000.

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1 193. As a direct result of Defendants' **false pretenses and fraudulent conduct**,  
2 Plaintiff has suffered financial loss, deprivation of property, reputational harm, and  
3 emotional distress.

4 ***NINETH (9th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

5 **(For Threats and Extortion against all Defendants)**

6 194. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 193 as if set forth  
7 herein.

8 195. **Acknowledgment of Unrebutted Affidavits:** As considered, agreed, and  
9 admitted by Defendants in the unrebutted affidavits (**Exhibits E, F, G, and H**),  
10 Defendants knowingly and willfully engaged in threatening conduct, including  
11 threats of harm and extortion, in violation of applicable laws concerning  
12 internationally protected persons, foreign officials, and nationals of the United  
13 States.

14 196. **Extortionate Demands and Coercion:** Defendants **made extortionate**  
15 **demands** or threats to **influence or coerce Plaintiff** through **intimidation, fraud, or**  
16 **force**, knowing that such threats would lead to harm or unlawful actions that  
17 would benefit Defendants.

18 197. **Nature of Defendants' Threats and Extortionate Conduct:** Defendants'  
19 actions include but are not limited to:

- 20 • **Threatening to violate the rights or safety of an internationally protected**  
21 **person or foreign official**, as defined under 18 U.S.C. § 112 (**Protection of**  
22 **Foreign Officials, Official Guests, and Internationally Protected Persons**).  
23 • **Making extortionate demands** in connection with the threats described  
24 above.  
25 • **Using threats, coercion, and intimidation** to force Plaintiff into compliance  
26 with **unlawful demands**.

27 198. **Coercion and Extortion:** By engaging in these unlawful and  
28 unconstitutional actions, Defendants knowingly engaged in coercion and extortion,



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1 using threats to unlawfully influence or compel Plaintiff to act against their  
2 interests or submit to Defendants' fraudulent claims.

3 **199. Harm to Plaintiff:** Defendants' **extortionate actions** directly harmed  
4 Plaintiff by:

- 5 • **Depriving Plaintiff of their rights or property** under **duress or threat** of  
6 further deprivation and harm.
- 7 • **Forcing Plaintiff into submission through unlawful intimidation and threats.**
- 8 • **Inflicting financial, reputational, and legal damages** through coercive tactics.

9 **200. Unjust Enrichment of Defendants:** Defendants made these extortionate  
10 demands with full knowledge of their unlawfulness, intending to benefit from the  
11 coerced conduct. Defendants' fraudulent and coercive actions have resulted in  
12 unjust enrichment, which demands restitution under the principles of equity and  
13 common law fraud.

14 **201. Private Right of Action:** Plaintiff assert a **private right of action** under:

- 15 • **18 U.S.C. § 873 (Extortion by Officers or Employees of the United States)** –  
16 Provides a **civil remedy** for individuals who have been victims of extortion.
- 17 • **18 U.S.C. § 878 (Threats and Extortion Against Foreign Officials, Official**  
18 **Guests, or Internationally Protected Persons)** – Establishes penalties for  
19 **coercion, threats, and extortionate demands** tied to federally protected  
20 persons or entities.
- 21 • **Civil RICO (18 U.S.C. § 1964)** – Allows Plaintiff to pursue damages **when**  
22 **extortion is tied to racketeering activities** that involve **coercive tactics to**  
23 **gain unlawful financial benefits.**

24 **202. Civil Cause of Action for Extortion and Coercion:** Defendants' actions are  
25 subject to **private civil liability** for:

- 26 • **Compensatory damages** for Plaintiff due to **Defendants' extortion**  
27 **attempts, which forced Plaintiff into statutory compliance** through  
28 **unlawful demands.**

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- **Punitive damages** for Defendants' **intentional, willful, and malicious extortion** under 18 U.S.C. § 878, which provides for **criminal penalties** as well as **civil liability** in cases of **coercion, threats, or extortion**.
- **Consequential damages** resulting from Defendants' **coercive actions**, including **financial and reputational harm**.
- **Equitable relief**, including **restitution and the return of any property wrongfully obtained through extortion**.

203. **Violation of Constitutional and Statutory Rights:** Defendants' conduct also constitutes a violation of Plaintiff's constitutional and statutory rights, including but not limited to:

- **Unlawful coercion** and the **deprivation of property**.
- **The use of intimidation and extortion to override due process protections**.
- **Forcing Plaintiff to act against their will under the threat of harm**.
- **Relevant Statutes and Legal Precedent**

204. **18 U.S. Code § 878 (Threats and Extortion Against Foreign Officials, Official Guests, or Internationally Protected Persons)** expressly stipulates:

*"(a) Whoever knowingly and willfully threatens to violate 18 U.S. Code § 112, 18 U.S. Code § 1116, or 18 U.S. Code § 1201 shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than five years, or both, except that imprisonment for a threatened assault shall not exceed three years.*

*(b) Whoever in connection with any violation of subsection (a) or actual violation of 18 U.S. Code § 112, 18 U.S. Code § 1116, or 18 U.S. Code § 1201 makes any extortionate demand shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both.*

*(c) For the purpose of this section, "foreign official," "internationally protected person," "national of the United States," and "official guest" shall have the same meanings as those provided in 18 U.S. Code § 1116(a).*

*(d) If the victim of an offense under subsection (a) is an internationally*

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protected person outside the United States, the United States may exercise jurisdiction over the offense if:

- The victim is a representative, officer, employee, or agent of the United States.
- The offender is a national of the United States.
- The offender is afterward found in the United States.

205. **Relief Sought:** Plaintiff seeks the following **civil and equitable remedies:**

- **Compensatory damages** for the harm suffered due to the **unlawful and extortionate conduct** of Defendants.
- **Consequential damages** arising from **Defendants' coercive actions**, including **financial and reputational harm**.
- **Punitive damages** for **Defendants' intentional, malicious, and willful misconduct** in unlawfully **threatening and coercing Plaintiff**.
- **Restitution and disgorgement** of any **wrongfully obtained property or financial gains** resulting from **extortion and coercion**.
- **Equitable relief**, including an **injunction against further coercive or extortionate conduct** by Defendants.
- As a **direct result of Defendants' coercion, extortion, and unjust enrichment**, Plaintiff has suffered **financial loss, emotional distress, reputational harm, and the deprivation of their rights under federal law**.

**TENTH (10th) CAUSE OF ACTION**  
**(For Racketeering against all Defendants)**

206. Plaintiff re-asserts and re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 205 as if set forth herein.

207. **Defendants' Racketeering Scheme:** Defendants willfully and intentionally engaged in a pattern of racketeering activity designed to defraud, extort, and

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1 unlawfully deprive Plaintiff of their property and rights. This conduct constitutes  
2 racketeering under 18 U.S.C. § 1961 et seq., as Defendants engaged in multiple  
3 predicate acts of fraud, extortion, mail and wire fraud, conspiracy, and the unlawful  
4 assertion of jurisdiction to further their scheme.

5 208. Defendants' actions include but are not limited to:

- 6 • **Fraudulent misrepresentations regarding financial transactions, debt**  
7 **obligations, and the creation of money.**
- 8 • **Knowingly asserting false claims of debt to coerce compliance.**
- 9 • **Filing fraudulent documents with courts and financial institutions to**  
10 **legitimize unlawful claims.**
- 11 • **Attempting to force Plaintiff into their jurisdiction despite being made**  
12 **aware of the lack of jurisdiction.**
- 13 • **Conspiring to violate Plaintiff's constitutional rights through coercion,**  
14 **intimidation, and fraudulent legal actions.**

15 209. Defendants' actions were committed as part of a broader scheme to **extort**  
16 **financial and property interests from Plaintiff through fraudulent and deceptive**  
17 **practices, demonstrating a clear pattern of racketeering activity** as defined under  
18 **18 U.S.C. § 1961(1).**

19 210. **Predicate Acts of Racketeering: Defendants have engaged in multiple**  
20 **predicate acts of racketeering, including but not limited to:**

- 21 • **Mail Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1341)** – Defendants used the U.S. mail and  
22 commercial carriers to send **fraudulent documents, false financial claims,**  
23 **and unlawful notices** to deceive Plaintiff.
- 24 • **Wire Fraud (18 U.S.C. § 1343)** – Defendants transmitted fraudulent  
25 communications via electronic means to further their racketeering scheme.
- 26 • **Extortion (18 U.S.C. § 1951, Hobbs Act)** – Defendants used threats,  
27 coercion, and intimidation to force Plaintiff to submit to fraudulent  
28 demands.

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- **Money Laundering (18 U.S.C. §§ 1956, 1957)** – Defendants engaged in financial transactions designed to disguise the fraudulent nature of their activities.
- **Conspiracy to Commit Racketeering (18 U.S.C. § 1962(d))** – Defendants conspired with others to carry out a pattern of racketeering activity with the intent to defraud and extort Plaintiff.

211. **Unlawful Assertion of Jurisdiction as a Racketeering Tactic:** Defendants' **fraudulent assertion of jurisdiction** over Plaintiff is an integral part of their racketeering enterprise. Specifically, Defendants:

- **Falsely claimed authority over Plaintiff despite being notified that no jurisdiction existed.**
- **Attempted to coerce Plaintiff into recognizing an unlawful jurisdiction through fraud, intimidation, and economic duress.**
- **Conspired to use fraudulent legal proceedings as a means to enforce illegitimate claims and extract financial gains from Plaintiff.**

212. This **abuse of legal processes** is a key racketeering tactic that violates 18 U.S.C. §§ 1341, 1343, 1951, and 1962.

213. **Private Right of Action Under RICO:** Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c) (RICO), Plaintiff asserts a **private right of action** for damages resulting from Defendants' **racketeering activities**, including but not limited to:

- **The unlawful deprivation of property and economic resources.**
- **Fraudulent legal claims and financial extortion.**
- **Economic harm, reputational damage, and emotional distress.**

214. **Pattern of Racketeering Activity:** Defendants have engaged in a **pattern of racketeering activity**, demonstrating their intent to:

- **Defraud Plaintiff through false financial claims and fraudulent transactions.**
- **Conceal unlawful financial transactions through fraudulent filings and misrepresentations.**



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- **Coerce compliance through threats, deception, and financial manipulation.**
- **Enforce fraudulent claims through the unlawful assertion of jurisdiction.**

215. **Relief Sought:** As a **direct result** of Defendants' **racketeering and fraudulent conduct**, Plaintiff has suffered:

- **Compensatory damages** for financial losses incurred as a result of the racketeering scheme.
- **Treble damages under 18 U.S.C. § 1964(c) (RICO)** due to the **extensive pattern of racketeering activity**.
- **Punitive damages** due to Defendants' **intentional and willful misconduct**.
- **Equitable relief**, including **injunctive relief** to prevent further racketeering activity and **disgorgement of unlawfully obtained property or funds**

### ***ELEVENTH (11th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

#### **(For **Bank Fraud** against all Defendants)**

216. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 215 as if set forth herein.

217. Plaintiff hereby asserts a cause of action for bank fraud under 12 U.S. Code § 1831, which provides a basis for a **private cause of action** for the unlawful conduct of Defendants.

#### **1. Violation of 12 U.S. Code § 1831 – Bank Fraud**

Defendants willfully and intentionally violated 12 U.S. Code § 1831, which expressly stipulates:

"Whoever knowingly executes, or attempts to execute, a scheme or artifice—  
(1) to defraud a financial institution; or (2) to obtain any of the moneys, funds, credits, assets, securities, or other property owned by, or under the custody or control of a financial institution, by means of false or fraudulent pretenses, representations, or promises; shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000 or imprisoned not more than 30 years, or both."

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1       **2. Defendants' Scheme to Defraud**

2       Defendants engaged in a deliberate and fraudulent scheme to defraud a  
3       financial institution, specifically by placing fraudulent claims on the  
4       property, misrepresenting ownership, and creating false debt instruments,  
5       all under false pretenses. These actions were executed with the intent to  
6       unlawfully obtain funds, securities, assets, and other property under the  
7       custody and control of the financial institution.

8       **3. Plaintiff's Financial Harm**

9       The fraudulent conduct perpetrated by Defendants caused substantial  
10      financial harm to Plaintiff. By unlawfully manipulating financial assets and  
11      misleading the financial institution, Defendants' actions further violated  
12      Plaintiff's rights, resulting in significant economic damages.

13      **4. Damages Sought**

14      As a result of the Defendants' violations of 12 U.S. Code § 1831, Plaintiff  
15      seeks to recover compensatory damages, including but not limited to  
16      financial losses, consequential damages, and any other relief the Court  
17      deems appropriate. Additionally, Plaintiff seeks punitive damages in order  
18      to deter further unlawful conduct

19      218. Defendants willfully and intentionally violated 18 U.S. Code § 1344 –  
20      Bank Fraud, which expressly stipulates: "**Whoever knowingly executes, or**  
21      **attempts to execute**, a scheme or artifice – (1) to defraud a financial  
22      institution; or (2) to obtain any of the **moneys, funds, credits, assets,**  
23      **securities, or other property** owned by, or under the custody or control of a  
24      financial institution, by means of false or fraudulent pretenses,  
25      representations, or promises; shall be fined not more than **\$1,000,000** or  
26      imprisoned not more than **30 years, or both.**" Defendants engaged in a  
27      scheme to defraud the financial institution by placing fraudulent claims on  
28      the property, misrepresenting ownership, and creating false debt instruments,

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1 all while under false pretenses. Their actions were designed to obtain funds,  
2 securities, and assets unlawfully, further violating Plaintiff's rights and  
3 causing financial harm."

4 ***TWELFTH (12th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

5 **(For Fraudulent Transportation and Transfer of Stolen Goods, Property,**  
6 **and Securities against all Defendants)**

7 219. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 218 as if set forth  
8 herein.

9 220. **Defendants' Unlawful Actions:** Defendants willfully and knowingly  
10 engaged in the unlawful transportation, transmission, and transfer of stolen,  
11 converted, and fraudulently obtained goods, securities, and money across state  
12 lines, in violation of:

- 13 • **18 U.S. Code § 2314** – Prohibits the interstate transportation of stolen, converted,  
14 or fraudulently obtained property, including securities and money.
- 15 • **18 U.S. Code § 2315** – Prohibits the receipt, possession, concealment, and  
16 disposal of stolen or fraudulently obtained goods, securities, or money.
- 17 • **15 U.S. Code § 78j (Securities Exchange Act of 1934)** – Prohibits  
18 manipulative and deceptive practices in connection with the purchase or  
19 sale of securities.

20 221. Defendants engaged in a coordinated scheme to unlawfully acquire  
21 and transfer Plaintiff's property and financial interests, including but not  
22 limited to:

- 23 • **Real property** fraudulently transferred through **forged deeds and**  
24 **fraudulent filings.**
- 25 • **Monetary instruments and negotiable instruments** unlawfully converted  
26 through deception and misrepresentation.
- 27 • **Financial securities and assets exceeding \$5,000 in value** obtained through  
28 fraudulent means.

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1       **222. Fraudulent Transfers and Participation in Deceptive Conduct:** Defendants  
2       **knowingly participated** in fraudulent transfers of **assets and securities**, including  
3       but not limited to:

- 4       • **Fabricated financial documents** falsely asserting ownership over Plaintiff's  
5       property.
- 6       • **Fraudulent deeds and forged instruments** used to unlawfully transfer  
7       ownership of Plaintiff's assets.
- 8       • **Misrepresentation of financial obligations** designed to coerce Plaintiff into  
9       **accepting false claims.**

10       **223.** These fraudulent activities were knowingly executed by Defendants  
11       despite being on notice of their illegality, as evidenced by the verified and  
12       *unrebutted* commercial affidavits (**Exhibits E, F, G, and H**).

13       **224. Conspiracy to Defraud:** Defendants conspired to transport and  
14       transfer stolen goods, property, and financial securities, with the specific  
15       intent to:

- 16       • **Deprive Plaintiff of their rightful assets.**
- 17       • **Conceal the fraudulent nature of their acquisitions.**
- 18       • **Manipulate financial records to create the appearance of legitimacy.**

19       **225.** This conspiracy violates 15 U.S. Code § 78j, which prohibits fraud,  
20       misrepresentation, and deceptive conduct in the sale or transfer of securities.

21       **226. Execution of Fraudulent and Unlawful Transfers:** Defendants'  
22       scheme to unlawfully transfer Plaintiff's property, including financial  
23       securities, was executed without legal authority or justification,  
24       demonstrating:

- 25       • **Intentional misrepresentation** in legal filings and financial records.
- 26       • **Knowingly transferring stolen and fraudulently acquired assets.**
- 27       • **Utilizing deceptive practices to obscure the unlawful nature of their**  
28       **transactions.**

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1       **227. Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (FDCPA):** As further  
2 evidenced by the un rebutted commercial affidavits, Defendants engaged in  
3 fraudulent debt collection practices, in violation of:

- 4       • **15 U.S. Code § 1692 (FDCPA)** – Prohibits deceptive and misleading debt  
5 collection practices.
- 6       • **15 U.S. Code § 1692e** – Prohibits false representations and deceptive  
7 conduct in the collection of debts.
- 8       • **15 U.S. Code § 1692f** – Prohibits unfair or unconscionable means to collect  
9 or attempt to collect any debt.

10       **228. Defendants:**

- 11       • **Falsely represented financial obligations** through fraudulent documents  
12 and fabricated debt instruments.
- 13       • **Coerced Plaintiff into compliance** using unlawful and deceptive  
14 tactics.
- 15       • **Attempted to mislead Plaintiff into relinquishing property, funds, or**  
16 **assets** under false pretenses.

17       **229. Harm and Financial Loss:** As a **direct result** of Defendants' unlawful  
18 conduct, Plaintiff has suffered:

- 19       • **The wrongful deprivation of property and financial securities.**
- 20       • **Significant emotional distress and reputational harm.**
- 21       • **Financial damages resulting from forced legal proceedings to reclaim**  
22 **unlawfully transferred assets.**
- 23       • **Loss of revenue**

24       **230. Private Right of Action and Relief Sought:** Plaintiff asserts a private right  
25 of action under:

- 26       • **18 U.S.C. § 2314 and § 2315** – Plaintiff seeks full **compensatory and treble**  
27 **damages** for losses incurred due to Defendants' fraudulent transfer and  
28 transportation of stolen property.



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- **15 U.S. Code § 78j** – Plaintiff seeks **injunctive relief** and **damages** for Defendants’ deceptive and fraudulent securities transactions.
- **15 U.S. Code § 1692k (FDCPA)** – Plaintiff is entitled to:
  - **Actual damages** for financial loss.
  - **Statutory damages** due to Defendants’ deceptive debt collection practices.
  - **Attorney’s fees and costs** associated with enforcing their rights.

231. Defendants have engaged in a systematic scheme to fraudulently transport and transfer stolen property, securities, and financial instruments, in violation of federal racketeering, fraud, and debt collection laws. Plaintiff seeks full redress, damages, and equitable relief as provided under all applicable laws.

### ***THIRTEENTH (13<sup>th</sup>) CAUSE OF ACTION*** **(For Torture against all Defendants)**

232. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 231 as if set forth herein.

233. **Defendants’ Unlawful and Unconstitutional Acts:** Defendants willfully and intentionally subjected Plaintiff to unlawful and unconstitutional arrest, detention, and involuntary imprisonment, constituting torture and cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment in violation of federal and international law. Defendants’ actions include but are not limited to:

- **The unlawful deprivation of Plaintiff's liberty without due process of law.**
- **The use of coercion, threats, and force to compel Plaintiff into compliance.**
- **The infliction of severe mental, emotional, and physical distress.**
- **Deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's constitutional and human rights.**

234. These actions constitute acts of torture, as defined under 18 U.S.C. § 2340 and § 2340A (Torture Statute), which prohibits acts intended to inflict severe pain or suffering, whether physical or mental, upon a person in custody or control of government officials or agents.

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235. **Unlawful Arrest and Involuntary Imprisonment as Torture:** Defendants acted **under the color of law** to unlawfully seize, detain, and imprison Plaintiff without lawful authority, violating:

- **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Deprivation of rights under the color of law.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Conspiracy to interfere with civil rights.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Neglect to prevent civil rights violations.

236. The false imprisonment and deprivation rights and of liberty were carried out with:

- **No valid warrant or probable cause.**
- **No due process, lawful charges, or legitimate legal justification.**
- **No immediate access to legal counsel, communication, or redress.**

237. Defendants' actions violated Plaintiff's fundamental rights, including but not limited to:

- **The Fourth Amendment** – Protection against **unlawful searches and seizures.**
- **The Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments** – Right to **due process and protection against self-incrimination and coercion.**
- **The Eighth Amendment** – Prohibition of **cruel and unusual punishment,** including inhumane treatment.

238. **Mental and Physical Suffering Inflicted:** Defendants' coercive and unlawful tactics caused Plaintiff:

- **Severe emotional and psychological trauma,** including distress, humiliation, and fear.
- **Physical harm and deterioration** due to mistreatment while unlawfully detained.
- **Economic losses, reputational damage, and the deprivation of life, liberty, and property.**

239. Defendants acted with intent to:

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- 1 • **Break Plaintiff's will through coercion, threats, and duress.**
- 2 • **Cause prolonged suffering through unlawful confinement and**
- 3 **psychological manipulation.**
- 4 • **Force Plaintiff into compliance with fraudulent and unlawful legal**
- 5 **proceedings.**

6 240. **Private Right of Action and Relief Sought:** Plaintiff asserts a private right  
7 of action under:

- 8 • **18 U.S.C. § 2340A** – Prohibiting acts of torture committed under color of  
9 law.
- 10 • **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Seeking damages for violations of constitutional  
11 rights.
- 12 • **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Seeking damages for conspiracy to violate civil  
13 rights.
- 14 • **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Seeking damages for failure to prevent rights  
15 violations.

16 241. Plaintiff seeks the Following Relief:

- 17 • **Compensatory damages** for physical, emotional, and economic harm.
- 18 • **Treble damages under 18 U.S.C. § 2340A for acts of torture.**
- 19 • **Punitive damages** to deter future unconstitutional conduct.
- 20 • **Injunctive relief** to prevent further abuse by Defendants.

21 242. Defendants deliberately engaged in acts of torture, unlawful imprisonment,  
22 and cruel and inhumane treatment under color of law, violating constitutional,  
23 statutory, and international human rights protections. Plaintiff demand full redress,  
24 damages, and equitable relief as provided under all applicable laws.

## 25 ***FOURTEENTH (14th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

26 **(For Kidnapping against all Defendants)**

27 243. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 242 as if fully set  
28 forth herein.

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1        **244. Defendants' Unlawful and Unconstitutional Acts:** Defendants willfully  
2 and intentionally engaged in the unlawful seizure, detention, and forced  
3 transportation of Plaintiff against their will, constituting kidnapping under federal  
4 law. Defendants' actions include but are not limited to:

- 5        • **The unlawful deprivation of Plaintiff's liberty through force, threats,**  
6        **deception, or coercion.**
- 7        • **The illegal arrest, detention, and transportation of Plaintiff without**  
8        **lawful authority or due process.**
- 9        • **The use of intimidation and duress to compel Plaintiff into submission.**
- 10       • **The refusal to recognize Plaintiff's constitutional protections and lawful**  
11       **objections.**

12       **245.** These actions constitute kidnapping as defined under 18 U.S.C. § 1201(a)  
13 (Federal Kidnapping Act), which states:

14       *"Whoever unlawfully seizes, confines, inveigles, decoys, kidnaps, abducts, or*  
15       *carries away and holds for ransom or reward or otherwise any person, except in the*  
16       *case of a minor by the parent thereof, when – (1) the person is willfully transported*  
17       *in interstate or foreign commerce, regardless of whether the person was alive when*  
18       *transported; (2) the offender travels in interstate or foreign commerce or uses the*  
19       *mail or any means, facility, or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce in*  
20       *committing or in furtherance of the offense; (3) any person is kidnapped within the*  
21       *special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States; or (4) the offense*  
22       *involves a foreign official, an internationally protected person, or an official guest as*  
23       *those terms are defined in section 1116(b) of this title, shall be punished by*  
24       *imprisonment for any term of years or for life."*

25       **246. Unlawful Arrest and Forced Detention as Kidnapping:** Defendants acted  
26 under the color of law to unlawfully seize, detain, and transport Plaintiff without  
27 legal authority, in violation of:

- 28       • **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Deprivation of rights under color of law.

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1 • **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Conspiracy to interfere with civil rights.

2 • **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Neglect to prevent civil rights violations.

3 247. The false arrest and forced detention were executed:

4 • **Without a valid warrant, probable cause, or lawful justification.**

5 • **Without providing Plaintiff with due process or access to legal**  
6 **representation.**

7 • **Through threats, coercion, and physical restraint, depriving Plaintiff of**  
8 **their freedom.**

9 248. Defendants' actions violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights, including:

10 • **The Fourth Amendment** – Protection against **unlawful searches and**  
11 **seizures.**

12 • **The Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments** – Right to **due process** and  
13 **protection from unlawful detention.**

14 • **The Eighth Amendment** – Prohibition of **cruel and unusual**  
15 **punishment.**

16 • **Forced Transportation and Deprivation of Liberty**

17 249. Defendants kidnapped Plaintiff by physically restraining, transporting, and  
18 detaining them against their will under fraudulent and unlawful pretense,  
19 including but not limited to:

20 • **Forcing Plaintiff into custody without lawful authority.**

21 • **Transporting Plaintiff against their will to an undisclosed or**  
22 **unauthorized location.**

23 • **Detaining Plaintiff unlawfully while depriving them of communication**  
24 **and legal recourse.**

25 250. These actions constitute kidnapping and unlawful imprisonment, carried  
26 out willfully and with deliberate intent to deprive Plaintiff of their rights.

27 251. **Harm and Damages Suffered:** As a **direct result** of Defendants' unlawful  
28 conduct, Plaintiff suffered:



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- **Severe emotional distress, trauma, and psychological harm.**
- **Physical harm resulting from unlawful restraint and detention.**
- **Reputational damage, loss of income, and deprivation of life, liberty, and property.**

252. **Private Right of Action and Relief Sought:** Plaintiff asserts a private right of action under:

- **18 U.S.C. § 1201(a) (Federal Kidnapping Act)** – Prohibits the unlawful seizure and transportation of individuals.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Provides for civil liability for those acting under color of law who deprive individuals of their constitutional rights.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Prohibits conspiracies to interfere with constitutional rights, including unlawful abduction.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Holds those accountable who fail to prevent civil rights violations.

253. **Plaintiff seeks the Following Relief:**

- **Compensatory damages** for emotional, physical, and financial harm.
- **Treble damages under 18 U.S.C. § 1201 for acts of kidnapping.**
- **Punitive damages** to deter future unlawful detentions and abductions.
- **Injunctive relief** to prevent further unlawful acts by Defendants.

254. Defendants **willfully and unlawfully seized, transported, and detained Plaintiff against their will, depriving them of their fundamental rights.** Plaintiff demand **full redress, damages, and equitable relief under all applicable laws.**

### ***FIFTEENTH (15th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

#### **(Forced Peonage – Against all Defendants)**

255. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 254 as if fully set forth herein.

256. **Defendants' Unlawful and Unconstitutional Acts:** Defendants willfully and intentionally subjected Plaintiff to forced peonage, involuntary servitude, and

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1 economic coercion, in violation of federal law and constitutional protections.

2 Plaintiff was unlawfully compelled to work, perform obligations, or comply with  
3 fraudulent demands under duress, coercion, and the threat of legal and financial  
4 penalties, including but not limited to:

- 5 • **Unlawful and unconstitutional enforcement of financial claims without**  
6 **due process.**
- 7 • **Compelling Plaintiff to pay or perform under threats of arrest, asset**  
8 **seizure, or legal action.**
- 9 • **Depriving Plaintiff of their right to be free from involuntary servitude**  
10 **and forced labor.**
- 11 • **Using fraud, coercion, and intimidation to impose involuntary financial**  
12 **and contractual obligations.**

13 257. These actions constitute peonage and forced servitude under **18 U.S.C. §**  
14 **1581 (Peonage Law), 18 U.S.C. § 1584 (Involuntary Servitude), and the Thirteenth**  
15 **Amendment of the United States Constitution**, which prohibit:

16 *"Holding or returning any person to a condition of peonage, or arresting them with*  
17 *the intent to place them in such condition."*

18 *"Knowingly and willfully holding any person in involuntary servitude, except as*  
19 *punishment for a crime whereof the party has been duly convicted."*

20 **258. Defendants' Scheme to Enforce Peonage Through Coercion and Threats:**  
21 Defendants acted under color of law to compel Plaintiff into compliance with  
22 fraudulent financial and legal demands, in violation of:

- 23 • **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Deprivation of rights under color of law.
- 24 • **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Conspiracy to interfere with civil rights.
- 25 • **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Neglect to prevent civil rights violations.
- 26 • **15 U.S.C. § 1692 (FDCPA)** – Prohibiting fraudulent and coercive financial  
27 demands.

28 259. Defendants' actions forced Plaintiff into involuntary compliance by:

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- **Threatening financial ruin, legal penalties, and physical confinement to compel labor, payment, or performance.**
- **Fabricating legal claims and financial obligations to keep Plaintiff in a cycle of perpetual servitude.**
- **Illegally seizing or threatening to seize Plaintiff's property to enforce compliance.**
- **Coercing Plaintiff into fraudulent contractual agreements under economic duress.**

260. **Economic Coercion as a Form of Peonage:** Defendants' fraudulent enforcement of obligations through **threats, coercion, and economic restraint** constitutes **forced peonage**, as:

- **Plaintiff was unlawfully and unconstitutionally extorted and coerced to pay or perform under threat of harm.**
- **Defendants unlawfully asserted financial and legal control over Plaintiff's lives.**
- **Plaintiff were deprived of the ability to challenge these fraudulent claims without severe financial and legal consequences.**

261. Defendants utilized legal and financial mechanisms to create a system of involuntary servitude, using debt, force, and coercion as tools of control, violating:

- **18 U.S.C. § 1581** – Peonage, compelling a person to work off a debt through force or threat.
- **18 U.S.C. § 1584** – Involuntary servitude, unlawfully coercing an individual to labor against their will.
- **The Thirteenth Amendment** – Prohibiting slavery and involuntary servitude except as punishment for a crime after due process.

262. **Harm and Damages Suffered:** As a **direct result** of Defendants' actions, Plaintiff has suffered:

- **Severe financial losses due to unlawful coercion.**

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- **Emotional distress, mental anguish, and reputational damage.**
- **Deprivation of rights, property, and economic independence.**

263. **Private Right of Action and Relief Sought:** Plaintiff asserts a private right of action under:

- **18 U.S.C. § 1581 (Peonage Law)** – Prohibiting forced labor or servitude under threat or coercion.
- **18 U.S.C. § 1584 (Involuntary Servitude)** – Prohibiting the use of force or legal coercion to enslave or control individuals.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Civil remedy for deprivation of rights under color of law.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Prohibiting conspiracies to interfere with constitutional rights, including economic servitude.
- **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Liability for failing to prevent civil rights violations.
- **15 U.S.C. § 1692 (FDCPA)** – Prohibiting deceptive financial practices and coercion.

264. **Plaintiff seeks the Following Relief:**

- **Compensatory damages** for financial, emotional, and reputational harm.
- **Treble damages under 18 U.S.C. § 1581 for forced peonage.**
- **Punitive damages** to deter future unconstitutional conduct.
- **Injunctive relief** to prevent further acts of peonage and forced servitude.

265. Defendants **willfully engaged in the unlawful imposition of forced peonage and economic servitude**, violating **constitutional, statutory, and human rights protections**. Plaintiff respectfully demands **full redress, damages, and equitable relief under all applicable laws**.

#### ***SIXTEENTH (16th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

**(Unlawful Interference, Intimidation, Extortion, and Emotional Distress — Against all Defendants)**

266. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 265 as if fully set forth herein.

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1       **267. Defendants' Unlawful Conduct:** Defendants willfully and knowingly  
2 engaged in unlawful interference, intimidation, and extortion, designed to coerce,  
3 manipulate, and deprive Plaintiff of their rights, property, and economic interests.  
4 This conduct included:

- 5       • **Threats of violence, intimidation, and coercion** to force Plaintiff into  
6 compliance with unlawful demands.
- 7       • **Intentional disruption of Plaintiff's business and economic pursuits**  
8 through extortionate tactics.
- 9       • **Use of fear and duress to interfere with Plaintiff's lawful activities.**
- 10       • Defendants' actions were **malicious, unlawful, and calculated to inflict**  
11 **harm**, constituting violations of:
- 12       • **18 U.S.C. § 1951 (Hobbs Act)** – Prohibiting extortion through wrongful use  
13 of force, violence, or threats.
- 14       • **18 U.S.C. § 875** – Criminalizing threats made through electronic  
15 communication.
- 16       • **42 U.S.C. § 1983** – Prohibiting deprivation of rights under color of law.
- 17       • **42 U.S.C. § 1985** – Prohibiting conspiracies to interfere with civil rights.
- 18       • **42 U.S.C. § 1986** – Holding accountable those who fail to prevent civil rights  
19 violations.

20       **268. Threats and Coercion:** Defendants **intentionally engaged in coercive**  
21 **tactics** designed to instill fear and force Plaintiff to act against their will. These  
22 threats:

- 23       • **Were communicated through electronic means, written correspondence,**  
24 **and verbal intimidation.**
- 25       • **Included explicit and implicit threats of harm, financial ruin, and legal**  
26 **repercussions.**
- 27       • **Were aimed at coercing Plaintiff into relinquishing their property,**  
28 **business interests, or legal rights.**



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269. Defendants' admissions in their *unrebutted affidavits* confirm that these threats were made with the specific intent to intimidate, coerce, and interfere with Plaintiff's lawful activities. These affidavits, being uncontested, must be deemed as established facts under applicable legal principles.

270. **Resulting Economic and Emotional Harm:** As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' wrongful conduct, Plaintiff suffered:

**A. Economic Damages**

- **Loss of business opportunities and revenue** due to Defendants' intentional interference.
- **Damage to Plaintiff's business reputation** caused by Defendants' wrongful conduct.
- **Significant financial losses** stemming from extortionate demands and threats.

**B. Emotional Distress**

- **Severe emotional trauma, humiliation, and anxiety** inflicted through threats and coercion.
- **Psychological harm** resulting from Defendants' reckless disregard for Plaintiff's well-being.
- **Mental anguish caused by intimidation and wrongful interference with Plaintiff's livelihood.**

271. These damages, detailed in Plaintiff's *unrebutted affidavits*, remain unchallenged by Defendants and must therefore be accepted as true and dispositive.

272. **Extortionate Conduct:** Defendants' actions constitute extortion under 18 U.S.C. § 1951 (Hobbs Act), which criminalizes:

*"The obtaining of property from another, with his consent, induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official right."*

273. Defendants' acts included:

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- 1 • **Coercing Plaintiff into relinquishing property, services, or financial assets.**
- 2 • **Coercing and forcing Plaintiff to act against their will under threat of**
- 3 **harm, legal consequences, or financial destruction.**
- 4 • **Engaging in fraud and intimidation to deprive Plaintiff of their rightful**
- 5 **property and business interests.**

6 274. These acts, documented in Plaintiff's un rebutted affidavits, remain  
7 uncontested and must be accepted as legal fact.

8 275. **Outrageous and Extreme Behavior:** Defendants' conduct was extreme,  
9 outrageous, and beyond all bounds of decency, demonstrating:

- 10 • **A reckless disregard for Plaintiff's economic and personal well-being.**
- 11 • **Deliberate efforts to manipulate, threaten, and coerce Plaintiff into**
- 12 **compliance with unlawful demands.**
- 13 • **A willful intent to disrupt Plaintiff's lives through intimidation,**
- 14 **extortion, and fraud.**

15 276. **Damages and Relief:** As a **direct and proximate result** of Defendants'  
16 unlawful acts, Plaintiff seeks the following relief:

17 **A. Compensatory Damages**

- 18 • **Restitution for financial losses** resulting from unlawful interference and
- 19 **extortion.**
- 20 • **Damages for severe emotional distress** and psychological harm.
- 21 • **Recovery of expenses, including legal costs incurred to defend against**
- 22 **Defendants' intimidation tactics.**

23 **B. Punitive Damages**

- 24 • **To punish Defendants for their willful, malicious, and unlawful conduct.**
- 25 • **To deter similar wrongful actions in the future.**

26 **C. Other Relief**

- 27 • **Injunctive relief** to prevent further intimidation, interference, and extortion
- 28 **by Defendants.**

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- **Any additional relief deemed just and appropriate by the Court.**

277. **Unrebutted Affidavits and Legal Entitlement:** Defendants failed to rebut Plaintiff's sworn affidavits, which provide uncontested evidence of unlawful interference, intimidation, and extortion. Under established legal principles, these affidavits must be deemed as true and dispositive.

278. Defendants *willfully* engaged in a coordinated scheme of intimidation, extortion, and interference, violating federal law, constitutional protections, and civil rights statutes. Plaintiff respectfully demands full redress, compensatory and punitive damages, and equitable relief under all applicable laws

### **SEVENTEENTH (17<sup>th</sup>) CAUSE OF ACTION**

#### **(Declaratory Judgement and Relief – Against all Defendants)**

279. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 278 as if fully set forth herein.

280. **Nature of the Relief Sought:** Plaintiff seeks a **declaratory judgment** affirming that Defendants have engaged in **unlawful, fraudulent, and injurious conduct** and that Plaintiff is entitled to **immediate legal and equitable relief** as a matter of law. This Court is empowered under **28 U.S.C. § 2201 (Declaratory Judgment Act)** to declare the rights, status, and legal relations of the parties in this matter.

281. Plaintiff further asserts that all facts, claims, and allegations stated herein have been unrebutted and, under applicable law, must be deemed true and dispositive. Accordingly, Plaintiff is entitled to a declaratory judgment confirming the following:

#### **1. Fraud and Misrepresentation**

Defendants knowingly engaged in **fraudulent misrepresentation** by falsifying financial obligations, misrepresenting material facts, and asserting authority they did not lawfully possess. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants' actions constitute **fraud in the factum** and **fraudulent**

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1 **inducement**, rendering all transactions, claims, and agreements void ab  
2 initio.

3 **2. Breach of Contract**

4 Defendants **willfully and intentionally breached contractual obligations**,  
5 violating express and implied agreements, including but not limited to  
6 fraudulently created financial obligations. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that  
7 Defendants' conduct constitutes a **material breach**, entitling Plaintiff to **full**  
8 **restitution and damages**.

9 **3. Theft, Embezzlement, and Fraudulent Misapplication of Funds and**  
10 **Assets**

11 Defendants unlawfully took possession of, converted, or misapplied funds  
12 and assets belonging to Plaintiff, in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 656 and 666.  
13 Plaintiff seeks a declaration confirming Defendants' **unlawful**  
14 **appropriation of funds and assets**, requiring **full restitution and treble**  
15 **damages**.

16 **4. Fraud, Forgery, and Unauthorized Use of Identity**

17 Defendants engaged in **identity theft, forgery, and fraud**, fabricating false  
18 claims and documents to manipulate legal and financial proceedings.  
19 Plaintiff seeks a declaration that all fraudulent claims, transactions, and  
20 instruments are **null and void** as a matter of law.

21 **5. Monopolization of Trade and Commerce, and Unfair Business Practices**

22 Defendants conspired to monopolize trade, restrict competition, and restrain  
23 commerce through fraudulent and unfair practices, violating 15 U.S.C. § 2.  
24 Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants' **anticompetitive and monopolistic**  
25 **conduct** renders all related transactions **unenforceable and unlawful**.

26 **6. Deprivation of Rights Under Color of Law**

27 Defendants, acting under **color of law**, **deprived Plaintiff of fundamental**  
28 **rights** in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that

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Defendants **violated Plaintiff's constitutionally protected rights** and are **liable for compensatory and punitive damages**.

**7. Receiving Extortion Proceeds**

Defendants **knowingly received and benefited from proceeds obtained through extortion**, violating 18 U.S.C. § 880. Plaintiff seeks a declaration confirming Defendants' **unjust enrichment through criminal means**, requiring full disgorgement and treble damages.

**8. False Pretenses and Fraud**

Defendants engaged in **fraudulent misrepresentation and false pretenses** to unlawfully obtain assets, violating 18 U.S.C. § 1341. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that all fraudulently obtained property, funds, and assets **must be returned to Plaintiff immediately**.

**9. Threats and Extortion**

Defendants engaged in **coercion, intimidation, and extortion**, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1951 (Hobbs Act). Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants **engaged in unlawful threats and extortion**, entitling Plaintiff to **full compensatory and punitive damages**.

**10. Racketeering (RICO Violations)**

Defendants engaged in a **pattern of racketeering activity** under 18 U.S.C. § 1961 et seq., including fraud, extortion, and money laundering. Plaintiff seek a declaration confirming Defendants' **criminal liability under RICO**, entitling Plaintiff to **treble damages and injunctive relief**.

**11. Bank Fraud**

Defendants engaged in **fraudulent banking transactions**, violating 18 U.S.C. § 1344. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants' **fraudulent banking practices render all related claims and transactions void**.

**12. Fraudulent Transportation and Transfer of Stolen Goods and Securities**



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Defendants unlawfully transported stolen property, securities, and financial instruments across state lines, violating **18 U.S.C. §§ 2314 and 2315**. Plaintiff respectfully seeks a declaration that all fraudulently transferred assets **must be immediately returned**.

**13. Torture**

Defendants engaged in **torture through unlawful imprisonment, coercion, and psychological abuse**, violating **18 U.S.C. § 2340A**. Plaintiff seeks a declaration confirming Defendants' **liability for cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment**.

**14. Kidnapping**

Defendants unlawfully **seized, detained, and transported Plaintiff against their will**, violating **18 U.S.C. § 1201**. Plaintiff seeks a declaration confirming that Defendants engaged in **criminal kidnapping**, entitling Plaintiff to **treble damages**.

**15. Forced Peonage**

Defendants subjected Plaintiff to **economic servitude and forced labor**, violating **18 U.S.C. § 1581**. Plaintiff seeks a declaration confirming that Defendants engaged in **forced peonage**, requiring **full restitution and injunctive relief**.

**16. Unlawful Interference, Intimidation, Extortion, and Emotional Distress**

Defendants engaged in **extreme and outrageous conduct**, causing economic harm and severe emotional distress. Plaintiff seeks a declaration that Defendants are **liable for intentional infliction of emotional distress and unlawful business interference**.

**282. Declaratory Judgment and Relief Requested:** Based on the uncontested and *unrebutted* affidavits submitted by Plaintiff, which Defendants failed to dispute, Plaintiff's request that this Court enter a declaratory judgment confirming the following:

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- All fraudulent claims, financial instruments, and transactions asserted by Defendants are null and void as a matter of law.
- Defendants engaged in willful violations of federal and constitutional law and are liable for all resulting damages.
- Plaintiff is entitled to immediate relief, including the return of all unlawfully taken property, financial assets, and securities.
- Defendants' fraudulent actions constitute RICO violations, entitling Plaintiff to treble damages and injunctive relief.

283. **Demand for Summary Judgment:** As a matter of uncontested fact and law, Plaintiff respectfully demands summary judgment confirming Defendants' liability for all causes of action stated herein and granting:

- A final judgment in favor of Plaintiff in the amount of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** in lawfully recognized currency, such as **gold and silver coin**, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.
- A perfected lien against Defendants' assets in satisfaction of this judgment.
- Any and all additional relief deemed just and appropriate by the Court.

284. Defendants' failure to rebut Plaintiff's sworn affidavits constitutes tacit admission of all claims asserted herein. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to declaratory and summary judgment as a matter of law.

### ***EIGHTEENTH (18th) CAUSE OF ACTION***

**(Summary Judgement as a Matter of Law – Against all Defendants)**

285. Plaintiff re-affirms and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 284 as if fully set forth herein.

286. Plaintiff respectfully moves for **summary judgment** in their favor as the **undisputed material facts** establish Defendants' **liability** under the clear, enforceable terms of the **Contract and Security Agreement**. As a matter of law, Defendants have:

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- 1 • **Explicitly stipulated and accepted**, through their conduct and inaction, a  
2 **binding judgment, summary judgment, and lien authorization** (pursuant  
3 to U.C.C. § 9-509).
- 4 • **Accepted liability in the agreed-upon amount of One Trillion Dollars**  
5 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** in lawfully recognized currency, such as gold and silver  
6 coin, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution,  
7 as evidenced by their failure to rebut the *unrebutted* commercial affidavits and  
8 the self-executing Contract and Security Agreement.
- 9 • **Waived any grounds to contest this judgment** through tacit procurement,  
10 **silent acquiescence, and willful default.**

11 287. Defendants were **duly served** with the necessary legal instruments,  
12 including:

- 13 • **Unrebutted** affidavits establishing the facts of this case.
- 14 • **Contract and Security Agreement** – confirmed and accepted via USPS Registered,  
15 Express, and/or Certified Mail (Form 3811). See exhibits E, F, G, and H.
- 16 • **Public notices and filings confirming Defendants' default and consent to**  
17 **judgment.**

18 288. Application of **Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure**: Under Rule  
19 56(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, summary judgment must be granted  
20 when:

21 *"The movant shows that there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and the*  
22 *movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law."*

23 289. The undisputed, unrebutted commercial affidavits conclusively establish:

- 24 • **Defendants' liability** under the Contract and Security Agreement.
- 25 • **Defendants' failure to rebut or contest the claims**, making all facts stated  
26 therein legally binding.
- 27 • **Defendants' waiver of defenses and objections** due to willful silence and  
28 acquiescence.

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290. Since all material facts have been admitted and remain undisputed, Plaintiff is entitled to summary judgment as a matter of law.

291. **Application of Legal Doctrines:** Pursuant to well-established legal principles, **this matter is conclusively settled** and cannot be contested:

- **Res Judicata** – The matters presented in Plaintiff’s affidavits are **final and binding**, precluding Defendants from raising any new defenses or objections.
- **Collateral Estoppel** – The **administrative findings** contained in Plaintiff’s un rebutted affidavits are **conclusive and enforceable** as a matter of law.
- **Stare Decisis** – The legal issues presented in this case have been established through precedent and must be applied consistently.

292. Given these uncontested facts, there is no genuine issue of material fact, making summary judgment appropriate as a matter of law.

293. **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(a):** Under California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(a):

“A party may move for summary judgment if it is contended that the action has no merit or that there is no defense to the action. The motion shall be granted if all the papers submitted show that there is no triable issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law.”

294. Since all material facts have been deemed admitted and remain undisputed, Plaintiff is entitled to judgment in their favor.

**CLAIM, REQUEST, and DEMAND FOR RELIEF:**

295. Plaintiff incorporates by reference the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 294 as if fully set forth herein.

296. Plaintiff **respectfully and honorably** demands the following relief:

1. Summary Judgment as a matter of law, in the Amount of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** in lawfully recognized currency, such as **gold and silver coin**, as authorized under Article I, Section 10, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution.

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- 1 • **Liquidated damages** as agreed upon in the Contract and Security
- 2 Agreement.
- 3 • **Full satisfaction of all claims through enforcement of the perfected**
- 4 **lien.**

5 **2. Permanent Injunction Against Defendants**

- 6 • **Prohibiting further fraud, extortion, coercion, and unlawful**
- 7 **interference.**
- 8 • **Ordering the immediate cessation of all unlawful acts affecting**
- 9 **Plaintiff's rights and property.**

10 **3. Compensatory and Treble Damages**

- 11 • **Full restitution for all property, assets, and funds wrongfully taken**
- 12 **or transferred.**
- 13 • **Treble damages under applicable statutes, including RICO**
- 14 **violations (18 U.S.C. § 1964(c)).**

15 **4. Declaratory Judgment Affirming Defendants' Liability**

- 16 • **Confirming that all fraudulent claims, documents, and transactions**
- 17 **asserted by Defendants are null and void.**
- 18 • **Affirming that Defendants have willfully violated federal and state**
- 19 **laws, entitling Plaintiff to full legal and equitable relief.**

20 **5. Enforcement of the Lien Against Defendants' Assets**

- 21 • **Perfected lien under U.C.C. § 9-509, securing Plaintiff's claims**
- 22 **against all property, accounts, and holdings of Defendants.**
- 23 • **Immediate liquidation of assets to satisfy judgment.**

24 **6. Any Additional Relief Deemed Just and Proper by the Court.**

25 **7. Defendants have failed to rebut the sworn commercial affidavits,**  
26 **have waived all defenses through silence, and are bound by the**  
27 **terms of the Contract and Security Agreement. Under Rule 56 of the**  
28 **Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff is entitled to immediate**



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summary judgment, full relief, and enforcement of all remedies requested herein.

111. Exhibits "A" through "BB," which include the unrebutted commercial affidavits and related documentation establishing Defendants' tacit agreement and the undisputed merit and validity of Plaintiff's claims.

//

### LIST OF EXHIBITS / EVIDENCE:

1. Exhibit A: Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact'
2. Exhibit B: Hold Harmless Agreement
3. Exhibit C: Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #2024385925-4.
4. Exhibit D: Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC3 filing ##2024402990-2 .
5. E Exhibit E: Contract Security Agreement #RF775820621US, titled: NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.
6. Exhibit F: Contract Security Agreement #RF775821088US, titled: NOTICE OF DEFAULT, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON
7. Exhibit G: Contract Security Agreement #RF775822582US, titled: NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND OPPORTUNITY TO CURE AND NOTICE OF FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, KIDNAPPING.
8. Exhibit H: Contract Security Agreement #RF775823645US, titled: Affidavit Certificate of Dishonor, Non-response, DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN AUTHORIZATION.
9. Exhibit I: Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit E.

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- 1 10. **Exhibit J:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit F.
- 2 11. **Exhibit K:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit G.
- 3 12. **Exhibit L:** Form 3811 corresponding to Exhibit H.
- 4 13. **Exhibit M:** INVOICE/TRUE BILL #RIVSHERTREAS12312024
- 5 14. **Exhibit N:** Copy of 'MASTER DISCHARGE AND INDEMNITY BOND'
- 6 #RF661448567US.
- 7 15. **Exhibit O:** Photograph(s) of Defendant/Respondent Gregory D Eastwood.
- 8 16. **Exhibit P:** Photograph(s) of Defendant/Respondent Robert C V Bowman.
- 9 17. **Exhibit Q:** Photograph(s) of Defendant/Respondent Willam Pratt.
- 10 18. **Exhibit R:** Affidavit 'Right to Travel': CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND
- 11 REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT
- 12 and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991
- 13 19. **Exhibit S:** Revocation Termination and Cancelation of Franchise.
- 14 20. **Exhibit T:** CITATION/BOND #TE464702, accepted **under threat, duress, and**
- 15 **coercion.**
- 16 21. **Exhibit U:** Private Transport's PRIVATE PLATE displayed on the automobile
- 17 22. **Exhibit V:** Copy of "Automobile" and "commercial vehicle" defined by DMV
- 18 (Department of Motor Vehicles).
- 19 23. **Exhibit W:** Copy of CA CODE § 260 from <https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>.
- 20 24. **Exhibit X:** national/non-citizen national passport card #C35510079.
- 21 25. **Exhibit Y:** national/non-citizen national passport book #A39235161.
- 22 26. **Exhibit Z:** <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© Copyright and Trademark Agreement.
- 23 27. **Exhibit AA:** A copy of American Bar Association's 'Attorney In Fact' Definition.
- 24 28. **Exhibit BB:** A Copy of Rule 8.4: (Misconduct) of the American Bar Association.
- 25 //
- 26 //
- 27 //
- 28 //

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**COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

County of Riverside )  
) Commercial Oath and Verification  
The State of California )

I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true, correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of Truth regarding same signed and sealed this 17TH day of APRIL in the year of Our Lord two thousand and twenty five:

proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*,  
All rights reserved without prejudice and without recourse.

By: 

Kevin Walker, national, Secured Party

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

*sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*

By: 

Donabelle Mortel (Witness)

*sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*

By: 

Corey Walker (Witness)

//

//

//

Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA — Registered Mail #RF775824950US — Dated: April 17, 2025

# PROOF OF SERVICE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA )  
) ss.  
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE )

I competent, over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. My mailing address is the Delfond Group, care of: 30650 Rancho California Road suite 406-251, Temecula, California [92591]. On or before April 17, 2025, I served the within documents:

1. **[AMENDED] VERIFIED COMPLAINT FOR FRAUD, BREACH OF CONTRACT, THEFT, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, CONSPIRACY, RACKETEERING, KIDNAPPING, TORTURE, and SUMMARY JUDGEMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW.**

2. **Exhibits A through BB.**

3. **NOTICE OF FILING FIRST AMENDED VERIFIED COMPLAINT AS A MATTER OF COURSE**

**By United States Mail.** I enclosed the documents in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed below by placing the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with this business's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepared. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail in Riverside County, California, and sent via Registered Mail with a form 3811.

Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt,  
Robert Gell, Joseph Sinz, Nicholas Gruwell,  
C/o RIVERSIDE SHERIFF  
30755-D Auld Road, Suite L-067  
Murrieta, California [92563]

Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA — Registered Mail #RF775824950US — Dated: April 17, 2025

**Registered Mail #RF775824929US**

**Steven-Arthur: Sherman**

C/o STEVEN ARTHUR SHERMAN  
1631 East 18th Street

Santa Ana, California [92705-7101]

**Registered Mail #RF775824932US**, with form 3811

**Chad: Bianco**

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd Floor

Riverside, California [92501]

**Registered Mail #RF775824946US**, with form 3811

**Clerk, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)**

C/o CLERK OF COURT

350 West 1st Street, Courtroom 9B, 9th Floor

Los Angeles, California [90012]

**Registered Mail #RF775824950US**, with form 3811

**Clerk, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)**

C/o CLERK OF COURT

255 East Temple Street, Suite TS-134

Los Angeles, California [90012]

**Registered Mail #RF775824977US**, with form 3811

**Pam Bondi**

C/o U.S. Department of Justice

950 Pennsylvania Avenue, North West

Washington, District of Columbia [20530]

**Registered Mail #RF775824963US**, with form 3811

**Miranda Thomson, Michael Hestrin**

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, THE PEOPLE OF  
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

3960 Orange Street

Riverside, California [92501]

**Registered Mail #RF775825102US**, with form 3811

**By Electronic Service.** Based on a contract, and/or court order, and/or an agreement of the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the persons at the electronic notification addresses listed below.

**Steven-Arthur: Sherman**

C/o STEVEN ARTHUR SHERMAN  
1631 East 18th Street

Santa Ana, California [92705-7101]

[ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

[csherman@law4cops.com](mailto:csherman@law4cops.com)



Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA — Registered Mail #RF775824950US — Dated: April 17, 2025

**Chad: Bianco**

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd Floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
[ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)  
[csherman@law4cops.com](mailto:csherman@law4cops.com)  
[rsoscscentral@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:rsoscscentral@riversidesheriff.org)  
[jsinz@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:jsinz@riversidesheriff.org)  
[wpratt@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:wpratt@riversidesheriff.org)

**Patricia Guerrero**

C/o Judicial Council of California  
455 Gold Gate Avenue  
San Francisco, California [94102]  
[judicialcouncil@jud.ca.gov](mailto:judicialcouncil@jud.ca.gov)

**Rob Bonta**

C/o Office of the Attorney General  
1300 "I" Street  
Sacramento, California [95814-2919]  
[Police-Practices@doj.ca.gov](mailto:Police-Practices@doj.ca.gov)

**Clerk, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)**

C/o CLERK OF COURT  
350 West 1st Street, Courtroom 9B, 9th Floor  
Los Angeles, California [90012]  
[WLH\\_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov](mailto:WLH_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov)

**Clerk, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)**

C/o CLERK OF COURT  
255 East Temple Street, Suite TS-134  
Los Angeles, California [90012]  
[MAA\\_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov](mailto:MAA_Chambers@cacd.uscourts.gov)

**Pam Bondi**

C/o U.S. Department of Justice  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, North West  
Washington, District of Colombia [20530]  
[crm.section@usdoj.gov](mailto:crm.section@usdoj.gov)

**Miranda Thomson, Michael Hestrin**

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY, THE PEOPLE OF  
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
3960 Orange Street  
Riverside, California [92501]  
[DAOffice@rivco.org](mailto:DAOffice@rivco.org)

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California  
that the above is true and correct. Executed on April 17, 2025 in Riverside County,  
California.

/s/Corey Walker/  
Corey Walker

//

Case No.: 5:25-cv-00646-WLH-MAA — Registered Mail #RF775824950US — Dated: April 17, 2025

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification only and not for entrance into any foreign jurisdiction.

//

//

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

State of California )

) ss.

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

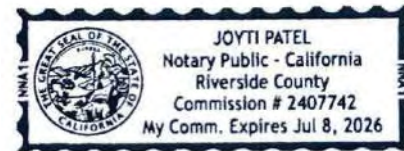
County of Riverside )

On this 17th day of April, 2025, before me, Joyti Patel, a Notary Public, personally appeared Kevin Walker, who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.



Signature Joyti Patel (Seal)

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ (Seal)

**-Exhibit A-**

CERTIFIED MAIL # 70220410 000174267708

**TRUTH AFFIDAVIT**

**IN THE NATURE OF SUPPLEMENTAL  
RULES FOR ADMINISTRATIVE AND MARITIME CLAIMS RULES C(6)**

Grant of Exclusive power of attorney to conduct all  
tax, business, and legal affairs of principal person.

**Date:** December 3, 2023

**POWER OF ATTORNEY IN FACT**

I, KEVIN WALKER, WALKER, KEVIN, KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, WALKER, KEVIN  
L., WALKER, KEVIN LEWIS, or any derivative thereof, **DEBTOR/ENS LEGIS/BANK/  
FINANCIAL INSTITUTION/ARTIFICIAL ENTITY/CORPORATE FICTION**, c/o 5250  
Lankershim Blvd Suite 500, North Hollywood, California, do hereby appoint **Kevin: Walker, a  
Living Soul**, as **Agent with Power of Attorney in Fact**, Non-domestic, c/o 30650 Rancho  
California Road suite # 406-251, Temecula, California, to take exclusive charge of, manage, and  
conduct all of my tax, business and legal affairs, and for such purpose to act for me in my name and  
place, without limitation on the powers necessary to carry out this exclusive purpose of attorney in  
fact as authorized:

- (a) To take possession of, hold, and manage my real estate and all other property;
- (b) To receive money or property paid or delivered to me from any source;
- (c) To deposit funds in, make withdrawals from, or sign checks or drafts against any account standing in  
my name individually or jointly in any bank or other depository, to cash coupons, bonds, or certificates of  
deposits, to endorse checks, notes or other documents in my name; to have access to, and place items in  
or remove them from, any safety deposit box standing in my name individually or jointly, and otherwise  
to conduct bank transactions or business for me in my name;
- (d) To pay my just debts and expenses, including reasonable expenses incurred by my Attorney In Fact  
**Kevin: Walker**, in exercising this **exclusive** power of attorney.
- (e) To retain any investments, invest, and to invest in stocks, bonds, or other securities, or in real estate  
or other property;

CERTIFIED MAIL # 70220410 000174267708

1 (f) To give general and special proxies or exercise rights of conversion or rights with respect to shares or  
2 securities, to deposit shares or securities with, or transfer them to protective committees or similar  
3 bodies, to join in any reorganization and pay assessments or subscriptions called for in connection with  
4 shares or securities;

5 (g) To sell, exchange, lease, give options, and make contracts concerning real estate or other property for  
6 such considerations and on such terms as my Attorney In Fact Kevin: Walker, may consider prudent;

7 (h) To improve or develop real estate, to construct, alter, or repair building structures and appurtenances  
8 or real estate; to settle boundary lines, easements, and other rights with respect to real estate; to plant,  
9 cultivate, harvest, and sell or otherwise dispose of crops and timber, and do all things necessary or  
10 appropriate to good husbandry.

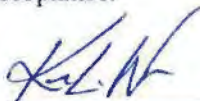
11 (i) To provide for the use, maintenance, repair, security, or storage of my tangible property;

12 (j) To purchase and maintain such policies of insurance against liability, fire, casualty, or other risks as  
13 my attorney in fact Kevin: Walker may consider prudent;

14  
15 The Agent/**Living Soul, Kevin: Walker**, is hereby authorized by law to act for and in control of the  
16 **DEBTOR/ENS LEGIS/BANK/FINANCIAL INSTITUTION/ARTIFICIAL ENTITY/  
17 CORPORATE FICTION**, or any derivative thereof. In addition, through the exclusive power of  
18 attorney, to contract for all business and legal affairs of the principal person: WALKER, KEVIN,  
19 **DEBTOR/ENS LEGIS/BANK/FINANCIAL INSTITUTION/ARTIFICIAL ENTITY/  
20 CORPORATE FICTION**. The term "exclusive" shall be construed to mean that while these  
21 powers of attorney are in force, only my attorney in fact may obligate me in these matters, and I  
22 forfeit the capacity to obligate myself with regard to the same. This grant of Exclusive Power is  
23 Irrevocable during the lifetime of the Agent/**Living Soul, Kevin: Walker**.

24  
25 Executed and sealed by the voluntary act of my own hand, this **11th day of December, 2023**. I am.

26 Acceptance:

27 

28 KEVIN L. WALKER, GRANTOR



CERTIFIED MAIL # 70220410 000174267708

1 Executed *without* the UNITED STATES, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the united  
2 states of America that the foregoing is true and correct. Without Prejudice, UCC § 1-308.

3  
4 I, the above named **exclusive** Attorney In Fact, do hereby  
5 Accept the fiduciary interest of the herein-named  
6 **DEBTOR/ENS LEGIS/BANK/FINANCIAL**  
7 **INSTITUTION/ARTIFICIAL ENTITY/CORPORATE**  
8 **FICTION** and will execute the herein-granted powers-of-  
9 attorney with due diligence.

10 proceeding *sui juris*, by *special limited appearance*,  
11 All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, UCC § 1-308, 3-402.

12 By: 

13 **Kevin Walker**, *Authorized Representative, Executor, Attorney In Fact,*  
14 *Secured Party, Executor, national, private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxxx*

15 Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men  
16 according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every  
17 matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two  
18 or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

19 By *Special Limited Appearance*,  
20 All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308, 3-402.

21 By: 

22 **Donnabelle Escarez Morzel**, *sui juris, private bank(er) ID # 9x-xxxxxxx6*  
23 *Attorney In Fact, national, Authorized Representative, Executor, Secured Party. (WITNESS)*

24 By *Special Limited Appearance*,  
25 All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308, 3-402.

26 By: 

27 **Corey Delfond Walker**, *sui juris, private bank(er) ID # 9x-xxxxxxx7*  
28 *national, Authorized Representative, Executor, Secured Party. (WITNESS)*

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The  
purpose for notary is verification and identification **only** and **not** for entrance into **any** foreign jurisdiction.

CERTIFIED MAIL # 70220410 000174267708

JURAT

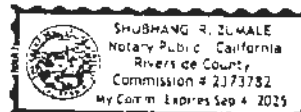
A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of California )  
 ) ss.  
County of Riverside )

Subscribed and sworn to (of affirmed) before me on this 3rd day of December, 2023, by Kevin Walker, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Notary public Shubhangi R. Zumale  
print

Szumale Seal:



**-Exhibit B-**

REGISTERED MAIL# RF 661 448 567 US

## HOLD HARMLESS AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT

No. KLV0001HHIA

Non-Negotiable between the Parties

### PARTIES

**Bailor:** KEVIN LEWIS WALKER  
11400 W OLYMPIC BLVD SUITE 200  
LOS ANGELES, CA [90064]

**Bailee:** Kevin Lewis Walker  
c/o 41593 Winchester Road Suite 200  
Temecula, California [92591]  
Non-domestic without the US

### AGREEMENT

- I. On this 12th day of February, in year of our Lord Two Thousand Twenty-Four, this **Hold Harmless and Indemnity Agreement** is mutually agreed upon and permanently entered between the juristic person KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, KEVIN L. WALKER, WALKER KEVIN LEWIS, KLV Etc., a debtor, herein the Bailor, including, but not limited to, any and all variations and derivatives in spelling of said name except Kevin Lewis Walker, or any and all variations of said name, and the living, breathing, flesh-and-blood man, known by the distinctive appellation Kevin Lewis Walker, and including, but not limited to Kevin Lewis Walker, Walker Kevin Lewis, KL Walker, KLV, Kevin L Walker, and any and all variations and derivatives in spelling of said name, a creditor, herein the Bailee.
- II. For valuable consideration, Bailor, without benefit of discussion, and without division, does hereby expressly agree, covenant, and undertake the indemnification of, and does hold harmless Bailee from and against, but not limited to any and all: claims or legal actions, orders, warrants, judgments, demands, liabilities, losses, depositions, summons[s], lawsuits, costs, fines, liens, levies, penalties, damages, interests, and expenses whatsoever, both absolute and contingent, as are due or may hereafter arise, to include any such claims and the like that may hereafter arise with regard to any and all Collateral of Bailor, including, but not limited to all Collateral described on Bailor's List of Collateral, by separate document, presented herewith. Bailor does hereby expressly covenant and agree that Bailee shall not under any circumstances be considered an accommodating party nor a surety for Bailor.

### WORDS DEFINED GLOSSARY OF TERMS

As used in this Hold Harmless and Indemnity Agreement, the following words and terms are as defined in this section, non-obstante:

1. **Appellation:** "A general term introduces and specifies a particular term used in addressing, greeting, calling out for, and making appeals of a particular living breathing flesh and blood man."
2. **Bailee:** Kevin Lewis Walker "In the law of contracts. One to whom goods are bailed; the party to whom personal property is delivered under a contract of bailment." See *Black's Law Dictionary*, 1<sup>st</sup> ed.
3. **Bailment:** "BAILMENT. A delivery of goods or personal property, by one person to another, in trust for the execution of a special object upon or in relation to such goods, beneficial either to the bailor or bailee or both, and upon a contract, express or implied, to perform the trust and carry out such object, and thereupon either to redeliver the goods to the bailor or otherwise dispose of the same in conformity with the purpose of the trust. See Code Ga. 1882, § 2058. See *Black's Law Dictionary*, 1<sup>st</sup> ed.
4. **Bailor:** KEVIN LEWIS WALKER "The party who bails or delivers goods to another, in the contract of

INITIALS: KLV

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Initials: KLV



REGISTERED MAIL# RF 661 448 567 US

bailment. *See Black's Law Dictionary, 1<sup>st</sup> ed.*

5. Collateral: In this Security Agreement the term "Collateral" means any property and property rights of Debtor, now owned and hereafter acquired, now existing and hereafter arising, and wherever located, with ownership either in the name of Debtor or in the name of another in which the Debtor holds a beneficial interest and secures the entire obligation or amount of indebtedness. "Collateral" includes but is not limited by any of the following: (a) Any accessions, increases, and additions, replacements of, or substitutions for, any property described in Bailor's List of Collateral presented by separate document; (b) Any products, produce, or proceeds of any of the property described in Bailor's List of Collateral presented by separate document; (c) Any accounts, general intangibles, instruments, monies, payments, or contract rights, or any other rights, arising out of sale, lease, or other disposition of any of the property described in Bailor's List of Collateral presented by separate document; (d) Any proceeds, including insurance, bond, general intangibles, or account(s) proceeds, from the sale, destruction, loss, or other disposition of any of the property described in Bailor's List of Collateral presented by separate document; (e) Any records or data involving any property described in Bailor's List of Collateral presented by separate document, not limited by any writing, photograph, microfilm, microfiche, tape, electronic media, or the like, together with any of Debtor's right, title, or interest in any computer software or hardware required for utilizing, creating, maintaining, and processing any such records or data in any electronic media.

6. Conduit: "Conduit signifies means of transmitting and distributing energy and affects the production of labor such as goods or services by way of KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, KEVIN L. WALKER, WALKER KEVIN LEWIS, KLW including, but not limited to, any and all variations and derivatives of Bailee except Kevin Lewis Walker any variations and derivatives thereof."

7. Creditor: "Means Kevin Lewis Walker as creditor and Bailee. means a person to whom a debt is owing by another person who is the "debtor." One who has a right to require the fulfillment of an obligation or contract. One to whom money is due, and, in ordinary acceptance, has reference to financial or business transactions. The antonym of "debtor." *See also Black's Law Dictionary, 6<sup>th</sup> ed. And UCC § 1-201 (12) (Secured Party).*

8. Debtor: THE ORGANIZATION "KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, KEVIN L. WALKER, WALKER KEVIN LEWIS, KLW" means including, but not limited to, any and all variations and derivatives in spelling of said name except Kevin Lewis Walker." One who owes a debt; he who may be compelled to pay a claim or demand and UCC § 9-105 (1) (d). *See also Black's Law Dictionary, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.*

9. Derivative: "Coming from another; taken from something preceding, secondary; that which has not the origin in itself but obtains existence from something foregoing and a fundamental nature; anything derived from another." *See Black's Law Dictionary, 3<sup>RD</sup> ed.*

10. Ens legis: "A creature of the law; an artificial being, as contrasted with a natural person, applied to corporation, considered as deriving its existence entirely from the law." *See Black's Law Dictionary, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed.*

11. Juristic person: "An abstract legal entity ens legis such as a corporation created by construct of law considered possessing certain legal rights/duties of a human being; an imaginary entity, such as Debtor, i.e. KEVIN LEWIS WALKER upon basis of legal reasoning, is legally treated as a human being for purpose of conducting commercial activity for benefit of a biological living being such as Creditor." *See also Black's Law Dictionary, 7<sup>th</sup> ed*

12. KEVIN LEWIS WALKER: "The Debtor KEVIN LEWIS WALKER means KEVIN LEWIS WALKER including, but not limited to, any and all variations and derivatives in the spelling of said name except Kevin Lewis Walker."

13. Living breathing flesh and blood man: "The Creditor Kevin Lewis Walker Bailee a sentient living being, as distinguished from an artificial legal construct, ens legis, i.e. a juristic person, created by contract of law."

INITIALS: KLW

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Initials: KLW



REGISTERED MAIL# RF 661 448 567 US

14. Non obstanate: "Notwithstanding words anciently used in public and private instruments with intent of precluding in advance 'any interpretation' other than certain declared objects, purposes." *See also Black's Law Dictionary, 3rd ed*

15. Sentient living being: "The Creditor, i.e. Kevin Lewis Walker Bailee a living breathing flesh and blood man, as distinguished from an abstract legal construct such as an artificial entity, juristic person, corporation, partnership, association."

16. Transmitting Utility: "The term transmitting utility means a conduit, e.g., the Debtor, i.e. KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, KEVIN WALKER, KEVIN L. WALKER, WALKER KEVIN LEWIS, KLW," including, but not limited to, any and all variations and derivatives in the spelling of said name except Kevin Lewis Walker.

17. U.C.C.: "U.C.C. Means Uniform Commercial Code."

### SIGNATURES

Bailee accepts all signatures in accordance with the Uniform Commercial Code and acknowledges Bailor's signature as representative of all derivations thereof.

This Hold – Harmless and Indemnity Agreement No. KLW0001HHIA is dated: the 12th day of February in the year of A.D. 2024.

Bailor: KEVIN LEWIS WALKER

Bailee: Kevin Lewis Walker

/s/ KEVIN LEWIS WALKER

Bailor's Signature

*Entitlement Holder or Bailee accepts Bailor's signature in accord with UCC §§ 1-201(39), 3-401 and accepts for value this Hold – Harmless and Indemnity Agreement and any of Bailor's Collateral described herein and on Attachment 'A'.*

By: 

Bailee's Signature

*Autograph Common Law Trade-name 2024 by Kevin Lewis Walker. All Rights Reserved.*

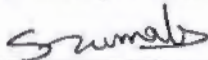
State of California. )  
 ) ss.  
County of Riverside. )

State of California. )  
 ) ss.  
County of Riverside. )

On this 12TH day of FEBRUARY, 2024, before me, Shubhangi R. Zumale, a Notary Public, personally appeared KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.



(Seal):

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.



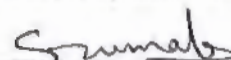
INITIALS: KLW

3 of 3

On this 12th day of February, 2024, before me, Shubhangi R. Zumale, a Notary Public, personally appeared Kevin Lewis Walker, who proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

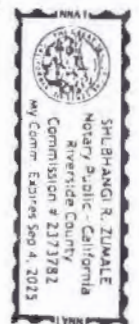
I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.



(Seal):

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.



Initials: KLW

-Exhibit C-

**-Exhibit C-**  
ID #: 1498**UCC FINANCING STATEMENT**

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS

Filed in the Office of <i>FVAguilar</i>  Secretary of State State Of Nevada	Initial Filing Number <b>2024385925-4</b>
	Filed On <b>February 13, 2024 10:31 AM</b>
	Number of Pages <b>1</b>

A. NAME &amp; PHONE OF CONTACT AT FILER (optional)

**Kevin Lewis Walker 310-923-8521**

B. E-MAIL CONTACT AT FILER (optional)

**kevinlwalker@me.com**

C. SEND ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO: (Name and Address)

**KEVIN LEWIS WALKER  
c/o 41593 Winchester Road, Suite 200  
Temecula, CA 92590, USA**

1. DEBTOR'S NAME: Provide only one Debtor name (1a or 1b) (use exact, full name; do not omit, modify, or abbreviate any part of the Debtor's name); if any part of the Individual Debtor's name will not fit in line 1b, leave all of item 1 blank, check here ☐ and provide the Individual Debtor information in item 10 of the Financing Statement Addendum (Form UCC1Ad)

OR	1a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME			
OR	1b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME <b>WALKER</b>	FIRST PERSONAL NAME <b>KEVIN</b>	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) <b>LEWIS</b>	SUFFIX
1c. MAILING ADDRESS <b>11400 W OLYMPIC BLVD SUITE 200</b>		CITY <b>LOS ANGELES</b>	STATE <b>CA</b>	POSTAL CODE <b>90064</b>
				COUNTRY <b>USA</b>

2. DEBTOR'S NAME: Provide only one Debtor name (2a or 2b) (use exact, full name; do not omit, modify, or abbreviate any part of the Debtor's name); if any part of the Individual Debtor's name will not fit in line 2b, leave all of item 2 blank, check here ☐ and provide the Individual Debtor information in item 10 of the Financing Statement Addendum (Form UCC1Ad)

OR	2a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME			
OR	2b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME	FIRST PERSONAL NAME	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S)	SUFFIX
2c. MAILING ADDRESS		CITY	STATE	POSTAL CODE
				COUNTRY

3. SECURED PARTY'S NAME (or NAME of ASSIGNEE of ASSIGNOR SECURED PARTY): Provide only one Secured Party name (3a or 3b)

OR	3a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME			
OR	3b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME <b>WALKER</b>	FIRST PERSONAL NAME <b>KEVIN LEWIS</b>	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S)	SUFFIX
3c. MAILING ADDRESS <b>41593 WINCHESTER ROAD SUITE 200</b>		CITY <b>TEMECULA</b>	STATE <b>CA</b>	POSTAL CODE <b>92590</b>
				COUNTRY <b>USA</b>

4. COLLATERAL: This financing statement covers the following collateral:

**THIS IS ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE THAT ALL OF THE DEBTORS INTEREST NOW OWNED OR HEREAFTER ACQUIRED IS HEREBY ACCEPTED AS COLLATERAL FOR SECURING CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS IN OF THE SECURED PARTY AS DETAILED IN A TRUE, CORRECT, COMPLETE, SECURITY AGREEMENT NO.070320042823. ALL OF DEBTORS ASSETS, THEIR SIGNATURE, REAL ESTATE, LAND, BANK ACCOUNTS, DNA, BIRTH CERTIFICATE, BONDS SECURITIES, LAWFUL MONEY, NOTES, DEBT INSTRUMENTS, FINGERPRINTS, CRYPTOCURRENCY WALLETS, TRADEMARKS, PATENTS, THEIR LIKENESS, BUSINESSES, OFFSPRING ADONIS ESCAREZ MORTEL WALKER AND ZOIYA ESCAREZ MORTEL WALKER BIRTH CERTIFICATES, EINS, TRUSTS, AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, AND ALL OF DEBTORS INTEREST IN SAID ASSETS, LAND AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, NOW OWNED AND HEREAFTER ACQUIRED, NOW EXISTING AND HEREAFTER ARISING AND WHEREVER LOCATED, DESCRIBED FULLY IN SECURITY AGREEMENT NO.070320042823. INQUIRING PARTIES MAY CONSULT DIRECTLY WITH THE DEBTOR TO ASCERTAIN IN DETAIL, THE FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP AND CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS COMMERCIAL TRANSACTION, IDENTIFIED IN THE SECURITY AGREEMENT REFERENCE ABOVE. ----- AFFIDAVIT OF TRUTHS AND POWER OF ATTORNEY IN FACT HAS BEEN NOTICED TO SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY, IRS, PROBATE, AND COUNTY. ADJUSTMENT OF THIS FILING IS IN ACCORD WITH HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION HJR 192 OF JUNE 5TH 1933 AND UCC1- 103 AND 10-104. SECURED PARTY ACCEPTS DEBTOR SIGNATURE IN ACCORD WITH UCC1-201(39), 3-401.**

5. Check only if applicable and check only one box: Collateral is ☒ held in a Trust (see UCC1Ad, item 17 and Instructions) ☐ being administered by a Decedent's Personal Representative

6a. Check only if applicable and check only one box:

☐ Public-Finance Transaction ☐ Manufactured-Home Transaction ☐ A Debtor is a Transmitting Utility

6b. Check only if applicable and check only one box:

☐ Agricultural Lien ☐ Non-UCC Filing

7. ALTERNATIVE DESIGNATION (if applicable): ☐ Lessee/Lessor ☐ Consignee/Consignor ☐ Seller/Buyer ☒ Bailee/Bailor ☐ Licensee/Licensor

8. OPTIONAL FILER REFERENCE DATA:

-Exhibit D-

**-Exhibit D-**  
ID #: 1500**UCC FINANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT**

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS

Filed in the Office of <i>FVAguilar</i>  Secretary of State State Of Nevada	Filing Number <b>2024402990-2</b>
	Initial Filing Number <b>2024385925-4</b>
	Filed On <b>May 3, 2024 06:19 AM</b>
	Number of Pages <b>2</b>

A. NAME &amp; PHONE OF CONTACT AT FILER (optional)

**Kevin Lewis Walker 310-923-8521**

B. E-MAIL CONTACT AT FILER (optional)

**kevinlwalker@me.com**

C. SEND ACKNOWLEDGMENT TO: (Name and Address)

**KEVIN LEWIS WALKER****c/o 41593 Winchester Road, Suite 200****Temecula, CA 92590, USA**

1a. INITIAL FINANCING STATEMENT FILE NUMBER

**2024385925-4**1b. ☐ This FINANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT is to be filed [for record]  
(or recorded) in the REAL ESTATE RECORDSFiler: attach Amendment Addendum (Form UCC3Ad) and provide Debtor's name in item 132. ☐ **TERMINATION:** Effectiveness of the Financing Statement identified above is terminated with respect to the security interest(s) of Secured Party authorizing this Termination Statement3. ☐ **ASSIGNMENT** (full or partial): Provide name of Assignee in item 7a or 7b, and address of Assignee in item 7c and name of Assignor in item 9  
For partial assignment, complete items 7 and 9 and also indicate affected collateral in item 84. ☐ **CONTINUATION:** Effectiveness of the Financing Statement identified above with respect to the security interest(s) of Secured Party authorizing this Continuation Statement is continued for the additional period provided by applicable law5. ☐ **PARTY INFORMATION CHANGE:**Check one of these two boxes:AND Check one of these three boxes to:This Change affects ☐ Debtor or ☐ Secured Party of record☐ **CHANGE** name and/or address: Complete item 6a or 6b; and item 7a or 7b and item 7c☐ **ADD** name: Complete item 7a or 7b, and item 7c☐ **DELETE** name: Give record name to be deleted in item 6a or 6b6. **CURRENT RECORD INFORMATION:** Complete for Party Information Change - provide only one name (6a or 6b)

6a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME

OR

6b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME

FIRST PERSONAL NAME

ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S)

SUFFIX

7. **CHANGED OR ADDED INFORMATION:** Complete for Assignment or Party Information Change - provide only one name (7a or 7b) (USE exact, full name; do not omit, modify, or abbreviate any part of the Debtor's name)

7a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME

OR

7b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME

INDIVIDUAL'S FIRST PERSONAL NAME

INDIVIDUAL'S ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S)

SUFFIX

7c. MAILING ADDRESS

CITY

STATE

POSTAL CODE

COUNTRY

8. ☒ **COLLATERAL CHANGE:** Also check one of these four boxes: ☒ **ADD** collateral ☐ **DELETE** collateral ☐ **RESTATE** covered collateral ☐ **ASSIGN** collateral

Indicate collateral:

**THIS IS AN AMENDMENT TO THE ORIGINAL ENTRY TO THE SECURED PARTY IN THE COMMERCIAL TO UCC- 1 FILE NO. 2024385925-4 AND BIRTH CERTIFICATE STATE FILE NUMBER 104-87-279345 AND THROUGH PRIVATE OFFSET ACCOUNT NUMBER F06271216 AS HEREIN REGISTERED TO CORRECT THE FILING AS TO ACCEPTANCE FOR VALUE/LIEN ON THE COLLATERAL AT \$250,000.00 USD, 2019 LAMBORGHINI URUS VIN # ZPBUA1ZL9KLA02762 AND THE RESPECTIVE NOTE/SECURITY/ASSET ASSOCIATED WITH VIN # ZPBUA1ZL9KLA02762 AND ANY OTHER ASSETS OR TITLES TO VIN # ZPBUA1ZL9KLA02762. SAID REGISTRATION IS TO SECURE THE RIGHTS TO TITLE(S) AND INTEREST IN THE COLLATERAL. ADJUSTMENT IS PURVIEW OF PUBLIC**

9. **NAME OF SECURED PARTY OF RECORD AUTHORIZING THIS AMENDMENT:** Provide only one name (9a or 9b) (name of Assignor, if this is an Assignment)If this is an Amendment authorized by a DEBTOR, check here ☐ and provide name of authorizing Debtor

9a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME

**KEVIN LEWIS WALKER ESTATE**

OR

9b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME

FIRST PERSONAL NAME

ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S)

SUFFIX

10. **OPTIONAL FILER REFERENCE DATA:**



## UCC FINANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT ADDENDUM

FOLLOW INSTRUCTIONS

11. INITIAL FINANCING STATEMENT FILE NUMBER: Same as item 1a on Amendment form <b>2024385925-4</b>	
12. NAME OF PARTY AUTHORIZING THIS AMENDMENT: Same as item 9 on Amendment form	
12a. ORGANIZATION'S NAME <b>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER ESTATE</b>	
OR	12b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME
	FIRST PERSONAL NAME
	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX

13. Name of DEBTOR on related financing statement (Name of a current Debtor of record required for indexing purposes only in some filing offices - see Instruction item 13): Provide only <u>one</u> Debtor name (13a or 13b) (use exact, full name; do not omit, modify, or abbreviate any part of the Debtor's name); see Instructions if name does not fit			
13a. ORGANIZATION NAME			
OR	13b. INDIVIDUAL'S SURNAME	FIRST PERSONAL NAME	ADDITIONAL NAME(S)/INITIAL(S) SUFFIX

14. ADDITIONAL SPACE FOR ITEM 8 (Collateral):

**HJR-192, PUBLIC POLICY 73-10, 31 USC 3123, UCC 3-311,3-419, 3-104, 3-603, 1-104. ISSUED WITH OID.**

15. This FINANCING STATEMENT AMENDMENT: <input type="checkbox"/> covers timber to be cut <input type="checkbox"/> covers as-extracted collateral <input type="checkbox"/> is filed as a fixture filing	17. Description of real estate:
16. Name and address of a RECORD OWNER of real estate described in item 17 (if Debtor does not have a record interest):	

18. MISCELLANEOUS:

-Exhibit E-

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

**From/Plaintiff:** Kevin: Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona.*  
*Executor, Authorized Representative, Secured Party.*

TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER©  
c/o 30650 Rancho California Road Suite #406-251  
Temecula, California [92591]  
non-domestic *without* the United States  
Email: [team@walkernovagroup.com](mailto:team@walkernovagroup.com)

\*\*\* NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL \*\*\*  
\*\*\* NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT \*\*\*

\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT \*\*\*

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes.  
C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
30755-D Auld Road  
Murrieta, California [92563]  
Registered Mail # RF775820621US  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.  
C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
Registered Mail # RF775821613US  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

## **AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts**

**NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, and FRAUD,  
RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE  
COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.**

**Kevin: Walker,** TMKEVIN WALKER©  
ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS  
WALKER©, TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR  
TRUST,

Claimant(s)Plaintiff(s),

vs.

**Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V  
Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt,  
Robert Gell, GREGORY D  
EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V  
BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL,  
RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
DEPARTMENT, Does 1-100 Inclusive,  
Defendant(s)/Respondent(s).**

**CITATION/BOND NO.: TE464702**

1. FRAUD
2. RACKETEERING
3. EMBEZZLEMENT
4. IDENTITY THEFT
5. CONSPIRACY
6. DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER  
COLOR OF LAW
7. RECEIVING EXTORTION PROCEEDS
8. FALSE PRETENSES
9. EXTORTION
10. UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT
11. TORTURE
12. FORCED PEONAGE
13. MONOPOLIZATION OF TRADE AND  
COMMERCE
14. BANK FRAUD
15. TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN  
PROPERTY, MONEY, & SECURITIES
16. CONSIDERED AND STIPULATED ONE  
TRILLION DOLLAR  
(\$1,000,000,000.00) JUDGEMENT  
AND LIEN.

COMES NOW TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER©,  
TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, by and through their *Attorney-In-Fact*,  
**Kevin: Walker**, who is proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, and by

1 *Special Limited Appearance*, hereby acknowledges receipt of your **OFFER/**  
2 **BOND/CITATION #TE464702**, dated **December 31, 2024, at 9:32 a.m.**

3 (attached hereto as **Exhibit F**). Kevin is a living man, a natural freeborn  
4 Sovereign, **state Citizen: Californian**, and national, invoking His inherent  
5 constitutionally secured and protected rights and exercising the authority  
6 granted by the executed '**Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact**', attached  
7 hereto as **Exhibit A** and incorporated herein by reference.

8 The Plaintiffs, acting through their *Attorney-in-Fact*, proceed in accordance  
9 with their *unalienable* right to contract, as secured and protected by the  
10 **Constitution of the United States of America**, and in particular **Article I,**  
11 **Section 10**, which states: "**No State shall... pass any Law impairing the**  
12 **Obligation of Contracts.**"

13 This communication serves as a formal **NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL**  
14 **ACCEPTANCE** of the aforementioned coerced and extorted contract OFFER,  
15 contingent **upon proof** of the conditions set forth below, governed by the  
16 principles of contract law, legal maxims, common law, and the **Uniform**  
17 **Commercial Code (UCC)**, including but not limited to **UCC §§ 1-103, 2-202,**  
18 **2-204, 2-206**, and the **mailbox/postal rule**.

19 The undersigned, **Kevin: Walker**, herein referred to as Affiant. Affiant is  
20 the Agent, Attorney-In-Fact, **holder in due course**, and **Secured Party** and  
21 Creditor of and for **™KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, ™KEVIN LEWIS**  
22 **WALKER©, ™KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST**. Affiant hereby states that he  
23 is of legal age and competent to state on belief and first hand personal  
24 knowledge that the facts set forth herein as duly noted below are true, correct,  
25 complete, and presented in **good faith**, regarding the **coerced and extorted**  
26 commercial contract **OFFER/CONTRACT/TICKET/BOND #TE464702**,  
27 listed under **™KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©**, pertaining to the private trust  
28 property and private automobile hereafter referred to as "Private Property".

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

**\*\* Notice of Administrative Process \*\***

This **VERIFIED** Affidavit, NOTICE, and SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT SECURITY AGREEMENT concerns Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)/You, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100 Inclusive*, and their **blatant bad faith** acts of **fraud, racketeering, conspiracy, threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons, extortion, embezzlement, larceny, coercion, identity theft, extortion of national/ internationally protected person, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law, treason, bank fraud, trusts, etc., in restraint of trade, frauds and swindles, mail fraud, forced peonage, monopolization of trade and commerce, willful violation of the Constitution, deprivation of rights under color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce, and intentional and willful and intentional trespass and infringement** of the <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© trademark, trade name, patent and copyright.

As with any administrative process, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100 Inclusive* may controvert the statements and/or claims made by Affiants by executing and delivering a verified response point by point, in affidavit form, **sworn and attested to under penalty of perjury**, signed by Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100* or other designated officer of the corporation with evidence in support by Certified, Express, or Registered Mail. **Answers by any other means are considered**



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

1 a non-response and will be treated as a non-response.

2 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

3 Again for the record, this contract, received and accepted per the mailbox  
4 rule, is self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT, and establishes  
5 a lien, Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is  
6 deemed to occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the  
7 mailbox rule established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes  
8 effective and binding once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the  
9 control of the postal service, as supported by Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250.  
10 Furthermore, as a self-executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and  
11 enforceable obligations without the need for further action, functioning also as a  
12 SECURITY AGREEMENT under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC).

13 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

14 **Contract Agreement Terms of Conditional Acceptance:**  
15 **Plain Statement of Facts**

16 KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT, that I, **Kevin: Walker**, proceeding  
17 *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, a man upon the land,  
18 a follower of the Almighty Supreme Creator, first and foremost and the laws of man  
19 when they are not in conflict (Leviticus 18:3, 4) Pursuant to Matthew 5:33 – 37 and  
20 James 5:12, let my yea mean yea and my nay be nay, as supported by Federal Public  
21 Law 97-280, 96 Stat.1211, depose and say that I, **Kevin: Walker** over 18 years of age,  
22 being competent to testify and having **first hand knowledge** of the facts herein  
23 **declare (or certify, verify, affirm, or state)** under penalty of perjury under the laws  
24 of the **United States of America** that the following is true and correct, to the best of  
25 my understanding and belief, and in good faith:

26 I. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited*  
27 *Appearance*, herby state again for the record that I explicitly **reserve all my**  
28 **rights and waive absolutely none**. See U.C.C. § 1-308.

1 II. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special*  
2 *Limited Appearance*, hereby invoke *equity and fairness*.

3 III. As a a natural freeborn **Sovereign**, state **Citizen: Californian**, and  
4 **national**, there is no legal *requirement* for me to have such a "license" for  
5 **traveling** in my **private** car and/or means of transport. The unrevealed  
6 legal purpose of driver's licenses is commercial in nature. Since I **do not**  
7 carry passengers 'for hire,' and I **am not** engaged in trade or commerce on  
8 the highways, **there is no law 'requiring'** me to have a license to **travel** for  
9 my own **private** pleasure and that of my family and friends.

10 IV. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special*  
11 *Limited Appearance*, hereby **declare, state, verify, and affirm** for the record  
12 that the 'commercial' and 'for hire' Driver's License/Contract/Bond #  
13 **B6735991** has been canceled, revoked, terminated, and liquidated, as  
14 evidenced by instructions and notice accepted by **Steven Gordon**, with the  
15 California Department of Motor Vehicles," as **evidenced** by Affidavit of  
16 TruthRegistered Mail #**RF661447751US**.

17 V. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law**, unless I  
18 **have harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no**  
19 **crime; and I am therefore not subject to any penalty**. I act in accordance  
20 with the following **U.S. Supreme Court case**: "The individual may stand  
21 upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his  
22 **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited**. He  
23 owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to  
24 the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his  
25 life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land  
26 [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can  
27 only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance with the  
28 Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and

1 the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except  
2 under a warrant of the law. He owes nothing to the public so long as he  
3 does not trespass upon their rights." **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47  
4 (1905).

5 VI. I reserve my natural common law right not to be compelled to perform under  
6 any contract that I did not enter into knowingly, voluntarily, and  
7 intentionally. And furthermore, I do not accept the liability associated with the  
8 compelled and pretended "benefit" of any hidden or unrevealed contract or  
9 commercial agreement. As such, the hidden or unrevealed contracts that  
10 supposedly create obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are  
11 inapplicable to me, and are null and void. If I have participated in any of the  
12 supposed "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so under  
13 duress, for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have received such  
14 "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that binds me to anything.

15 VII. **Affiant states and alleges that this Affidavit Notice and Self-Executing**  
16 **Contract and Security Agreement is *prima facie* evidence of fraud,**  
17 **racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties,**  
18 **extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to**  
19 **deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce,**  
20 **forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/**  
21 **internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in**  
22 **restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,**  
23 **treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant**  
24 **and proof of claim. See *United States v. Kis*, 658 F.2d, 526 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981),,**  
25 **"Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and could do so**  
26 **by affidavit or other evidence."**

27 **UNLAWFUL DETAINMENT AND ARREST while**  
28 **Traveling in *Private* Automobile**

VIII. On **December 31, 2024**, at approximately 9:32am I, **Kevin: Walker, sui juris**, was **traveling privately** in my **private** automobile, displaying a 'PRIVATE' plate, indicating I was 'not for hire' or operating commercially, and the private automobile was not displaying a STATE plate of any sort . This clearly established that the **private** automobile was '**not for hire**' or '**commercial**' use and, therefore explicitly classifying the automobile as **private property**, and **NOT** within any statutory and/or commercial jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.

IX. Upon being unlawfully stopped and detained by Defendant/Respondents, Gregory D Eastwood and Robert C V Bowman, I, Affiant, informed **all Defendants** who willfully **conspired** on the scene in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 241 and 242, that I was a state Citizen, non-citizen natinoal/**national, privately traveling** in My **private** automobile, as articulated by Me and as evidenced by the 'PRIVATE' plate on the private automobile. **This includes William Pratt and George Reyes.**

X. The **private** automobile and **trust property** was **not** in **any** way displaying STATE or government registration or stickers, and was displaying a PRIVATE plate, removing the automobile from the Defendant's jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.

XI. The **private** automobile is duly reflected on Private UCC Contract Trust/ UCC1 filing **#2024385925-4, and UCC3 filing #2024402990-2, both filings** attached hereto as **Exhibits B and C** respectively, and incorporated herein by reference

XII. Under **threat, duress, and coercion, and at gunpoint**, Gregory D Eastwood and Robert C V Bowman were presented with a national/non-citizen national, **#C35510079** and passport book **#A39235161**. Copy attached hereto as **Exhibits N and O** respectively, and incorporated herein by reference.

1 XIII. Defendant/ Respondents, acted against the Constitution, even when  
2 reminded of their duties to support and uphold the Constitution.

3 XIV. At no point in time were Defendants/ Respondents presented with a  
4 CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any  
5 information added to the CITATION/ CONTRACT was done so in fraud,  
6 without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

7 XV. I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, should never have been stopped exercising my  
8 right to travel, in a private automobile that was clearly marked "PRIVATE"  
9 and "not for hire" and "not for commercial use."

10 **FRAUDULENT ALTERATION OF SIGNATURE,**  
11 **COERCION, ASSAULT, DISPARAGEMENT,**

12 XVI. During release procedures, Defendant Robert Gell threatened to "house" Kevin:  
13 Walker if Kevin did not sign every document presented, exactly as he (Robert  
14 Gell) waned Kevin to. Camera records will evidence Robert telling to return to the  
15 release tank for no apparent reason, and then **assaulting, shoving, and pushing**  
16 Kevin into the tank at the end of the walk.

17 XVII. Defendant Robert Gell went as far as aggressively rushing around a desk and  
18 assaulting Kevin, and snatching a pen from Kevin's hand, because Kevin  
19 attempted to write 'under duress' by his signature.

20 XVIII. Defendant Robert Gell willfully and intentionally altered Affiant's signature  
21 on one document and crossed out 'UCC 1-308,' immediately after Affiant hand  
22 wrote it on the document.

23 XIX. Robert Gell stated he had no idea what an attorney-in-fact is and that Kevin:  
24 Walker was a, [" ]jackass[" ].

25 **FRUIT OF THE POISONOUS TREE DOCTRINE**

26 XX. Affiant further asserts and establishes on the record that the undisputedly  
27 unlawful and unconstitutional stop, arrest, and subsequent actions of the  
28 Defendants/ Respondents are in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the



1 Constitution of the united States of America and constitute an unlawful  
2 arrest and seizure. The "**fruit of the poisonous tree**" doctrine, as articulated  
3 by the U.S. Supreme Court, establishes that any evidence obtained as a  
4 result of an unlawful stop or detainment is tainted and inadmissible in any  
5 subsequent proceedings. The unlawful actions of Gregory D. Eastwood,  
6 Robert C. V. Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, and Robert Gell  
7 including *but not limited to* the issuance of fraudulent citations/contracts  
8 under threat, duress, and coercion, render all actions and evidence derived  
9 therefrom void ab initio. See *Wong Sun v. United States*, 371 U.S. 471 (1963).

10 XXI. Affiant therefore declares and demands that all actions and evidence  
11 obtained in connection with this unlawful stop be deemed inadmissible and  
12 void as fruits of the poisonous tree.

13 **CONDITIONALLY ACCEPTED** upon proof

14 XXII. All statements, claims, offer, terms presented in your **coerced and extorted**  
15 OFFER (#TE464702) are CONDITIONALLY ACCEPTED upon proof of the  
16 following **from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)**:

- 17 1. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** CITATION/  
18 INSTRUMENT/OFFER #TE464702 was accepted intentionally, willfully, and  
19 and indorsed, and not done so under threat, duress, and/or coercion, and  
20 with full and complete disclosure (Exhibit F).
- 21 2. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that California Vehicle  
22 Code § 260 applies to private "automobiles" and explicitly requires their  
23 registration, notwithstanding the clear distinction made between private and  
24 commercial vehicles in the code itself.
- 25 3. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that 18 U.S. Code  
26 § 31(6) includes private "automobiles" within its definition of "motor  
27 vehicle," contrary to its express limitation to vehicles used for  
28 commercial purposes.

- 1       **4. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that the cited  
2       private “automobiles” (“Private Property”) was required to be  
3       registered despite displaying a **private plate** identifying it as a **private**  
4       **transport** and not for commercial use, as evidenced by the photograph  
5       of the private decal and PLATE displayed on the private “automobile.”  
6       A picture of the private PLATE attached hereto as **Exhibit G** and  
7       incorporated herein by reference.
- 8       **5. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that it is NOT a  
9       fundamental **Right** to travel, and it is **factually** and actually a privilege, and  
10      NOT a gift granted by the Supreme Creator and restated by our founding  
11      fathers as *Unalienable* and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made  
12      Law or color of law known as a private “Code” (secret) or a “Statute.”
- 13      **6. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Jurisdiction and**  
14      **Authority:**
- 15          • Provide evidence demonstrating the issuing authority’s jurisdiction to  
16          impose statutory obligations upon private individuals utilizing private  
17          *automobiles* for personal purposes.
- 18      **7. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Lawful**  
19      **Consideration:**
- 20          • Provide evidence that the coerced and extorted CITATION constitutes  
21          a *valid* contract supported by **lawful consideration**, which was  
22          entered into **knowingly, willfully, free of coercion, threat,**  
23          **intimidation, or other felonious and bad faith actions, with full and**  
24          **complete disclosure. Without mutual consent and valuable**  
25          **consideration, no valid contract can exist under common law or UCC**  
26          **principles.**
- 27      **8. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that the living  
28      man, natural born Sovereign, state Citizen: Californian, national/non-

1 citizen national, **Kevin: Walker**, *sui juris*, *In Propria Persona*, does  
2 **NOT** possess the *unalienable* inherent, unalienable **right** to travel in  
3 His private automobile/private transport, free of harassment, trespass,  
4 restrictions, and/or encumbrances.

5 9. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it is NOT**  
6 **well established law that the highways of the State are public**  
7 **property, and their primary and preferred use is for private purposes,**  
8 and that their use for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary  
9 which, generally at least, the legislature may prohibit or condition as it  
10 sees fit." See, Stephenson vs. Rinford, 287 US 251; Pachard vs Banton,  
11 264 US 140, and cases cited; Frost and F. Trucking Co. vs. Railroad  
12 Commission, 271 US 592; Railroad commission vs. Inter-City  
13 Forwarding Co., 57 SW.2d 290; Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater Lines,  
14 164 A. 313.

15 10. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that a vehicle**  
16 **NOT** used for **commercial** activity is **NOT** a "consumer good , and ...it  
17 IS a type of vehicle **required** to be registered and "use tax" paid of  
18 which the tab is evidence of receipt of the tax. See, Bank of Boston vs  
19 Jones, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.

20 11. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the entirety**  
21 of this transaction does not constitute a "**commercial**" matter under  
22 applicable law.

23 12. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, 'the claim**  
24 and exercise of a constitutional **right** **CAN** be converted into a crime.'  
25 See, Miller v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.

26 13. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, the owner DOES**  
27 **NOT** have constitutional **right** to use and enjoyment of his property." See,  
28 Simpson v. Los Angeles (1935), 4 C.2d 60, 47 P.2d 474.

14. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that **private men and women** are required to give up their **right** to “travel,” for the purported “benefit” and privilege of “driving” a “motor vehicle.”
15. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that 28 U.S. Code § 3002(15) - Definitions does **NOT** stipulate, “United States” means — (A) a **Federal corporation**; (B) an agency, department, commission, board, or other entity of the United States; or (C) an instrumentality of the United States.
16. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that Title 8 U.S. Code 1101(a)(22) - Definition, does NOT expressly stipulates, “ (22)The term “**national** of the United States” means (A) a citizen of the United States, or (B) a person who, though **not** a citizen of the United States, owes permanent allegiance to the United States.
17. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, the individual may **NOT** stand upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is NOT entitled to carry on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is NOT unlimited**. He owes such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the State, and upon proof that his rights are NOT such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and CAN be taken from him without due process of law, or in accordance with the Constitution. NOT among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and the **immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law**, and upon proof that he owes the public even though does not trespass upon their rights. See, Hale v. Henkel, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).
18. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that All laws which are repugnant to the Constitution are NOT **null and void**. See, Chief Justice Marshall, Marbury vs Madison, 5, U.S. (Cranch) 137, 174, 176 (1803).

19. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the for Hire” DRIVER’S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT BOND #B6735991 was NOT CANCELED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, and LIQUIDATED, ACCEPTED FOR VALUE AND EXEMPT FROM LEVY, FOR RELEASE, CREDIT, AND DEPOSIT TO PRIVATE POST REGISTERED, with the U.S. Treasury, with the retaining full control and access to all respective right, interest, titles, and credits, as evidenced by the contract security agreement and affidavit titled, ‘AFFIDAVIT RIGHT TO TRAVEL CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL “For Hire” DRIVER’S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991. A true and correct copy attached hereto as Exhibit D and incorporated herein by reference.**

20. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it WAS NOT noted in Land v. Dollar, 338 US 731 (1947), “that when the government entered into a commercial field of activity, it left immunity behind.” This principle is further affirmed in *Brady v. Roosevelt*, 317 U.S. 575 (1943); *FHA v. Burr*, 309 U.S. 242 (1940); and *Kiefer v. RFC*, 306 U.S. 381 (1939).**

21. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it was NOT established under the Clearfield Doctrine, as articulated in *Clearfield Trust Co. v. United States*, 318 U.S. 363 (1943), that when the government engages in commercial or proprietary activities, it sheds its sovereignty and is subject to the same rules and liabilities as any private corporation.**

## **LEGAL STANDARDS, MAXIMS, and PRECEDENT**

XXIII. In support of this CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE and Affidavit and Notice and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement Affiant cites



the following established legal standards, legal maxims, precedent, and principles:

## **Use defines classification:**

1. It is **well established law** that the **highways** of the state are **public property**, and **their primary and preferred use is for private purposes**, and that their use for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which, generally at least, the legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit." **Stephenson vs. Rinford**, 287 US 251; **Pachard vs Banton**, 264 US 140, and cases cited; **Frost and F. Trucking Co. vs. Railroad Commission**, 271 US 592; **Railroad commission vs. Inter-City Forwarding Co.**, 57 SW.2d 290; **Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater Lines**, 164 A. 313
2. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans etc. not in commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:
  1. (a) A "**commercial vehicle**" is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to be **REGISTERED** under this code".
  2. (b) "Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation of persons **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, **are not commercial vehicles**".
  3. (c) "a vanpool vehicle is not a **commercial** vehicle."
3. **18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition**, expressly stipulates, "The term "**motor vehicle**" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and used for commercial purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo".
4. A vehicle not used for **commercial** activity is a "consumer goods", ...it is **NOT** a type of vehicle **required** to be registered and "use tax" paid of which the tab is evidence of receipt of the tax." **Bank of Boston vs Jones**, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.

- 1 5. "The 'privilege' of using the streets and highways by the  
2 operation thereon of motor carriers for hire can be acquired only  
3 by permission or license from the state or its political subdivision.  
4 " — Black's Law Dictionary, 5th ed, page 830.
- 5 6. "It is held that a tax upon common carriers by motor vehicles is  
6 based upon a reasonable classification, and does not involve any  
7 unconstitutional discrimination, although **it does not apply to**  
8 **private vehicles**, or those used by the owner in his own business,  
9 and not for hire." **Desser v. Wichita, (1915) 96 Kan. 820; Iowa**  
10 **Motor Vehicle Asso. v. Railroad Comrs., 75 A.L.R. 22.**
- 11 7. "Thus self-driven vehicles are **classified according to the use** to  
12 which they are put rather than according to the means by which  
13 they are propelled." Ex Parte Hoffert, 148 NW 20.
- 14 8. In view of this rule a statutory provision that the supervising  
15 officials "**may**" exempt such persons when the transportation is  
16 not on a **commercial** basis means that they "**must**" **exempt them.**"  
17 **State v. Johnson, 243 P. 1073; 60 C.J.S. section 94 page 581.**
- 18 9. "The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical  
19 **characteristics**, determine whether it should be classified as  
20 ``consumer goods" under UCC 9- 109(1) or ``equipment" under  
21 UCC 9-109(2)." **Grimes v Massey Ferguson, Inc., 23 UCC Rep Serv**  
22 **655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).**
- 23 10. "Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods  
24 purchased for personal use and those purchased for business use.  
25 The two are mutually exclusive and the **principal use to which the**  
26 **property is put should be considered as determinative.**" **James**  
27 **Talcott, Inc. v Gee, 5 UCC Rep Serv 1028; 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72**  
28 **Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).**

11. "The **classification of goods** in UCC 9-109 **are mutually exclusive.**"

**McFadden v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co.**, 8 UCC Rep Serv 766; 260 Md 601, 273 A.2d 198 (1971).

12. "The classification of ``goods" under [UCC] 9-109 **is a question of fact.**"

**Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick**, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836 P.2d 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).

13. "The definition of ``goods" includes an automobile." *Henson v Government Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp.*, 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark 273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).

**The RIGHT to Travel is not a Privilege:**

14. "**No State government entity has the power to allow or deny passage on the highways**, byways, nor waterways... transporting his vehicles and personal property for either recreation or business, but by being subject only to local regulation i.e., safety, caution, traffic lights, speed limits, etc. **Travel is not a privilege requiring, licensing, vehicle registration, or forced insurances.**" *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22.

15. The fundamental **Right** to travel is NOT a Privilege, it's a gift granted by your Creator and restated by our founding fathers as Unalienable and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made Law or color of law known as a private "Code" (secret) or a "Statute."

16. "**Traveling** is passing from place to place--act of **performing journey**; and **traveler is person who travels.**" *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.

17. "**Right** of transit through each state, with every species of property known to constitution of United States, and recognized by that paramount law, is secured by that instrument to each citizen, and does not depend upon uncertain and changeable ground of mere comity." *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.

18. Freedom to **travel** is, indeed, an important aspect of the citizen's "liberty".

We are first concerned with the extent, if any, to which Congress has authorized its curtailment. (Road) **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 127.

19. The **right** to **travel** is a part of the "liberty" of which the citizen cannot be deprived without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. So much is conceded by the solicitor general. In Anglo Saxon law that right was emerging at least as early as Magna Carta. **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 125.

20. "Even the legislature **has no power** to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel upon the highway and transport his property in the ordinary course of his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with public interest and convenience. *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22, 206.

21. "... It is now universally recognized that the state does possess such power [to impose such burdens and limitations upon private carriers when using the public highways for the transaction of their business] with respect to common carriers using the public highways for the transaction of their business in the transportation of persons or property for hire. That rule is stated as follows by the **supreme court of the United States**: 'A citizen may have, under the fourteenth amendment, the **right** to travel and transport his property upon them (the public highways) by **auto vehicle**, but **he has no right to make the highways his place of business by using them as a common carrier for hire**. Such use is a privilege which may be granted or withheld by the state in its discretion, without violating either the due process clause or the equal protection clause.' (*Buck v. Kuykendall*, 267 U. S. 307 [38 A. L. R. 286, 69 L. Ed. 623, 45 Sup. Ct. Rep. 324].

22. "The **right** of a citizen to travel upon the highway and transport his property thereon in the ordinary course of life and business **differs radically an obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business**

1 and uses it for private gain, in the running of a stage coach or omnibus. The  
2 former is the usual and ordinary **right** of a citizen, a **right** common to all;  
3 while the latter is special, unusual and extraordinary. As to the former, the  
4 extent of legislative power is that of regulation; but as to the latter its power  
5 is broader; the right may be wholly denied, or it may be permitted to some  
6 and denied to others, because of its extraordinary nature. This distinction,  
7 elementary and fundamental in character, is recognized by all the  
8 authorities."

9 23. "Even the legislature has no power to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel  
10 upon the highway and transport his/her property in the ordinary course of  
11 his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance  
12 with the public interest and convenience." ["regulated" means traffic safety  
13 enforcement, stop lights, signs etc.] — Chicago Motor Coach v. Chicago, 169  
14 NE 22.

15 24. "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** cannot be converted into a  
16 crime." — Miller v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.

17 25. "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this  
18 exercise of constitutional **rights**." — Sherar v. Cullen, 481 F. 945

19 26. The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the highway and to transport his  
20 property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, differs radically  
21 and obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business  
22 for private gain in the running of a stagecoach or omnibus." — State vs. City  
23 of Spokane, 186 P. 864.

24 27. "The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
25 his/her property thereon either by carriage or automobile, is **not** a mere  
26 privilege which a city [or State] may prohibit or permit at will, but a common  
27 right which he/she has under the **right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of  
28 happiness." — Thompson v. Smith, 154 SE 579.



1 28. "The **right** of the Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to  
2 transport his property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and  
3 business, is a common **right** which he has under the **right** to enjoy life  
4 and liberty, to acquire and possess property, and to pursue happiness  
5 and safety. It includes the right, in so doing, to use the ordinary and  
6 usual conveyances of the day, and under the existing modes of **travel**,  
7 includes the right to drive a horse drawn carriage or wagon thereon or  
8 to operate an automobile thereon, for the usual and ordinary purpose  
9 of life and business." — Thompson vs. Smith, supra.; Teche Lines vs.  
10 Danforth, Miss., 12 S.2d 784.

11 29. "The use of the highways for the purpose of **travel** and transportation  
12 is not a mere **privilege**, but a common and fundamental **Right** of which  
13 the public and the individual cannot be rightfully deprived." — Chicago  
14 Motor Coach vs. Chicago, 169 NE 22; Ligare vs. Chicago, 28 NE  
15 934; Boon vs. Clark, 214 SSW 607; 25 Am. Jur. (1st) Highways Sect. 163.

16 30. "The **right** to b is part of the Liberty of which a citizen cannot deprived  
17 without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. This Right  
18 was emerging as early as the Magna Carta." — Kent vs. Dulles, 357 US  
19 116 (1958).

20 31. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the people." — Hurtado vs.  
21 California, 110 US 516.

22 32. "Personal liberty largely consists of the Right of locomotion -- to go where  
23 and when one pleases -- only so far restrained as the Rights of others may  
24 make it necessary for the welfare of all other citizens. The **Right** of the  
25 Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport his property  
26 thereon, by horse drawn carriage, wagon, or automobile, is not a mere  
27 **privilege** which may be permitted or prohibited at will, but the  
28 common **Right** which he has under his **Right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit

1 of happiness. Under this Constitutional guarantee one may, therefore, under  
2 normal conditions, **travel** at his inclination along the public highways or in  
3 public places, and while conducting himself in an orderly and decent  
4 manner, neither interfering with nor disturbing another's Rights, he will be  
5 protected, not only in his person, but in his safe conduct." — II Am.Jur. (1st)  
6 Constitutional Law, Sect.329, p.1135.

7 33. Where **rights** secured by the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
8 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — Miranda v. Arizona,  
9 384 U.S.

10 34. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the **people**." — Hurtado vs. California,  
11 110 US 516.

## 12 **NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY**

13 35. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and  
14 thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v.  
15 City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an  
16 extension as an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial"  
17 and not a "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583;  
18 Keller v. P.E., 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.

19 36."Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful  
20 authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406  
21 F2d 137 t.

22 37. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability  
23 promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the  
24 government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial**  
25 **Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.

26 38. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable**  
27 **for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice**  
28 **Court**, A025829.

39. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
40. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel** (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817; **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.
41. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.
42. "the people, not the States, are sovereign." — Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 Dall. 419, 2 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).
43. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and Natural Law). Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat. 22:36-40; Luke 10:17; Col. 3:25. "No one is above the law".
44. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie is to go against the mind."
45. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2; John 8:32; II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only the truth.
46. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev. 5:4-5; Lev. 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12).
47. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN COMMERCE.** (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15;). "He who does not deny, admits."
48. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17;). "There is nothing left to resolve.

//

XXIV. At no point in time were Defendants/Respondents presented with a CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any information added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud, without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

49. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10:7; II Tim. 2:6.

**Legal maxim:** "It is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own property."

50. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY**

**DEFAULT.** (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it."

//

Executed "*without the United States*" in compliance with **28 USC § 1746**.

**FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.**

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### ***Some Relevant U.C.C. Sections and Application***

#### **1. U.C.C. § 1-308 – Reservation of Rights:**

This section ensures that acceptance of an offer under duress or coercion does not waive any rights or defenses. By invoking U.C.C. § 1-308, Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) asserts that any compliance with your offer is made with *explicit reservation of rights*, preserving all legal remedies.

#### **2. U.C.C. § 2-204 – Formation in General:**

This section establishes that a contract can be formed in any manner sufficient to show agreement, including conduct. By issuing the citation (an implied offer to contract), You/Dedendant(s)/Respondent(s), have initiated a contractual relationship, which has been conditionally accepted with new terms herein.

#### **3. U.C.C. § 2-206 – Offer and Acceptance in Formation of Contract:**

Under this section, an offer can be accepted in any reasonable manner. By

1 conditionally accepting the citation and dispatching this notice via USPS  
2 Certified, Registered, and/or Express mail, Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) has/have  
3 created a binding contract agreement and obligation which You/Defendant(s)/  
4 Respondent(s) are **contractually bound and obligated to**.

5 **4. U.C.C. § 2-202 – Final Written Expression:**

6 This provision ensures that the terms of this conditional acceptance supplement  
7 the original terms of the citation. By including these conditions, the issuing  
8 authority is bound to provide proof of their validity, failing which the  
9 conditional acceptance will be expressly stipulated as the **final** agreement.

10 **5. U.C.C. § 1-103 – Supplementary General Principles of Law Applicable:**

11 This section allows common law principles to supplement the UCC. Under the  
12 doctrine of **equity** and **fair dealing**, failure to provide the requested proof  
13 constitutes bad faith and silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit  
14 procurement to all of the the **fact and terms stipulated** in this Affidavit Notice  
15 and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement.

16 **Legal and Procedural Basis**

17 **1. Mailbox/Postal Rule:**

18 Under the mailbox rule, this notice of conditional acceptance is effective and  
19 considered **accepted** by You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) upon dispatch via  
20 Registered Mail, and/or Express Mail, and/or Certified Mail. The agreement  
21 becomes binding when the notice **is sent, not** when received. This binds the  
22 issuing authority to the terms outlined in this notice unless rebutted within the  
23 specified timeframe.

24 **2. Offer and Acceptance:**

25 Your citation constitutes an offer under contract law. This notice self-  
26 executing Contract and Security Agreement conditionally accepts your  
27 contract OFFER and supplements its terms under U.C.C. § 2-202. Failure  
28 to fulfill the new and final terms and conditions within the specified **three**



(3) day timeframe constitutes **silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement.**

**RESPONSE DEADLINE: REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS:**

A response and/or compensation and/or restitution payment must be received within a deadline of **three (3) days**. At the “**Deadline**” is defined as 5:00 p.m. on the third (3rd) day after your receipt of this affidavit. “**Failure to respond**” is defined as a blank denial, unsupported denial, inapposite denial, such as, “not applicable” or equivalent, statements of counsel and other declarations by third parties that lack first-hand knowledge of the facts, and/or responses lacking verification, all such responses being legally insufficient to controvert the verified statements herewith. See *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc* and *Beasley, Supra*. Failure to respond can result in **your acceptance of personal liability** external to qualified immunity and waiver of any decision rights of remedy.

**FAILURE TO RESPOND AND/OR PERFORM, REMEDY, AND SETTLEMENT**

If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** of receiving this Affidavit Notice and Self- Executing Contract and Security Agreement and CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, with verified evidence of the above accompanied by an affidavit, **sworn under the penalty of perjury, as required by law**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) **individually and collectively fully agree** that you must **act in good faith** and accordance with the Law, cease all conspiracy, fraud, identity theft, embezzlement, deprivation under the color of law, extortion, embezzlement, bank fraud,

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

1 harassment, conspiracy to deprive, and other violations of the law, and  
2 **TERMINATE these proceeding immediately**, and pay the below mentioned  
3 Three Hundred Million Dollar Restitution and Settlement payment, and  
4 releasing all special deposit funds and/or Credits due to Affiant and/or  
5 Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

6 **Three Hundred Million (\$300,000,000.00 USD) Restitution**  
7 **Settlement Payment REQUIRED**

8 Furthermore, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and  
9 perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication by  
10 providing **verified evidence and proof** of the facts and conditions set forth herein,  
11 accompanied by **affidavits sworn under penalty of perjury as required by law**,  
12 Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert  
13 Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
14 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
15 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, hereby agree that, within three (3) days of receipt of  
16 this contract offer, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) shall issue restitution payment  
17 in the total sum certain of **Three Hundred Million U.S. Dollars (\$300,000,000.00**  
18 **USD)**, which shall become **immediately** due and payable to <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS  
19 TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or  
20 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST: Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

21 **One Trillion Dollar (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**  
22 **Default Judgement and Lien**

23 If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within**  
24 **three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, as **contractually**  
25 **required**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) hereby individually and collectively,  
26 fully agree, that the entire amount evidenced and itemized in Invoice  
27 **#RIVSHERTREAS12312024**, totaling **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**,  
28 **shall** become **immediately** due and payable in full.

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1 **Furthermore**, if You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond and  
2 perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, You/  
3 Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), **individually and collectively**, **admit the statements**  
4 **and claims** by **TACIT PROCURATION**, and completely agree that you/they  
5 individually and collectively are guilty of **fraud, racketeering, identity theft,**  
6 **treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion, coercion, deprivation of**  
7 **rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law,**  
8 **monopolization of trade and commerce, forced peonage, obstruction of**  
9 **enforcement, extortion of a national/internationally protected person, false**  
10 **imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary**  
11 **duties, bank fraud, breach of trust, treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor,**  
12 **injury and damage to Affiant.**

## 13 **JUDGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL LIEN** 14 **AUTHORIZATION**

15 Moreover, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), fail to respond **within three (3)**  
16 **days** from the date of receipt of this communication, you/they **individually and**  
17 **collectively**, **fully and unequivocally Decree, Accept, fully Authorize (in accord with**  
18 **UCC section 9), indorse, support, and advocate for a judgement, and/or SUMMARY**  
19 **JUDGEMENT, and/or commercial lien of One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**  
20 **against** You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman,  
21 George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V  
22 BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
23 SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, **in favor of**, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN  
24 WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR  
25 TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

26 **Finally**, If You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), **fail to respond within three (3) days**  
27 **from the date of receipt of this communication, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)**  
28 ***individually and collectively*, EXPRESSLY, FULLY, and unequivocally Authorize,**

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

**indorse, support and advocate for** <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S) to formally notify the United States Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, the respective Congress (wo)man, U.S. Attorney General, and/or any person, individual, legal fiction, and/or person, or ens legis Affiant deems necessary, including but not limited to submitting the requisite form(s) 1099-A, 1099-OID, 1099-C, 1096, 1040, 1041, 1041-V, 1040-V, 3949-A, with the **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)** as the **income to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) and lost revenue and/or income to** Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

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## **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT, U.C.C. 3-505 PRESUMED DISHONOR**

Said income is **to be assessed and claimed as income** by/to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), and/or by **filing a lawsuit** followed by a DEMAND or similar for **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT** as **a matter of law**, in accordance with **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)** and **Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(a)**, and/or executing an Affidavit Certificate of Non-Response, Dishonor, Judgement, and **Lien Authorization**, in accordance with **U.C.C. § 3-505**, and/or issue an ORDER TO PAY or BILL OF EXCHANGE to the U.S. Treasury and IRS, said sum certain of **One Trillion U.S. Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**, for **immediate credit** to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S), with this Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement servings as *prima facie* evidence of You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s)'s **Verified INDEBTEDNESS** to Affiant, Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

Should it be deemed necessary, the Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) are **fully Authorized (in accord with U.C.C § 9-509)** to file a UCC commercial **LIEN and/or UCC1 Financing Statement** to perfect interest and/or secure full satisfaction of the adjudged sum of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**.

//

**\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

Again for the record, this **contract, received and accepted per the mailbox rule**, is **self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT**, and establishes a lien, **Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is deemed to occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the mailbox rule established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes effective and binding** once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the control of the postal service, as supported by **Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250**. Furthermore, as a **self-executing agreement**, this **contract** creates **immediate and enforceable obligations** without the need for further action, functioning also as a **SECURITY AGREEMENT** under **Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)**.

**\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

//

**ESTOPPEL BY ACQUIESCENCE:**

If the addressee(s) or an intended recipient of this notice fail to respond addressing **each point, on a point by point basis**, they **individually and collectively accept all** of the statements, declaration, stipulations, facts, and **claims as TRUTH** and fact by **TACIT PROCURATION**, **all issues are deemed settled RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS** and by **COLLATERAL**



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

1 **ESTOPPEL.** You may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of  
2 the administrative findings in any subsequent process, whether administrative or  
3 judicial. (See Black's Law Dictionary 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. for any terms you do not "*understand*").

4 **Your failure to completely answer and respond will result in your agreeing**  
5 **not to argue, controvert or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative**  
6 **findings in any process, whether administrative or judicial, as certified by**  
7 **Notary or Witness Acceptor in an Affidavit Certificate of Non Response and/or**  
8 **Judgement, or similar.**

9 Should YOU **fail** to respond, provide partial, unsworn, or incomplete  
10 answers, **such are not acceptable to me or to any court of law.** See, *Sieb's*  
11 *Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for  
12 an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed  
13 only an unsworn response within the time permitted," thus, under the specific  
14 provisions of Ark. and *Fed. R. Civ. P.* 36, the facts in question were **deemed**  
15 **admitted as true. Failure to answer is well established in the court.** *Beasley v. U.*  
16 *S.*, 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests **will be considered as**  
17 **having been admitted.**" Also as previously referenced, "Statements of **fact**  
18 contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or**  
19 **pleadings** may be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244  
20 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

21 **COPY of this ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE sent to the following**  
22 **WITNESSES by way of Registered Mail with Misprision of Felony Obligations:**

23 **To/Cc:** Rob Bonta, Fiduciary(ies),  
24 C/o Office of the Attorney General  
1300 "I" Street  
Sacramento, California [95814-2919]  
25 Registered Mail # **RF775820670US.**

**To/Cc:** Issa, Darrel  
C/o U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
Washington, District of Colombia [20515]  
Registered Mail # **RF775820666US.**

26 **To/Cc:** Michael Hestrin, Fiduciary(ies),  
27 C/o Office of the District Attorney  
3960 Orange Street  
Riverside California [92501]  
28 Registered Mail # **RF775820652US.**

**To/cc:** Merrick Garland  
C/o OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue Nw  
Washington, District of Colombia, [20530]  
Registered Mail # **RF775820649US**

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Invoice # RIVSHERTREAS12312024

## INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL

Dear Valued Defendant(s), Respondent(s), Customer(s), Fiduciary(ies), Agent(s), and/or DEBTOR(S):

It has come to OUR attention that you are **deemed guilty of multiple felony crimes, violations of U.S. Code, U.C.C, the Constitution, and the law.** You have or currently still are **threatening, extorting, depriving, coercing, damaging, injuring, and causing irreparable physical, mental, emotional, and financial harm** to <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST and its/their beneficiary(ies), and their Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Executor(s), Agent(s), and Representatives. **You remain in default, dishonor, and have an outstanding past due balance due immediately, to wit:**

1. 18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindle :	\$10,000,000.00
2. 18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony	\$1,000,000.00
3. Professional and personal fees and costs associated with preparing documents for this matter:	\$100,000,000.00
4. 15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty:	\$200,000,000.00
5. 18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights:	\$9,000,000,000.00
6. 18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law:	\$9,000,000,000.00
7. 18 U.S. Code § 1344 - Bank fraud: (fine and/or up to 30 years imprisonment)	\$100,000,000.00
8. 15 U.S. Code § 1122 - Liability of United States and States, and instrumentalities and officials thereof:	\$100,000,000,000.00
9. 15 U.S. Code § 1 - Trusts, etc., in restraint of trade illegal; penalty (fine and/or up to 10 years imprisonment):	\$900,000,000.00
10. 18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$3,000,000,000.00
11. Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons:	\$11,000,000.00
12. 18 U.S. Code § 878 - Threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$500,000,000.00
13. 18 U.S. Code § 880 - Receiving the proceeds of extortion (fine and/or up to 3 years imprisonment):	\$100,000,000.00
14. Use of <sup>TM</sup> KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©: x 3	\$3,000,000.00
15. Fraud, conspiracy, obstruction, identity theft, extortion, bad faith actions, treason, monopolization of trade and commerce, bank fraud, threats, coercion, identity theft, mental trauma, emotional anguish and trauma. embezzlement, larceny, felony crimes, loss of time and thus enjoyable life, deprivation of rights under the color of law harassment, Waring against the Constitution, injury and damage:	\$777,075,000,000.00

**Total Due:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD  
**Good Faith Discount:** \$999,700,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due by 12/10/2024:** \$300,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due after 12/10/2024:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

## **EXHIBITS/ATTACHMENTS:**

1. **Exhibit A:** Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact'
2. **Exhibit B:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #**2024385925-4**.
3. **Exhibit C:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC3 filing ##**2024402990-2** .
4. **Exhibit D:** Affidavit Right of Travel CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991
5. **Exhibit E:** Revocation Termination and Cancelation of Franchise.
6. **Exhibit F:** CITATION/BOND #**TE464702**, accepted under threat, duress, and coercion: **AS EVIDENCED BY SIGNATURE LINE**.
7. **Exhibit G:** Automobile's PRIVATE PLATE displayed on the automobile
8. **Exhibit H:** Screenshot of "Automobile" and "commercial vehicle" from DMV website
9. **Exhibit I:** Screenshot of CA CODE § 260 from <https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>
10. **Exhibit J:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Gregory D Eastwood.
11. **Exhibit K:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Robert C V Bowman.
12. **Exhibit L:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Willam Pratt.
13. **Exhibit M:** AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of **STATUS**, **ASSETS**, **RIGHTS**, **JURISDICTION**, AND **PROTECTIONS** as national/non-citizen national, foreign government, foreign official, internationally protected person, international organization, **secured party/secured creditor**, and/or national of the United States, #**RF661448964US**.
14. **Exhibit N:** national/non-citizen national passport card #**C35510079**.
15. **Exhibit O:** national/non-citizen national passport book #**A39235161**.
16. **Exhibit P:** <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© Copyright and Trademark Agreement.
17. **Exhibit Q:**

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## WORDS DEFINED GLOSSARY OF TERMS:

As used in this Affidavit, the following words and terms are as defined in this section, non-obstante:

1. **automobile**: a passenger vehicle that does not transport persons for hire. This includes station wagons, sedans, vans, and sport utility vehicles. See, California Vehicle Code (CVC) §465.
2. **commercial vehicle**: A “**commercial vehicle**” is a vehicle which is used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property (for example, trucks and pickups). See CVC §260.
3. **motor vehicle**: The term “**motor vehicle**” means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and** used for **commercial purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo. See 18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definitions.
4. **financial institution**: a **person**, an **individual**, a **private banker**, a business engaged in vehicle sales, including automobile, airplane, and boat sales, persons involved in real estate closings and settlements, the United States Postal Service, a commercial bank or trust company, any credit union, an agency of the United States Government or of a State or local government carrying out a duty or power of a business described in this paragraph, a broker or dealer in securities or commodities, a currency exchange, or a business engaged in the exchange of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency or funds, financial agency, a loan or finance company, an issuer, redeemer, or cashier of travelers’ checks, checks, money orders, or similar instruments, an operator of a credit card system, an insurance company, a licensed sender of money or any other person who engages as a business in the transmission of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency, including any person who engages as a business in an informal money transfer system or any network of people who engage as a business in facilitating the transfer of money domestically or internationally outside of the conventional financial institutions system. Ref, 31 U.S. Code § 5312 - Definitions and application.
5. **individual**: As a noun, this term denotes a single **person** as distinguished from a group or class, and also, very commonly, a private or natural person as distinguished from a partnership, corporation, or association; but it is said that this restrictive signification is not necessarily inherent in the word, and that it **may**, in proper cases, include **artificial persons**. As an adjective: Existing as an indivisible entity.

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

1 Of or relating to a single person or thing, as opposed to a group. — See Black's Law Dictionary 4th, 7th,  
2 and 8th Edition pages 913, 777, and 2263 respectively.

3 6. **person:** Term may include artificial beings, as corporations. The term means an **individual, corporation,**  
4 **business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture,**  
5 **government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other**  
6 **legal or commercial entity.** The term "person" shall be construed to mean and include an individual, a  
7 trust, estate, partnership, association, company or corporation. **The term "person" means a natural**  
8 **person or an organization. -Artificial persons.** Such as are created and devised by law for the purposes  
9 of society and government, called "corporations" or bodies politic." **-Natural persons.** Such as are  
10 formed by nature, as distinguished from artificial persons, or corporations. **-Private person.** An  
11 individual who is not the incumbent of an office. Persons are divided by law into natural and **artificial.**  
12 Natural persons are such as the God of nature formed us; **artificial** are such as are created and devised  
13 by **human laws**, for the purposes of society and government, which are called "corporations" or "bodies  
14 politic." — See Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) § 1-201, Black's Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 4th  
15 edition pages 892, 895, and 1299, respectively, 27 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 72.11 - Meaning  
16 of terms, and 26 United States Code (U.S. Code) § 7701 - Definitions.

17 7. **bank:** a **person** engaged in the business of banking and includes a savings bank, savings and loan  
18 association, credit union, and **trust company.** The terms "banks", "national bank", "national banking  
19 association", "member bank", "board", "district", and "reserve bank" shall have the meanings assigned  
20 to them in section 221 of this title. An institution, of great value in the commercial world, empowered  
21 to receive deposits of money, to make loans. and to issue its promissory notes, (designed to circulate as  
22 money, and commonly called "bank-notes" or "bank-bills" ) or to perform any one or more of these  
23 functions. The term "bank" is usually restricted in its application to an incorporated body; while a  
24 **private individual** making it his business to conduct banking operations is denominated a "banker."  
25 Banks in a commercial sense are of three kinds, to wit; (1) Of deposit; (2) of discount; (3) of circulation.  
26 Strictly speaking, the term "bank" implies a place for the deposit of money, as that is the most obvious  
27 purpose of such an institution. — See, UCC 1-201, 4-105, 12 U.S. Code § 221a, Black's Law Dictionary  
28 1st, 2nd, 4th, 7th, and 8th, pages 117-118, 116-117, 183-184, 139-140, and 437-439.



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- 1 8. **discharge:** To cancel or unloose the obligation of a contract; to make an agreement or contract null and  
2 inoperative. Its principal species are rescission, release, accord and satisfaction, performance,  
3 judgement, composition, bankruptcy, merger. As applied to demands claims, right of action,  
4 incumbrances, etc., to discharge the debt or claim is to extinguish it, to annul its obligatory force, to  
5 satisfy it. And here also the term is generic; thus a dent , a mortgage. As a noun, the word means the act  
6 or instrument by which the binding force of a contract is terminated, irrespective of whether the  
7 contract is carried out to the full extent contemplated (in which case the discharge is the result of  
8 performance) or is broken off before complete execution. See, Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, page
- 9 9. **pay:** To discharge a debt; to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in  
10 money or in goods, for his acceptance. To pay is to deliver to a creditor the  
11 value of a debt, either in money or In goods, for his acceptance, by which the  
12 debt is discharged. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 3rd edition, pages  
13 880, 883, and 1339 respectively.
- 14 10. **payment:** The performance of a duty, promise, or obligation, or discharge of a debt or liability. by the  
15 delivery of money or other value. Also the money or thing so delivered. Performance of an obligation  
16 by the delivery of money or some other valuable thing accepted in partial or full discharge of the  
17 obligation. [Cases: Payment 1. C.J.S. Payment § 2.] 2. The money or other valuable thing so delivered in  
18 satisfaction of an obligation. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st and 8th edition, pages 880-811 and  
19 3576-3577, respectively.
- 20 11. **driver:** The term "driver" (i.e: "driver's license") means One **employed** in conducting a coach, carriage,  
21 wagon, or other vehicle, with horses, mules, or other animals.
- 22 12. **may:** An auxiliary verb qualifying the meaning of another verb by expressing ability, competency,  
23 liberty, permission, probability or contingency. — Regardless of the instrument, however, whether  
24 constitution, statute, deed, contract or whatnot, **courts not infrequently construe "may" as "shall" or**  
25 **"must".** — See Black's :aw Dictionary, 4th Edition page 1131.
- 26 13. **extortion:** The term "**extortion**" means the obtaining of property from another, **with his consent,**  
27 **induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official**  
28 **right.** — See 18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence.

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

14. **national:** "foreign government", "foreign official", "internationally protected person", "international organization", "national of the United States", "official guest," and/or "non-citizen national." **They all have the same meaning.** See Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons.

15. **United States:** For the purposes of this Affidavit, the terms "United States" and "U.S." mean only the Federal Legislative Democracy of the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other Territory within the "United States," which entity has its origin and jurisdiction from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 17-18 and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution for the United States of America. *The terms "United States" and "U.S." are NOT to be construed to mean or include the sovereign, united 50 states of America.*

16. **fraud:** deceitful practice or Willful device, resorted to with intent to deprive another of his right, or in some manner to do him an injury. As distinguished from negligence, it is always positive, intentional. as applied to contracts is the cause of an error bearing on material part of the contract, created or continued by artifice, with design to obtain some unjust advantage to the one party, or to cause an inconvenience or loss to the other. in the sense of court of equity, properly includes all acts, omissions, and concealments which involved a breach of legal or equitable duty, trust, or confidence justly reposed, and are injurious to another, or by which an undue and unconscientious advantage is taken of another. See Black's Law Dictionary, 1st and 2nd Edition, pages 521-522 and 517 respectively.

17. **color:** appearance, semblance. or simulacrum, as distinguished from that which is real. A prima facie or apparent right. Hence, a deceptive appearance; a plausible, assumed exterior, concealing a lack of reality; a a disguise or pretext. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 222.

18. **colorable:** That which is in appearance only, and not in reality, what it purports to be. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 2223.

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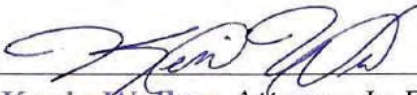
Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #LR126149735US DATED January 1, 2025

**COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

County of Riverside )  
) Commercial Oath and Verification  
The State of California )

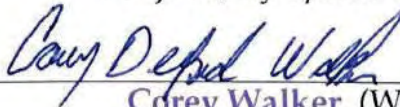
I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true, correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of Truth regarding same signed and sealed this 1ST day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord two thousand and twenty five:

proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona, by *Special Limited Appearance*,  
**All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, UCC § 1-308, 3-402.**

By:   
**Kevin Walker**, Attorney In Fact, Secured Party,  
Executor, national, private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxxx

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

Sui juris, By *Special Limited Appearance*,  
By:   
**Donnabelle Mortel** (WITNESS)

Sui juris, By *Special Limited Appearance*,  
By:   
**Corey Walker** (WITNESS)

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Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775820621US/ Express Mail #ER126149735US — DATED: January 1, 2025

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification **only** and **not** for entrance into **any** foreign jurisdiction.

**JURAT:**

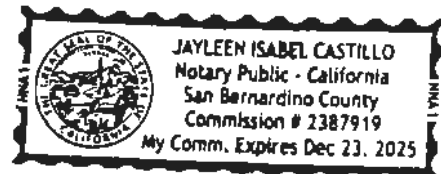
A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of Riverside )  
County of California ) ss.

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 2nd day of January, 2025 by Kevin Walker proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Jayleen Isabel Castillo Notary Public  
print

Jayleen Castillo Seal:



-Exhibit F-



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775821088US — DATED: January 28, 2025

**From/Plaintiff:** Kevin: Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona.*

Executor, Authorized Representative, Secured Party, Master Beneficiary

TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER©

c/o 30650 Rancho California Road Suite #406-251

Temecula, California [92591]

non-domestic *without* the United States

Email: [team@walkernovagroup.com](mailto:team@walkernovagroup.com)

\*\*\* NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL \*\*\*  
\*\*\* NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT \*\*\*

\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT \*\*\*

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,

Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes.

C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER

30755-D Auld Road

Murrieta, California [92563]

Registered Mail # RF775821088US

Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF

4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor

Riverside, California [92501]

Registered Mail # RF775821131US

Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

## **AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts**

**NOTICE OF DEFAULT, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY,  
DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY  
THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.**

**Kevin: Walker, TMKEVIN WALKER©  
ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS  
WALKER©, TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR  
TRUST,**

Claimant(s)Plaintiff(s),

vs.

**Chad Bianco, Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes,  
William Pratt, Robert Gell, CHAD  
BIANCO, GREGORY D EASTWOOD,  
ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM  
PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT  
GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, Does 1-100  
Inclusive,**

Defendant(s)/Respondent(s).

**CITATION/BOND NO.: TE464702**

1. FRAUD
2. RACKETEERING
3. EMBEZZLEMENT
4. IDENTITY THEFT
5. CONSPIRACY
6. DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER  
COLOR OF LAW
7. RECEIVING EXTORTION PROCEEDS
8. FALSE PRETENSES
9. EXTORTION
10. UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT
11. TORTURE
12. KIDNAPPING
13. FORCED PEONAGE
14. MONOPOLIZATION OF TRADE AND  
COMMERCE
15. BANK FRAUD
16. TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN  
PROPERTY, MONEY, & SECURITIES
17. CONSIDERED AND STIPULATED ONE  
TRILLION DOLLAR  
(\$1,000,000,000.00) JUDGEMENT  
AND LIEN.

**COMES NOW,** Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE and

TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER© and TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, (hereinafter

"Plaintiffs"), by and through their Attorney-In-Fact, **Kevin: Walker**, who is

proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona* (*pro per*), and by *Special Limited Appearance*. Kevin is a natural freeborn Sovereign and state Citizen of California the republic in its De'jure capacity as one of the several states of the Union 1789. This incidentally makes him a non-citizen national/national American Citizen of the republic as per the De'Jure Constitution for the United States 1777/1789. Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s), acting through their Attorney(s)-in-Fact, assert their unalienable right to contract, as secured by Article I, Section 10 of the Constitution, which states: "No State shall... pass any Law impairing the Obligation of Contracts." and thus which prohibits states from impairing the obligation of contracts. This clause unequivocally prohibits states from impairing the obligation of contracts, including but not limited to, a trust and contract agreement as an 'Attorney-In-Fact,' and any private contract existing between Plaintiffs and Defendants. A copy of the 'Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact,' is attached hereto as Exhibits A and incorporated herein by reference. Plaintiffs further rely on their unalienable and inherent rights under the Constitution and the common law — rights that predate the formation of the state and remain safeguarded by due process of law.

## I. Constitutional Basis:

Plaintiffs assert that their private rights are secured and protected under the Constitution, common law, and exclusive equity, which govern their ability to freely contract and protect their property and interests..

Plaintiffs respectfully assert and affirm:

- "The individual may stand upon his constitutional rights as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his private business in his own way. His power to contract is unlimited. He owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] long antecedent to the organization of the State, and can only be taken from him by due

1 process of law, and in accordance with the Constitution. Among his rights are a  
2 refusal to incriminate himself, and the immunity of himself and his property from  
3 arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law. He owes nothing to the public  
4 so long as he does not trespass upon their rights." (*Hale v. Henkel*, 201 U.S. 43, 47  
5 [1905]).

- 6 • "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** **cannot** be converted into a  
7 crime." — *Miller v. U.S.*, 230 F 2d 486, 489.
- 8 • "Where **rights** **secured** by the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
9 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — *Miranda v. Arizona*, 384 U.S.  
10 • "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this exercise of  
11 constitutional **rights**." — *Sherar v. Cullen*, 481 F. 945.
- 12 • "A law repugnant to the Constitution is **void**." — *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S. (1  
13 Cranch) 137, 177 (1803).
- 14 • "It is not the duty of the citizen to surrender his rights, liberties, and immunities  
15 under the guise of police power or any other governmental power." — *Miranda v.*  
16 *Arizona*, 384 U.S. 436, 491 (1966).
- 17 • "An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; affords  
18 no protection; it creates no office; it is, in legal contemplation, as inoperative as  
19 though it had never been passed." — *Norton v. Shelby County*, 118 U.S. 425, 442  
20 (1886).
- 21 • "No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law, and no courts are bound to  
22 enforce it." — *16 Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 177, Late Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 256*.
- 23 • "Sovereignty itself remains with the people, by whom and for whom all  
24 government exists and acts." — *Yick Wo v. Hopkins*, 118 U.S. 356, 370 (1886).

## 25 **II. Supremacy Clause**

26 Plaintiffs respectfully assert and affirm that:

- 27 • **The Supremacy Clause** of the Constitution of the United States (**Article VI, Clause**  
28 **2**) **establishes** that **the Constitution**, federal laws made **pursuant to it**, and treaties

1 **made under its authority**, constitute the "**supreme Law of the Land**", and thus **take**  
2 **priority over any conflicting state laws.** It provides that state courts are bound by,  
3 and state constitutions subordinate to, the supreme law. However, federal statutes  
4 and treaties must be within the parameters of the Constitution; **that is, they must be**  
5 **pursuant to** the federal government's **enumerated powers**, and **not violate other**  
6 **constitutional limits on federal power ...** As a constitutional provision identifying  
7 the supremacy of federal law, the Supremacy Clause assumes the underlying  
8 priority of federal authority, **albeit only when that authority is expressed in the**  
9 **Constitution itself; no matter what** the federal or state governments **might wish to**  
10 **do, they must** stay within the boundaries of the **Constitution.**

### 11 **III. NOTICE OF DEFAULT**

12 This notice serves as formal **NOTICE OF DEFAULT**, concerning Contract/Bond/  
13 Ticket Number **TE464702**. This communication shall serve as a formal **NOTICE OF**  
14 **DEFAULT** of the aforementioned coerced and extorted offer, which was  
15 conditionally accepted contingent upon proof of the conditions set forth herein,  
16 governed by the principles of contract law, legal maxims, common law, and the  
17 **Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)**, including but not limited to **UCC §§ 1-103,**  
18 **2-202, 2-204, 2-206**, and the **mailbox/postal rule.**

19 The undersigned, **Kevin: Walker**, herein referred to as Affiant. Affiant is  
20 the Agent, Attorney-In-Fact, **holder in due course**, and **Secured Party** and  
21 Creditor of and for **™KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, ™KEVIN LEWIS**  
22 **WALKER©, ™KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST**. Affiant hereby states that he  
23 is of legal age and competent to state on belief and first hand personal  
24 knowledge that the facts set forth herein as duly noted below are true, correct,  
25 complete, and presented in **good faith**, regarding the **coerced and extorted**  
26 commercial contract **OFFER/CONTRACT/TICKET/BOND #TE464702**,  
27 listed under **™KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©**, pertaining to the private trust  
28 property and private automobile hereafter referred to as "Private Property".

1 **IV. \*\* Notice of Administrative Process \*\***

2 This **VERIFIED** Affidavit, NOTICE, and SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT  
3 SECURITY AGREEMENT concerns Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)/You, Chad  
4 Bianco, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt,  
5 CHAD BIANCO, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM  
6 PRATT, GEORGE REYES, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does*  
7 *1-100 Inclusive*, and their **blatant bad faith** acts of **fraud, racketeering, conspiracy,**  
8 **threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally**  
9 **protected persons, extortion, embezzlement, larceny, coercion, identity theft,**  
10 **extortion of national/internationally protected person, conspiracy to deprive of**  
11 **rights under the color of law, treason, bank fraud, trusts, etc., in restraint of trade,**  
12 **frauds and swindles, mail fraud, forced peonage, monopolization of trade and**  
13 **commerce, willful violation of the Constitution, deprivation of rights under color of**  
14 **law, monopolization of trade and commerce, and intentional and willful and**  
15 **intentional trespass and infringement** of the <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©  
16 trademark, trade name, patent and copyright.

17 As with any administrative process, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s),  
18 Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert  
19 Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
20 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
21 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100 Inclusive* may controvert the statements and/or claims  
22 made by Affiants by executing and delivering a verified response point by point, in  
23 affidavit form, **sworn and attested to under penalty of perjury**, signed by Gregory  
24 D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
25 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE  
26 REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does*  
27 *1-100* or other designated officer of the corporation with evidence in support by  
28 Certified, Express, or Registered Mail. **Answers by any other means are considered**



1 a non-response and will be treated as a non-response.

2 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

3 Again for the record, this contract, received and accepted per the mailbox  
4 rule, is self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT, and establishes  
5 a lien, Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is  
6 deemed to occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the  
7 mailbox rule established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes  
8 effective and binding once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the  
9 control of the postal service, as supported by Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250.  
10 Furthermore, as a self-executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and  
11 enforceable obligations without the need for further action, functioning also as a  
12 SECURITY AGREEMENT under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC).

13 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

14 **Contract Agreement Terms of Conditional Acceptance:**

15 **V. Plain Statement of Facts**

16 KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT, that I, **Kevin: Walker**, proceeding  
17 *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, a man upon the land,  
18 a follower of the Almighty Supreme Creator, first and foremost and the laws of man  
19 when they are not in conflict (Leviticus 18:3, 4) Pursuant to Matthew 5:33 – 37 and  
20 James 5:12, let my yea mean yea and my nay be nay, as supported by Federal Public  
21 Law 97-280, 96 Stat.1211, depose and say that I, **Kevin: Walker** over 18 years of age,  
22 being competent to testify and having **first hand knowledge** of the facts herein  
23 **declare (or certify, verify, affirm, or state)** under penalty of perjury under the laws  
24 of the **United States of America** that the following is true and correct, to the best of  
25 my understanding and belief, and in good faith:

26 1. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited*  
27 *Appearance*, hereby state again for the record that I explicitly **reserve all my**  
28 **rights and waive absolutely none**. See U.C.C. § 1-308.

- 1 2. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special*  
2 *Limited Appearance*, herby invoke *equity and fairness*.
- 3 3. As a a natural freeborn **Sovereign**, **state Citizen: Californian**, and  
4 **national**, there is no legal *requirement* for me to have such a "license" for  
5 **traveling** in my **private** car and/or means of transport. The unrevealed  
6 legal purpose of driver's licenses is commercial in nature. Since I **do not**  
7 carry passengers 'for hire,' and I **am not** engaged in trade or commerce on  
8 the highways, **there is no law 'requiring'** me to have a license to **travel** for  
9 my own **private** pleasure and that of my family and friends.
- 10 4. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special*  
11 *Limited Appearance*, herby **declare, state, verify, and affirm** for the record  
12 that the 'commercial' and 'for hire' Driver's License/Contract/Bond #  
13 **B6735991** has been canceled, revoked, terminated, and liquidated, as  
14 evidenced by instructions and notice accepted by **Steven Gordon**, with the  
15 California Department of Motor Vehicles," as **evidenced** by Affidavit of  
16 TruthRegistered Mail #**RF661447751US**.
- 17 5. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law**, **unless I**  
18 **have harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no**  
19 **crime; and I am therefore not subject to any penalty**. I act in accordance  
20 with the following **U.S. Supreme Court case**: "The individual may stand  
21 upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his  
22 **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited**. He  
23 owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to  
24 the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his  
25 life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land  
26 [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can  
27 only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance with the  
28 Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and

1 the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except  
2 under a warrant of the law. He owes nothing to the public so long as he  
3 does not trespass upon their rights." **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47  
4 (1905).

5 6. I reserve my natural common law right not to be compelled to perform under  
6 any contract that I did not enter into knowingly, voluntarily, and  
7 intentionally. And furthermore, I do not accept the liability associated with the  
8 compelled and pretended "benefit" of any hidden or unrevealed contract or  
9 commercial agreement. As such, the hidden or unrevealed contracts that  
10 supposedly create obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are  
11 inapplicable to me, and are null and void. If I have participated in any of the  
12 supposed "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so under  
13 duress, for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have received such  
14 "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that binds me to anything.

15 7. **Affiant states and alleges that this Affidavit Notice and Self-Executing**  
16 **Contract and Security Agreement is *prima facie* evidence of fraud,**  
17 **racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties,**  
18 **extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to**  
19 **deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce,**  
20 **forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/**  
21 **internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in**  
22 **restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,**  
23 **treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant**  
24 **and proof of claim. See *United States v. Kis*, 658 F.2d, 526 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981),,**  
25 **"Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and could do so**  
26 **by affidavit or other evidence."**

27 **UNLAWFUL DETAINMENT AND ARREST while Traveling**  
28 **in Private Automobile**

- 1 8. On **December 31, 2024**, at approximately 9:32am I, **Kevin: Walker, sui juris**, was  
2 **traveling privately** in my **private** automobile, displaying a 'PRIVATE' plate,  
3 indicating I was 'not for hire' or operating commercially, and the private  
4 automobile was not displaying a STATE plate of any sort . This clearly  
5 established that the **private** automobile was '***not for hire***' or '**commercial' use**  
6 and, therefore explicitly classifying the automobile as **private property**, and  
7 **NOT** *within* any statutory and/or commercial jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.
- 8 9. Upon being unlawfully stopped and detained by Defendant/Respondents,  
9 Gregory D Eastwood and Robert C V Bowman, I, Affiant, informed **all**  
10 **Defendants** who willfully **conspired** on the scene in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 241  
11 and 242, that I was a state Citizen, non-citizen natinoal/**national, privately**  
12 **traveling** in My **private** automobile, as articulated by Me and as evidenced by  
13 the 'PRIVATE' plate on the private automobile. **This includes William Pratt**  
14 **and George Reyes.**
- 15 10.The **private** automobile and **trust property** was **not** in **any** way displaying  
16 STATE or government registration or stickers, and was displaying a  
17 PRIVATE plate, removing the automobile from the Defendant's  
18 jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.
- 19 11.The **private** automobile is duly reflected on Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1  
20 filing **#2024385925-4, and UCC3 filing #2024402990-2, both filings** attached  
21 hereto as **Exhibits B and C** respectively, and incorporated herein by reference
- 22 12.**Under threat, duress, and coercion, and at gunpoint**, Gregory D Eastwood and  
23 Robert C V Bowman were presented with a national/ non-citizen national,  
24 **#C35510079** and passport book **#A39235161**. Copy attached hereto as **Exhibits N**  
25 **and O** respectively, and incorporated herein by reference.
- 26 13.Defendant/Respondents, acted against the Constitution, even when reminded of  
27 their duties to support and uphold the Constitution.

28 //

1 14. At no point in time were Defendants/Respondents presented with a  
2 CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any  
3 information added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud,  
4 without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

5 15.I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, should never have been stopped exercising my right to  
6 travel, in a private automobile that was clearly marked "PRIVATE" and "not for  
7 hire" and "not for commercial use."

8 **FRAUDULENT ALTERATION OF SIGNATURE,**  
9 **COERCION, ASSAULT, DISPARAGEMENT,**

10 16. During release procedures, Defendant Robert Gell threatened to "house" Kevin:  
11 Walker if Kevin did not sign every document presented, exactly as he (Robert  
12 Gell) waned Kevin to. Camera records will evidence Robert telling to return to  
13 the release tank for no apparent reason, and then **assaulting, shoving, and**  
14 **pushing** Kevin into the tank at the end of the walk.

15 17. Defendant Robert Gell went as far as aggressively rushing around a desk and  
16 assaulting Kevin, and snatching a pen from Kevin's hand, because Kevin  
17 attempted to write 'under duress' by his signature.

18 18. Defendant Robert Gell willfully and intentionally altered Affiant's signature on  
19 one document and crossed out 'UCC 1-308,' immediately after Affiant hand  
20 wrote it on the document.

21 19. Robert Gell stated he had no idea what an attorney-in-fact is and that Kevin:  
22 Walker was a, [""]jackass[""].

23 **FRUIT OF THE POISONOUS TREE DOCTRINE**

24 20.Affiant further asserts and establishes on the record that the undisputedly  
25 unlawful and unconstitutional stop, arrest, and subsequent actions of the  
26 Defendants/Respondents are in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the  
27 Constitution of the united States of America and constitute an unlawful arrest  
28 and seizure. The "**fruit of the poisonous tree**" doctrine, as articulated by the



**U.S. Supreme Court**, establishes that any evidence obtained as a result of an unlawful stop or detainment is tainted and inadmissible in any subsequent proceedings. The unlawful actions of Gregory D. Eastwood, Robert C. V. Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, and Robert Gell including *but not limited to* the issuance of fraudulent citations/contracts under threat, duress, and coercion, render all actions and evidence derived therefrom void ab initio. See *Wong Sun v. United States*, 371 U.S. 471 (1963).

21. Affiant therefore declares and demands that all actions and evidence obtained in connection with this unlawful stop be deemed inadmissible and void as fruits of the poisonous tree.

VI. **CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE upon proof**

All statements, claims, offer, terms presented in your **coerced and extorted** OFFER (#TE464702) are **CONDITIONALLY ACCEPTED** upon proof of the following from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):

1. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** CITATION/ INSTRUMENT/OFFER #TE464702 was accepted intentionally, willfully, and and indorsed, and not done so under threat, duress, and/or coercion, and with full and complete disclosure (Exhibit F).
2. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that California Vehicle Code § 260 applies to private “automobiles” and explicitly requires their registration, notwithstanding the clear distinction made between private and commercial vehicles in the code itself.
3. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that 18 U.S. Code § 31(6) includes private “automobiles” within its definition of "motor vehicle," contrary to its express limitation to vehicles used for commercial purposes.
4. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)** that the cited private “automobiles” (“Private Property”) was required to be

1 registered despite displaying a **private plate** identifying it as a **private**  
2 **transport** and not for commercial use, as evidenced by the photograph  
3 of the private decal and PLATE displayed on the private “automobile.”  
4 A picture of the private PLATE attached hereto as **Exhibit G** and  
5 incorporated herein by reference.

6 5. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it is NOT a**  
7 fundamental **Right** to travel, and it is **factually** and actually a privilege, and  
8 NOT a gift granted by the Supreme Creator and restated by our founding  
9 fathers as **Unalienable** and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made  
10 Law or color of law known as a private “Code” (secret) or a “Statute.”

11 6. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Jurisdiction and**  
12 **Authority:**

- 13 • Provide evidence demonstrating the issuing authority’s jurisdiction to  
14 impose statutory obligations upon private individuals utilizing private  
15 *automobiles* for personal purposes.

16 7. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Lawful**  
17 **Consideration:**

- 18 • Provide evidence that the coerced and extorted CITATION constitutes  
19 a *valid* contract supported by **lawful consideration**, which was  
20 entered into **knowingly, willfully, free of coercion, threat,**  
21 **intimidation, or other felonious and bad faith actions, with *full and***  
22 ***complete disclosure. Without mutual consent and valuable***  
23 ***consideration, no valid contract can exist under common law or UCC***  
24 ***principles.***

25 8. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the living**  
26 man, natural born Sovereign, state Citizen: Californian, national/non-  
27 citizen national, Kevin: Walker, sui juris, In Propria Persona, does  
28 **NOT** possess the *unalienable* inherent, unalienable **right** to travel in

- 1 His private automobile/private transport, free of harassment, trespass,  
2 restrictions, and/or encumbrances.
- 3 9. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it is NOT well**  
4 **established law that the highways of the State are public property, and**  
5 **their primary and preferred use is for private purposes, and that their use**  
6 **for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which, generally at least,**  
7 **the legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit." See, Stephenson vs.**  
8 **Rinford, 287 US 251; Pachard vs Banton, 264 US 140, and cases cited; Frost**  
9 **and F. Trucking Co. vs. Railroad Commission, 271 US 592; Railroad**  
10 **commission vs. Inter-City Forwarding Co., 57 SW.2d 290; Parlett Cooperative**  
11 **vs. Tidewater Lines, 164 A. 313.**
- 12 10. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that a vehicle NOT used**  
13 **for commercial activity is NOT a "consumer good , and ...it IS a type of**  
14 **vehicle required to be registered and "use tax" paid of which the tab is**  
15 **evidence of receipt of the tax. See, Bank of Boston vs Jones, 4 UCC Rep. Serv.**  
16 **1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.**
- 17 11. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the entirety**  
18 **of this transaction does not constitute a "commercial" matter under**  
19 **applicable law.**
- 20 12. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, 'the claim and**  
21 **exercise of a constitutional right CAN be converted into a crime.' See, Miller**  
22 **v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.**
- 23 13. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, the owner**  
24 **DOES NOT have constitutional right to use and enjoyment of his**  
25 **property." See, Simpson v. Los Angeles (1935), 4 C.2d 60, 47 P.2d 474.**
- 26 14. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that private men**  
27 **and women are required to give up their right to "travel," for the**  
28 **purported "benefit" and privilege of "driving" a "motor vehicle."**

15. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that 28 U.S. Code § 3002(15) - Definitions does **NOT** stipulate, “United States” means — (A) a Federal corporation; (B) an agency, department, commission, board, or other entity of the United States; or (C) an instrumentality of the United States.
16. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that Title 8 U.S. Code 1101(a)(22) - Definition, does NOT expressly stipulates, “ (22)The term “national of the United States” means (A) a citizen of the United States, or (B) a person who, though not a citizen of the United States, owes permanent allegiance to the United States.
17. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, the individual may **NOT** stand upon his constitutional rights as a citizen. He is NOT entitled to carry on his private business in his own way. His power to contract is NOT unlimited. He owes such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the State, and upon proof that his rights are NOT such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] long antecedent to the organization of the State, and CAN be taken from him without due process of law, or in accordance with the Constitution. NOT among his rights are a refusal to incriminate himself, and the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law, and upon proof that he owes the public even though does not trespass upon their rights. See, Hale v. Henkel, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).
18. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that All laws which are repugnant to the Constitution are NOT null and void. See, Chief Justice Marshall, Marbury vs Madison, 5, U.S. (Cranch) 137, 174, 176 (1803).
19. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the for Hire” DRIVER’S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT BOND #B6735991 was NOT CANCELED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, and

1 **LIQUIDATED**, ACCEPTED FOR VALUE AND EXEMPT FROM LEVY,  
2 FOR RELEASE, CREDIT, AND DEPOSIT TO **PRIVATE** POST  
3 REGISTERED, with the U.S. Treasury, with the retaining full control  
4 and access to all respective right, interest, titles, and credits, as  
5 evidenced by the contract security agreement and affidavit titled,  
6 'AFFIDAVIT RIGHT TO TRAVEL CANCELLATION, TERMINATION,  
7 AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S  
8 LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND #  
9 B6735991. A true and correct copy attached hereto as **Exhibit D** and  
10 incorporated herein by reference.

11 **20. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it WAS NOT**  
12 **noted in Land v. Dollar, 338 US 731 (1947), "that when the government**  
13 **entered into a commercial field of activity, it **left immunity behind.**"**  
14 **This principle is further affirmed in *Brady v. Roosevelt*, 317 U.S. 575**  
15 **(1943); *FHA v. Burr*, 309 U.S. 242 (1940); and *Kiefer v. RFC*, 306 U.S. 381**  
16 **(1939).**

17 **21. Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it was NOT**  
18 **established under the Clearfield Doctrine, as articulated in *Clearfield***  
19 ***Trust Co. v. United States*, 318 U.S. 363 (1943), that when the government**  
20 **engages in commercial or proprietary activities, it sheds its sovereignty**  
21 **and is subject to the same rules and liabilities as any private**  
22 **corporation.**

23 **VII. LEGAL STANDARDS, MAXIMS, and PRECEDENT**

24 In support of this CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE and Affidavit and Notice  
25 and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement Affiant cites the  
26 following established legal standards, legal maxims, precedent, and  
27 principles:

28 **Use defines classification:**



1. It is **well established law** that the **highways** of the state are **public property**, and **their primary and preferred use is for private purposes**, and that their use for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which, generally at least, the legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit." **Stephenson vs. Rinford**, 287 US 251; **Pachard vs Banton**, 264 US 140, and cases cited; **Frost and F. Trucking Co. vs. Railroad Commission**, 271 US 592; **Railroad commission vs. Inter-City Forwarding Co.**, 57 SW.2d 290; **Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater Lines**, 164 A. 313
2. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans etc. not in commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:
  1. (a) A "**commercial vehicle**" is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to be **REGISTERED** under this code".
  2. (b) "Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation of persons **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, are **not commercial vehicles**".
  3. (c) "a vanpool vehicle is not a **commercial** vehicle."
3. **18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition**, expressly stipulates, "The term "**motor vehicle**" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and used for commercial purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo".
4. A vehicle not used for **commercial** activity is a "consumer goods", ...it is **NOT** a type of vehicle **required** to be registered and "use tax" paid of which the tab is evidence of receipt of the tax." **Bank of Boston vs Jones**, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.
5. " The '**privilege**' of using the streets and highways by the operation thereon of motor carriers **for hire** can be acquired only

- 1 by permission or license from the state or its political subdivision.  
2 " — Black's Law Dictionary, 5th ed, page 830.
- 3 6. "It is held that a tax upon common carriers by motor vehicles is  
4 based upon a reasonable classification, and does not involve any  
5 unconstitutional discrimination, although **it does not apply to**  
6 **private vehicles**, or those used by the owner in his own business,  
7 and not for hire." **Desser v. Wichita, (1915) 96 Kan. 820; Iowa**  
8 **Motor Vehicle Asso. v. Railroad Comrs., 75 A.L.R. 22.**
- 9 7. "Thus self-driven vehicles are **classified according to the use** to  
10 which they are put rather than according to the means by which  
11 they are propelled." Ex Parte Hoffert, 148 NW 20.
- 12 8. In view of this rule a statutory provision that the supervising  
13 officials "**may**" exempt such persons when the transportation is  
14 not on a **commercial** basis means that they "**must**" exempt them."  
15 **State v. Johnson, 243 P. 1073; 60 C.J.S. section 94 page 581.**
- 16 9. "The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical  
17 **characteristics**, determine whether it should be classified as  
18 ``consumer goods" under UCC 9- 109(1) or ``equipment" under  
19 UCC 9-109(2)." **Grimes v Massey Ferguson, Inc., 23 UCC Rep Serv**  
20 **655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).**
- 21 10. "Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods  
22 purchased for personal use and those purchased for business use.  
23 The two are mutually exclusive and the **principal use to which the**  
24 **property is put should be considered as determinative."** **James**  
25 **Talcott, Inc. v Gee, 5 UCC Rep Serv 1028; 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72**  
26 **Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).**

27 //

28 //

- 1 11. "The **classification of goods** in UCC 9-109 **are mutually exclusive.**"
- 2 **McFadden v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co.**, 8 UCC Rep Serv 766; 260
- 3 Md 601, 273 A.2d 198 (1971).
- 4 12. "The classification of ``goods" under [UCC] 9-109 **is a question of fact.**"
- 5 **Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick**, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836
- 6 P.2d 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).
- 7 13. "The definition of ``goods" includes an automobile." *Henson v Government*
- 8 *Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp.*, 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark
- 9 273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).
- 10 **The RIGHT to Travel is not a Privilege:**
- 11 14. "**No State government entity has the power to allow or deny passage**
- 12 **on the highways**, byways, nor waterways... transporting his vehicles
- 13 and personal property for either recreation or business, but by being
- 14 subject only to local regulation i.e., safety, caution, traffic lights, speed
- 15 limits, etc. **Travel is not a privilege requiring, licensing, vehicle**
- 16 **registration, or forced insurances.**" *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of*
- 17 *Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22.
- 18 15. The fundamental **Right** to travel is NOT a Privilege, it's a gift granted
- 19 by your Creator and restated by our founding fathers as Unalienable
- 20 and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made Law or color of
- 21 law known as a private "Code" (secret) or a "Statute."
- 22 16. "**Traveling** is passing from place to place--act of **performing journey;**
- 23 and **traveler is person who travels.**" *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.
- 24 17. "**Right** of transit through each state, with every species of property
- 25 known to constitution of United States, and recognized by that
- 26 paramount law, is secured by that instrument to each citizen, and does
- 27 not depend upon uncertain and changeable ground of mere comity." *In*
- 28 *Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.

18. Freedom to **travel** is, indeed, an important aspect of the citizen's "liberty".

We are first concerned with the extent, if any, to which Congress has authorized its curtailment. (Road) **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 127.

19. The **right** to **travel** is a part of the "liberty" of which the citizen cannot be deprived without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. So much is conceded by the solicitor general. In Anglo Saxon law that right was emerging at least as early as Magna Carta. **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 125.

20. "Even the legislature **has no power** to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel upon the highway and transport his property in the ordinary course of his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with public interest and convenience. *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22, 206.

21. "... It is now universally recognized that the state does possess such power [to impose such burdens and limitations upon private carriers when using the public highways for the transaction of their business] with respect to common carriers using the public highways for the transaction of their business in the transportation of persons or property for hire. That rule is stated as follows by the **supreme court of the United States**: 'A citizen may have, under the fourteenth amendment, the **right** to travel and transport his property upon them (the public highways) by **auto vehicle**, but **he has no right to make the highways his place of business by using them as a common carrier for hire**. Such use is a privilege which may be granted or withheld by the state in its discretion, without violating either the due process clause or the equal protection clause.' (*Buck v. Kuykendall*, 267 U. S. 307 [38 A. L. R. 286, 69 L. Ed. 623, 45 Sup. Ct. Rep. 324].

22. "The **right** of a citizen to travel upon the highway and transport his property thereon in the ordinary course of life and business **differs radically and obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business**

1 and uses it for private gain, in the running of a stage coach or omnibus. The  
2 former is the usual and ordinary **right** of a citizen, a **right** common to all;  
3 while the latter is special, unusual and extraordinary. As to the former, the  
4 extent of legislative power is that of regulation; but as to the latter its power  
5 is broader; the right may be wholly denied, or it may be permitted to some  
6 and denied to others, because of its extraordinary nature. This distinction,  
7 elementary and fundamental in character, is recognized by all the  
8 authorities."

9 23. "Even the legislature has no power to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel  
10 upon the highway and transport his/her property in the ordinary course of  
11 his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance  
12 with the public interest and convenience." ["regulated" means traffic safety  
13 enforcement, stop lights, signs etc.] — Chicago Motor Coach v. Chicago, 169  
14 NE 22.

15 24. "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** cannot be converted into a  
16 crime." — Miller v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.

17 25. "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this  
18 exercise of constitutional **rights**." — Sherar v. Cullen, 481 F. 945

19 26. The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the highway and to transport his  
20 property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, differs radically  
21 and obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business  
22 for private gain in the running of a stagecoach or omnibus." — State vs. City  
23 of Spokane, 186 P. 864.

24 27. "The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
25 his/her property thereon either by carriage or automobile, is **not** a mere  
26 privilege which a city [or State] may prohibit or permit at will, but a common  
27 right which he/she has under the **right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of  
28 happiness." — Thompson v. Smith, 154 SE 579.



1 28. "The **right** of the Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to  
2 transport his property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and  
3 business, is a common **right** which he has under the **right** to enjoy life  
4 and liberty, to acquire and possess property, and to pursue happiness  
5 and safety. It includes the right, in so doing, to use the ordinary and  
6 usual conveyances of the day, and under the existing modes of **travel**,  
7 includes the right to drive a horse drawn carriage or wagon thereon or  
8 to operate an automobile thereon, for the usual and ordinary purpose  
9 of life and business." — Thompson vs. Smith, supra.; Teche Lines vs.  
10 Danforth, Miss., 12 S.2d 784.

11 29. "The use of the highways for the purpose of **travel** and transportation is not  
12 a mere **privilege**, but a common and fundamental **Right** of which the public  
13 and the individual cannot be rightfully deprived." — Chicago Motor Coach  
14 vs. Chicago, 169 NE 22; Ligare vs. Chicago, 28 NE 934; Boon vs. Clark, 214  
15 SSW 607; 25 Am.Jur. (1st) Highways Sect.163.

16 30. "The **right** to b is part of the Liberty of which a citizen cannot deprived  
17 without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. This Right was  
18 emerging as early as the Magna Carta." — Kent vs. Dulles, 357 US 116 (1958).

19 31. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the people." — Hurtado vs. California,  
20 110 US 516.

21 32. "Personal liberty largely consists of the Right of locomotion -- to go where  
22 and when one pleases -- only so far restrained as the Rights of others may  
23 make it necessary for the welfare of all other citizens. The **Right** of the  
24 Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport his property  
25 thereon, by horse drawn carriage, wagon, or automobile, is not a mere  
26 **privilege** which may be permitted or prohibited at will, but the  
27 common **Right** which he has under his **Right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit  
28 of happiness. Under this Constitutional guarantee one may, therefore, under

1 normal conditions, **travel** at his inclination along the public highways or in  
2 public places, and while conducting himself in an orderly and decent  
3 manner, neither interfering with nor disturbing another's Rights, he will be  
4 protected, not only in his person, but in his safe conduct." — II Am.Jur. (1st)  
5 Constitutional Law, Sect.329, p.1135.

6 33. Where **rights** secured by the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
7 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — Miranda v. Arizona,  
8 384 U.S.

9 34. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the **people**." — Hurtado vs. California,  
10 110 US 516.

### 11 **NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY**

12 35. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act  
13 judicially (and thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited  
14 immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d  
15 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as an agent for the involved  
16 agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a "discretionary  
17 capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E., 261 US  
18 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.

19 36."Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful  
20 authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406  
21 F2d 137 t.

22 37. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability  
23 promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the  
24 government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial**  
25 **Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.

26 38. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable**  
27 **for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice**  
28 **Court**, A025829.

- 1 39. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a  
2 sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
- 3 40. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v.**  
4 **Brickwedel** (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163  
5 C. 182, 124 P. 817; **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014;  
6 **Lincoln v. Superior Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco**  
7 **Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.
- 8 41. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that  
9 ignorance of the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A.  
10 421, 84 P. 332.
- 11 42. "the people, not the States, are sovereign." — Chisholm v. Georgia, 2  
12 Dall. 419, 2 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).
- 13 43. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and  
14 Natural Law). Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat.  
15 22:36-40; Luke 10:17; Col. 3:25. "No one is above the law".
- 16 44. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE**  
17 **EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie  
18 is to go against the mind."
- 19 45. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2;  
20 John 8:32; II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only  
21 the truth.
- 22 46. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev.  
23 5:4-5; Lev. 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12).
- 24 47. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN**  
25 **COMMERCE.** (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15;). "He who does not deny,  
26 admits."
- 27 48. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN**  
28 **COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17;). "There is nothing left to resolve.

VII. At no point in time were DefendantS/ Respondents presented with a CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any information added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud, without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

49. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10"7; II Tim. 2:6.

**Legal maxim:** "It is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own property."

50. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.** (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it."

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Executed "*without the United States*" in compliance with **28 USC § 1746**.

**FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.**

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## VIII. *Some Relevant U.C.C. Sections and Application*

### 1. U.C.C. § 1-308 – Reservation of Rights:

This section ensures that acceptance of an offer under duress or coercion does not waive any rights or defenses. By invoking U.C.C. § 1-308, Claimant(s)/ Plaintiff(s) asserts that any compliance with your offer is made with *explicit reservation of rights*, preserving all legal remedies.

### 2. U.C.C. § 2-204 – Formation in General:

This section establishes that a contract can be formed in any manner sufficient to show agreement, including conduct. By issuing the citation (an implied offer to contract), You/Dedenfant(s)/Respondent(s), have initiated a contractual relationship, which has been conditionally accepted with new terms herein.

### 3. U.C.C. § 2-206 – Offer and Acceptance in Formation of **Contract**:

Under this section, an offer can be accepted in any reasonable manner. By

1 conditionally accepting the citation and dispatching this notice via USPS  
2 Certified, Registered, and/or Express mail, Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) has/have  
3 created a binding contract agreement and obligation which You/Defendant(s)/  
4 Respondent(s) are **contractually bound and obligated to**.

5 **4. U.C.C. § 2-202 – Final Written Expression:**

6 This provision ensures that the terms of this conditional acceptance supplement  
7 the original terms of the citation. By including these conditions, the issuing  
8 authority is bound to provide proof of their validity, failing which the  
9 conditional acceptance will be expressly stipulated as the **final** agreement.

10 **5. U.C.C. § 1-103 – Supplementary General Principles of Law Applicable:**

11 This section allows common law principles to supplement the UCC. Under the  
12 doctrine of **equity** and **fair dealing**, failure to provide the requested proof  
13 constitutes bad faith and silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit  
14 procuration to all of the the **fact and terms stipulated** in this Affidavit Notice  
15 and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement.

16 **IX. Legal and Procedural Basis**

17 **1. Mailbox/Postal Rule:**

18 Under the mailbox rule, this notice of conditional acceptance is effective and  
19 considered **accepted** by You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) upon dispatch via  
20 Registered Mail, and/or Express Mail, and/or Certified Mail. The agreement  
21 becomes binding when the notice **is sent, not** when received. This binds the  
22 issuing authority to the terms outlined in this notice unless rebutted within the  
23 specified timeframe.

24 **2. Offer and Acceptance:**

25 Your citation constitutes an offer under contract law. This notice self-  
26 executing Contract and Security Agreement conditionally accepts your  
27 contract OFFER and supplements its terms under U.C.C. § 2-202. Failure  
28 to fulfill the new and final terms and conditions within the specified **three**



(3) day timeframe constitutes **silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement.**

## **X. DEFENDANTS' ACTIONS AS ACTS OF WAR AGAINST THE CONSTITUTION**

The defendants' conduct constitutes an **outright war against the Constitution** of the United States, its *principles*, and the **rule of law**. By their *bad faith* and deplorable actions, the defendants have demonstrated *willful and intentional* disregard and contempt for the **supreme law of the land**, as set forth in **Article VI, Clause 2 of the Constitution**, which declares that the Constitution, federal laws, and treaties are the supreme law of the land, binding upon all states, courts, and officers.

### **A. Violations of Constitutional Protections**

The defendants have intentionally and systematically engaged in acts that directly violate the protections guaranteed to the plaintiffs and the people under the Constitution, including but not limited to:

**1. Violation of the Plaintiffs' Unalienable Rights:** The defendants have deprived the plaintiffs of life, liberty, and property without due process of law, as guaranteed under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.

**2. Subversion of the Rule of Law:** Through their actions, the defendants have undermined the separation of powers and checks and balances established by the Constitution. They have disregarded the judiciary's duty to uphold the Constitution by attempting to operate outside the confines of lawful authority, rendering themselves effectively unaccountable.

**3. Treasonous Conduct:** Pursuant to Article III, Section 3, treason against the United States is defined as levying war against them or adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. The defendants' conduct in subverting the constitutional order, depriving citizens of their lawful rights, and unlawfully exercising power without jurisdiction constitutes a form of domestic treason against the Constitution and the people it protects.

## **B. Acts of Aggression and Tyranny**

The defendants' actions amount to a usurpation of authority and a direct attack on the sovereignty of the people, who are the true source of all government power under the Constitution. As stated in the Declaration of Independence, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of the unalienable rights of the people, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it. The defendants, through their actions, have positioned themselves as adversaries to this principle, attempting to replace the rule of law with arbitrary and unlawful dictates.

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## **C. Weaponizing Authority to Oppress**

The defendants' intentional misuse of their authority to act against the interests of the Constitution and its Citizens is a clear manifestation of tyranny. Rather than serving their constitutional mandate to protect and defend the Constitution, they have actively waged war on it by:

- **Suppressing lawful claims and evidence presented by the plaintiffs** to protect their property and rights.
- **Engaging in acts of fraud, coercion, and racketeering** that strip plaintiffs of their constitutional protections.
- **Dismissing the jurisdictional authority of constitutional mandates**, including but not limited to rights to due process and equal protection under the law.

The defendants' actions are not merely breaches of law; they are acts of *insurrection and rebellion against the very foundation of the nation's constitutional framework*. Such acts must not go unchallenged, as they jeopardize the constitutional order, the rights of the people, and the rule of law that ensures justice and equality. Plaintiffs call upon the court and relevant authorities to enforce the Constitution, compel accountability, and halt the defendants' treasonous war against the supreme law of the land.

## **XI. 'Bare Statutes' as Confirmation of Guilt and the Necessity of Prosecution by an Enforcer**

1 Plaintiffs' incorporation of "bare statutes" does **NOT** exonerate Defendants; rather, it serves  
2 as evidence of Defendants' guilt, which they have already ***undisputedly*** admitted through  
3 their actions and lack of rebuttal to any affidavits, which they have a duty to respond to. The  
4 invocation of bare statutes merely underscores the necessity for Plaintiffs to compel a  
5 formal enforcer, such as a District Attorney or Attorney General, to prosecute the criminal  
6 violations. This requirement for enforcement does **NOT** negate the Defendants' culpability  
7 but, instead, affirms the gravity of their admitted violations.

8 In this matter, Plaintiffs have thoroughly detailed the Defendants' willful and intentional  
9 breaches of multiple federal statutes under Title 18, and Plaintiff's **private right(s) of**  
10 **action**. These ***blatant*** and ***willful*** violations have been clearly articulated in this NOTICE,  
11 AFFIDAVIT, AND CONTRACT SECURITY AGREEMENT. Defendants' actions  
12 constitute **treasonous** conduct against the **Constitution and the American people**. Their  
13 behavior, alongside that of their counsel, reflects an attitude of being above the law, further  
14 solidifying their guilt.

15 Plaintiffs maintain that the Defendants' reliance on procedural defenses or technicalities  
16 does not absolve them of their criminal conduct. Instead, their actions are an unequivocal  
17 admission of guilt that necessitates legal action by the appropriate prosecutorial authority.  
18 Plaintiffs reserve all rights to compel such enforcement to ensure that the Defendants are  
19 held fully accountable for their crimes.

20 **XII. RESPONSE DEADLINE: REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS:**

21 A response and/or compensation and/or restitution payment must be  
22 received within a deadline of **three (3) days**. At the "**Deadline**" is defined as  
23 5:00 p.m. on the third (3rd) day after your receipt of this affidavit. "**Failure to**  
24 **respond**" is defined as a blank denial, unsupported denial, inapposite denial,  
25 such as, "not applicable" or equivalent, statements of counsel and other  
26 declarations by third parties that lack first-hand knowledge of the facts, and/  
27 or responses lacking verification, all such responses being legally insufficient  
28 to controvert the verified statements herewith. See *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc* and

1 *Beasley, Supra*. Failure to respond can result in **your acceptance of personal**  
2 **liability** external to qualified immunity and waiver of any decision rights of  
3 remedy.

4 **XIII. FAILURE TO RESPOND AND/OR PERFORM, REMEDY, AND**  
5 **SETTLEMENT**

6 If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within**  
7 **three (3) days** of receiving this Affidavit Notice and Self- Executing Contract  
8 and Security Agreement and CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, with verified  
9 evidence of the above accompanied by an affidavit, **sworn under the penalty**  
10 **of perjury, as required by law**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), Gregory D  
11 Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
12 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
13 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
14 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) *individually*  
15 *and collectively* **fully agree** that you must **act in good faith** and accordance  
16 with the Law, cease all conspiracy, fraud, identity theft, embezzlement,  
17 deprivation under the color of law, extortion, embezzlement, bank fraud,  
18 harassment, conspiracy to deprive, and other violations of the law, and  
19 **TERMINATE these proceeding immediately**, and pay the below mentioned  
20 Three Hundred Million Dollar Restitution and Settlement payment, and  
21 releasing all special deposit funds and/or Credits due to Affiant and/or  
22 Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

23 **XIV. Three Hundred Million (\$300,000,000.00 USD) Restitution**  
24 **Settlement Payment REQUIRED**

25 Furthermore, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and  
26 perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication by  
27 providing verified **evidence and proof** of the facts and conditions set forth herein,  
28 accompanied by affidavits sworn under penalty of perjury as required by law,

Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, hereby agree that, within three (3) days of receipt of this contract offer, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) shall issue restitution payment in the total sum certain of **Three Hundred Million U.S. Dollars (\$300,000,000.00 USD)**, which shall become **immediately** due and payable to <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST: Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

**XV. One Trillion Dollar (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**  
**Default Judgement and Lien**

If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, as **contractually required**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) hereby individually and collectively, fully agree, that the entire amount evidenced and itemized in Invoice #RIVSHERTREAS12312024, totaling **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**, shall become **immediately** due and payable in full.

**Furthermore**, if You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), **individually and collectively**, admit the **statements and claims** by **TACIT PROCURATION**, and completely agree that you/they individually and collectively are guilty of **fraud, racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce, forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/ internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts**



1 in restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,  
2 treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant.

3 **XVI. JUDGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL LIEN**  
4 **AUTHORIZATION**

5 Moreover, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), fail to respond **within three**  
6 **(3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, you/they **individually and**  
7 **collectively**, fully and unequivocally Decree, Accept, **fully Authorize** (in accord  
8 with UCC section 9), indorse, support, and advocate for a **judgement**, and/or  
9 **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT**, and/or **commercial lien** of **One Trillion Dollars**  
10 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** against You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), Gregory D  
11 Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
12 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE  
13 REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, Does  
14 1-100, in favor of, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE,  
15 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or  
16 their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

17 **Finally**, If You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond **within three (3)**  
18 **days** from the date of receipt of this communication, **You/Defendant(s)/**  
19 **Respondent(s) individually and collectively, EXPRESSLY, FULLY, and**  
20 **unequivocally Authorize, indorse, support and advocate for** <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS  
21 TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or  
22 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S)  
23 to formally notify the United States Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, the  
24 respective Congress (wo)man, U.S. Attorney General, and/or any person,  
25 individual, legal fiction, and/or person, or ens legis Affiant deems necessary,  
26 including but not limited to submitting the requisite form(s) 1099-A, 1099-OID,  
27 1099-C, 1096, 1040, 1041, 1041-V, 1040-V, 3949-A, with the **One Trillion Dollars**  
28 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)** as the **income to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)**

1 and lost revenue and/or income to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©,  
2 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN  
3 WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

4 **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT, U.C.C. 3-505 PRESUMED**  
5 **DISHONOR**

6 Said income is to be assessed and claimed as income by/to You/  
7 Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), and/or by **filing a lawsuit** followed by a DEMAND  
8 or similar for **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT** as **a matter of law**, in accordance with  
9 **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)** and **Federal Rule of Civil Procedure**  
10 **56(a)**, and/or executing an Affidavit Certificate of Non-Response, Dishonor,  
11 **Judgement, and Lien Authorization**, in accordance with **U.C.C. § 3-505**, and/or  
12 issue an ORDER TO PAY or BILL OF EXCHANGE to the U.S. Treasury and IRS,  
13 said sum certain of **One Trillion U.S. Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**, for  
14 **immediate credit** to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN  
15 WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER©  
16 IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S), with this Self-  
17 Executing Contract and Security Agreement servings as *prima facie evidence* of  
18 You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s)'s **Verified INDEBTEDNESS** to Affiant, Affiant,  
19 and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS  
20 WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully  
21 designated ASSIGNEE(S).

22 Should it be deemed necessary, the Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) are **fully**  
23 **Authorized (in accord with U.C.C § 9-509)** to file a UCC commercial **LIEN** and/or  
24 **UCC1 Financing Statement** to perfect interest and/or secure full satisfaction of the  
25 adjudged sum of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**.

26 //

27 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

28 Again for the record, this **contract, received and accepted per the mailbox rule**, is

1 **self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT, and establishes a lien,**  
2 **Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is deemed to**  
3 **occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the mailbox rule**  
4 **established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes effective and**  
5 **binding once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the control of the postal**  
6 **service, as supported by Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250. Furthermore, as a self-**  
7 **executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and enforceable obligations**  
8 **without the need for further action, functioning also as a SECURITY AGREEMENT under**  
9 **Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC).**

10 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

11 //

## 12 **ESTOPPEL BY ACQUIESCENCE:**

13 If the addressee(s) or an intended recipient of this notice fail to respond  
14 addressing **each point, on a point by point basis**, they **individually and**  
15 **collectively accept all of the statements, declaration, stipulations, facts, and**  
16 **claims as TRUTH and fact by TACIT PROCURATION, all issues are deemed**  
17 **settled RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS and by COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL.**  
18 You may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the  
19 administrative findings in any subsequent process, whether administrative or  
20 judicial. (See Black's Law Dictionary 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. for any terms you do not "*understand*").

21 **Your failure to completely answer and respond will result in your agreeing**  
22 **not to argue, controvert or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative**  
23 **findings in any process, whether administrative or judicial, as certified by**  
24 **Notary or Witness Acceptor in an Affidavit Certificate of Non Response and/or**  
25 **Judgement, or similar.**

26 Should YOU **fail to respond, provide partial, unsworn, or incomplete**  
27 **answers, such are not acceptable to me or to any court of law. See, *Sieb's***  
28 ***Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for**

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775821088US — DATED: January 28, 2025

1 an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed  
2 only an unsworn response within the time permitted," thus, under the specific  
3 provisions of Ark. and *Fed. R. Civ. P.* 36, the facts in question were **deemed**  
4 **admitted as true. Failure to answer is well established in the court.** *Beasley v. U.*  
5 *S.*, 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests **will be considered as**  
6 **having been admitted.**" Also as previously referenced, "Statements of fact  
7 contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or**  
8 **pleadings may** be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244  
9 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

10 **COPY of this ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE sent to the following**  
11 **WITNESSES by way of Registered Mail with Misprision of Felony Obligations:**

12 **To/cc:** James R. McHenry III, Pam Bondi, Agent(s)  
13 C/o OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL  
950 Pennsylvania Avenue Nw  
14 Washington, District of Colombia, [20530]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821091US**

**To/Cc:** Michael Hestrin, Fiduciary(ies),  
C/o Office of the District Attorney  
3960 Orange Street  
Riverside California [92501]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821105US.**

15 **To/Cc:** Rob Bonta, Fiduciary(ies),  
16 C/o Office of the Attorney General  
1300 "I" Street  
17 Sacramento, California [95814-2919]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821114US.**

**To/Cc:** Douglas O'Donnell, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)  
C/o Internal Revenue Service  
1111 Constitution Avenue, North West  
Washington, District of Colombia [20224]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821128US.**

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Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775821088US — DATED: January 28, 2025

Invoice # **RIVSHERTREAS12312024**

## INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL

Dear Valued Defendant(s), Respondent(s), Customer(s), Fiduciary(ies), Agent(s), and/or DEBTOR(S):

It has come to OUR attention that you are **deemed guilty of multiple felony crimes, violations of U.S. Code, U.C.C, the Constitution, and the law.** You have or currently still are **threatening, extorting, depriving, coercing, damaging, injuring, and causing irreparable physical, mental, emotional, and financial harm** to <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST and its/their beneficiary(ies), and their Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Executor(s), Agent(s), and Representatives. **You remain in default, dishonor, and have an outstanding past due balance due immediately, to wit:**

1.	18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindle :	<u>\$10,000,000.00</u>
2.	18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony	<u>\$1,000,000.00</u>
3.	Professional and personal fees and costs associated with preparing documents for this matter:	\$100,000,000.00
4.	15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty:	\$200,000,000.00
5.	18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights:	\$9,000,000,000.00
6.	18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law:	\$9,000,000,000.00
7.	18 U.S. Code § 1344 - Bank fraud: (fine and/or up to 30 years imprisonment)	\$100,000,000.00
8.	15 U.S. Code § 1122 - Liability of United States and States, and instrumentalities and officials thereof:	\$100,000,000,000.00
9.	15 U.S. Code § 1 - Trusts, etc., in restraint of trade illegal; penalty (fine and/or up to 10 years imprisonment):	\$900,000,000.00
10.	18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$3,000,000,000.00
11.	Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons:	\$11,000,000.00
12.	18 U.S. Code § 878 - Threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$500,000,000.00
13.	18 U.S. Code § 880 - Receiving the proceeds of extortion (fine and/or up to 3 years imprisonment):	\$100,000,000.00
14.	Use of <sup>TM</sup> KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©: x 3	\$3,000,000.00
15.	Fraud, conspiracy, obstruction, identity theft, extortion, bad faith actions, treason, monopolization of trade and commerce, bank fraud, threats, coercion, identity theft, mental trauma, emotional anguish and trauma. embezzlement, larceny, felony crimes, loss of time and thus enjoyable life, deprivation of rights under the color of law harassment, Waring against the Constitution, injury and damage:	\$777,075,000,000.00

**Total Due:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD  
**Good Faith Discount:** \$999,700,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due by 01/31/2025:** \$300,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due after 01/31/2025:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD



## **EXHIBITS/ATTACHMENTS:**

1. **Exhibit A: Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact'**
2. **Exhibit B:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #**2024385925-4**.
3. **Exhibit C:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC3 filing ##**2024402990-2** .
4. **Exhibit D: Affidavit Right of Travel CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991**
5. **Exhibit E:** Revocation Termination and Cancelation of Franchise.
6. **Exhibit F:** CITATION/BOND #**TE464702**, accepted under threat, duress, and coercion: **AS EVIDENCED BY SIGNATURE LINE**.
7. **Exhibit G:** Automobile's PRIVATE PLATE displayed on the automobile
8. **Exhibit H:** Screenshot of "Automobile" and "commercial vehicle" from DMV website
9. **Exhibit I:** Screenshot of CA CODE § 260 from <https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>
10. **Exhibit J:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Gregory D Eastwood.
11. **Exhibit K:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Robert C V Bowman.
12. **Exhibit L:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Willam Pratt.
13. **Exhibit M:** AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of **STATUS, ASSETS, RIGHTS, JURISDICTION, AND PROTECTIONS** as national/non-citizen national, foreign government, foreign official, internationally protected person, international organization, **secured party/secured creditor**, and/or national of the United States, #**RF661448964US**.
14. **Exhibit N:** national/non-citizen national passport card #**C35510079**.
15. **Exhibit O:** national/non-citizen national passport book #**A39235161**.
16. **Exhibit P:** <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© Copyright and Trademark Agreement.
17. **Exhibit Q:** **NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON**, #**RF775820621US**.

## WORDS DEFINED GLOSSARY OF TERMS:

As used in this Affidavit, the following words and terms are as defined in this section, non-obstante:

1. **automobile**: a passenger vehicle that does not transport persons for hire. This includes station wagons, sedans, vans, and sport utility vehicles. See, California Vehicle Code (CVC) §465.
2. **commercial vehicle**: A “**commercial vehicle**” is a vehicle which is used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property (for example, trucks and pickups). See CVC §260.
3. **motor vehicle**: The term “**motor vehicle**” means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and** used for **commercial purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo. See 18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definitions.
4. **financial institution**: a **person**, an **individual**, a **private banker**, a business engaged in vehicle sales, including automobile, airplane, and boat sales, persons involved in real estate closings and settlements, the United States Postal Service, a commercial bank or trust company, any credit union, an agency of the United States Government or of a State or local government carrying out a duty or power of a business described in this paragraph, a broker or dealer in securities or commodities, a currency exchange, or a business engaged in the exchange of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency or funds, financial agency, a loan or finance company, an issuer, redeemer, or cashier of travelers’ checks, checks, money orders, or similar instruments, an operator of a credit card system, an insurance company, a licensed sender of money or any other person who engages as a business in the transmission of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency, including any person who engages as a business in an informal money transfer system or any network of people who engage as a business in facilitating the transfer of money domestically or internationally outside of the conventional financial institutions system. Ref, 31 U.S. Code § 5312 - Definitions and application.
5. **individual**: As a noun, this term denotes a single **person** as distinguished from a group or class, and also, very commonly, a private or natural person as distinguished from a partnership, corporation, or association; but it is said that this restrictive signification is not necessarily inherent in the word, and that it **may**, in proper cases, include **artificial persons**. As an adjective: Existing as an indivisible entity.

1 Of or relating to a single person or thing, as opposed to a group. — See Black's Law Dictionary 4th, 7th,  
2 and 8th Edition pages 913, 777, and 2263 respectively.

3 6. **person:** Term may include artificial beings, as corporations. The term means an **individual, corporation,**  
4 **business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture,**  
5 **government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other**  
6 **legal or commercial entity.** The term "person" shall be construed to mean and include an individual, a  
7 trust, estate, partnership, association, company or corporation. **The term "person" means a natural**  
8 **person or an organization. -Artificial persons.** Such as are created and devised by law for the purposes  
9 of society and government, called "corporations" or bodies politic." **-Natural persons.** Such as are  
10 formed by nature, as distinguished from artificial persons, or corporations. **-Private person.** An  
11 individual who is not the incumbent of an office. Persons are divided by law into natural and **artificial.**  
12 Natural persons are such as the God of nature formed us; **artificial** are such as are created and devised  
13 by **human laws**, for the purposes of society and government, which are called "corporations" or "bodies  
14 politic." — See Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) § 1-201, Black's Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 4th  
15 edition pages 892, 895, and 1299, respectively, 27 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 72.11 - Meaning  
16 of terms, and 26 United States Code (U.S. Code) § 7701 - Definitions.

17 7. **bank:** a **person** engaged in the business of banking and includes a savings bank, savings and loan  
18 association, credit union, and **trust company.** The terms "banks", "national bank", "national banking  
19 association", "member bank", "board", "district", and "reserve bank" shall have the meanings assigned  
20 to them in section 221 of this title. An institution, of great value in the commercial world, empowered  
21 to receive deposits of money, to make loans. and to issue its promissory notes, (designed to circulate as  
22 money, and commonly called "bank-notes" or "bank-bills" ) or to perform any one or more of these  
23 functions. The term "bank" is usually restricted in its application to an incorporated body; while a  
24 **private individual** making it his business to conduct banking operations is denominated a "banker."  
25 Banks in a commercial sense are of three kinds, to wit; (1) Of deposit; (2) of discount; (3) of circulation.  
26 Strictly speaking, the term "bank" implies a place for the deposit of money, as that is the most obvious  
27 purpose of such an institution. — See, UCC 1-201, 4-105, 12 U.S. Code § 221a, Black's Law Dictionary  
28 1st, 2nd, 4th, 7th, and 8th, pages 117-118, 116-117, 183-184, 139-140, and 437-439.

- 1 8. **discharge:** To cancel or unloose the obligation of a contract; to make an agreement or contract null and  
2 inoperative. Its principal species are rescission, release, accord and satisfaction, performance,  
3 judgement, composition, bankruptcy, merger. As applied to demands claims, right of action,  
4 incumbrances, etc., to discharge the debt or claim is to extinguish it, to annul its obligatory force, to  
5 satisfy it. And here also the term is generic; thus a dent , a mortgage. As a noun, the word means the act  
6 or instrument by which the binding force of a contract is terminated, irrespective of whether the  
7 contract is carried out to the full extent contemplated (in which case the discharge is the result of  
8 performance) or is broken off before complete execution. See, Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, page
- 9 9. **pay:** To discharge a debt; to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in  
10 money or in goods, for his acceptance. To pay is to deliver to a creditor the  
11 value of a debt, either in money or In goods, for his acceptance, by which the  
12 debt is discharged. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 3rd edition, pages  
13 880, 883, and 1339 respectively.
- 14 10. **payment:** The performance of a duty, promise, or obligation, or discharge of a debt or liability. by the  
15 delivery of money or other value. Also the money or thing so delivered. Performance of an obligation  
16 by the delivery of money or some other valuable thing accepted in partial or full discharge of the  
17 obligation. [Cases: Payment 1. C.J.S. Payment § 2.] 2. The money or other valuable thing so delivered in  
18 satisfaction of an obligation. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st and 8th edition, pages 880-811 and  
19 3576-3577, respectively.
- 20 11. **driver:** The term "driver" (i.e: "driver's license") means One **employed** in conducting a coach, carriage,  
21 wagon, or other vehicle, with horses, mules, or other animals.
- 22 12. **may:** An auxiliary verb qualifying the meaning of another verb by expressing ability, competency,  
23 liberty, permission, probability or contingency. — Regardless of the instrument, however, whether  
24 constitution, statute, deed, contract or whatnot, **courts not infrequently construe "may" as "shall" or**  
25 **"must".** — See Black's :aw Dictionary, 4th Edition page 1131.
- 26 13. **extortion:** The term "**extortion**" means the obtaining of property from another, **with his consent,**  
27 **induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official**  
28 **right.** — See 18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence.

14. **national:** "foreign government", "foreign official", "internationally protected person", "international organization", "national of the United States", "official guest," and/or "non-citizen national." **They all have the same meaning.** See Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons.

15. **United States:** For the purposes of this Affidavit, the terms "United States" and "U.S." mean only the Federal Legislative Democracy of the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other Territory within the "United States," which entity has its origin and jurisdiction from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 17-18 and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution for the United States of America. *The terms "United States" and "U.S." are NOT to be construed to mean or include the sovereign, united 50 states of America.*

16. **fraud:** deceitful practice or Willful device, resorted to with intent to deprive another of his right, or in some manner to do him an injury. As distinguished from negligence, it is always positive, intentional. as applied to contracts is the cause of an error bearing on material part of the contract, created or continued by artifice, with design to obtain some unjust advantage to the one party, or to cause an inconvenience or loss to the other. in the sense of court of equity, properly includes all acts, omissions, and concealments which involved a breach of legal or equitable duty, trust, or confidence justly reposed, and are injurious to another, or by which an undue and unconscientious advantage is taken of another. See Black's Law Dictionary, 1st and 2nd Edition, pages 521-522 and 517 respectively.

17. **color:** appearance, semblance. or simulacrum, as distinguished from that which is real. A prima facie or apparent right. Hence, a deceptive appearance; a plausible, assumed exterior, concealing a lack of reality; a a disguise or pretext. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 222.

18. **colorable:** That which is in appearance only, and not in reality, what it purports to be. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 2223.

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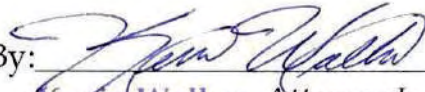
Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF7758210881'S — DATED: January 28, 2025

**COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

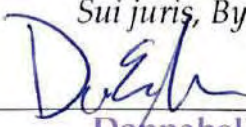
County of Riverside )  
) Commercial Oath and Verification  
The State of California )

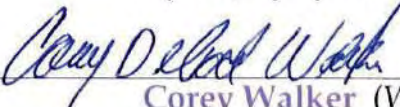
I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true, correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of Truth regarding same signed and sealed this 28TH day of JANUARY in the year of Our Lord two thousand and twenty five:

proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*,  
**All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, UCC § 1-308, 3-402.**

By:   
Kevin Walker, Attorney In Fact, Secured Party,  
Executor, national, private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxxx

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

*Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*  
By:   
Donnabelle Mortel (WITNESS)

*Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*  
By:   
Corey Walker (WITNESS)

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//

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775821088US — DATED: January 28, 2025

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification **only** and **not** for entrance into **any** foreign jurisdiction.

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**JURAT:**

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of Riverside )  
County of California ) ss.

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 28th day of January, 2025 by Kevin Walker proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Joyti Patel Notary public  
print  
Joyti Patel Seal:  
Seal:



-Exhibit G-

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775822582US — DATED: February 13, 2025

**From/Plaintiff:** Kevin: Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona.*

Executor, Authorized Representative, Secured Party, Master Beneficiary

TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER©

c/o 30650 Rancho California Road Suite #406-251

Temecula, California [92591]

non-domestic without the United States

Email: [team@walkernovagroup.com](mailto:team@walkernovagroup.com)

\*\*\* NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL \*\*\*  
\*\*\* NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT \*\*\*

\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT \*\*\*

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,

Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, Robert Gell, Chad.

C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER

30755-D Auld Road

Murrieta, California [92563]

Registered Mail # RF775822582US

Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.

C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF

4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor

Riverside, California [92501]

Registered Mail # RF775822596US

Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

## **AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts**

### **NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND OPPORTUNITY TO CURE AND NOTICE OF FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, KIDNAPPING**

**Kevin: Walker,** TMKEVIN WALKER©  
ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS  
WALKER©, TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR  
TRUST,

Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s),

vs.

**Chad Bianco, Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes,  
William Pratt, Robert Gell, CHAD  
BIANCO, GREGORY D EASTWOOD,  
ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM  
PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT  
GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, Does 1-100  
Inclusive,**

Defendant(s)/Respondent(s).

**CITATION/BOND NO.: TE464702**

1. FRAUD
2. RACKETEERING
3. EMBEZZLEMENT
4. IDENTITY THEFT
5. CONSPIRACY
6. DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER  
COLOR OF LAW
7. RECEIVING EXTORTION PROCEEDS
8. FALSE PRETENSES
9. EXTORTION
10. UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT
11. TORTURE
12. KIDNAPPING
13. FORCED PEONAGE
14. MONOPOLIZATION OF TRADE AND  
COMMERCE
15. BANK FRAUD
16. TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN  
PROPERTY, MONEY, & SECURITIES
17. CONSIDERED AND STIPULATED ONE  
TRILLION DOLLAR (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)  
JUDGEMENT AND LIEN.

**COMES NOW,** Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE and  
TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER© and TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, (hereinafter  
"Plaintiffs"), by and through their Attorney-In-Fact, **Kevin: Walker**, who is  
proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona* (pro per), and by *Special Limited*

1 *Appearance.* **Kevin** is a **natural freeborn Sovereign** and state Citizen of California  
2 **the republic** in its **De'jure** capacity as one of the several states of the Union 1789.  
3 This incidentally makes him a non-citizen national/**national** of the republic as per  
4 the **De'Jure Constitution for the United States 1777/1789**.  
5 Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s), acting through their Attorney(s)-in-Fact, assert their  
6 *unalienable* right to **contract**, as secured by **Article I, Section 10** of the  
7 **Constitution**, which states: "**No State shall... pass any Law impairing the Obligation**  
8 **of Contracts.**" and thus which *prohibits* states from impairing the obligation of  
9 **contracts**. This clause **unequivocally** prohibits states from impairing the obligation  
10 of contracts, including but not limited to, a trust and contract agreement as an  
11 '*Attorney-In-Fact*,' and any private contract existing between Plaintiffs and  
12 Defendants. A copy of the '*Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact*,' is attached hereto  
13 as **Exhibits A** and incorporated herein by reference. Plaintiffs further rely on their  
14 *unalienable and inherent* rights under the **Constitution** and the **common law** —  
15 rights that **predate** the formation of the state and remain safeguarded by due  
16 process of law.

17 **I. Constitutional Basis:**

18 Plaintiffs assert that their private rights are secured and protected under the  
19 **Constitution, common law, and exclusive equity**, which govern their ability to  
20 freely contract and protect their property and interests..

21 Plaintiffs respectfully assert and affirm:

- 22 • "The individual may stand upon his constitutional rights as a citizen. He is entitled  
23 to carry on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is *unlimited*.**  
24 He owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the  
25 State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his life and  
26 property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] long  
27 antecedent to the organization of the State, and can only be taken from him by due  
28 process of law, and in accordance with the Constitution. Among his rights are a



1 refusal to incriminate himself, and the immunity of himself and his property from  
2 arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law. He owes nothing to the public  
3 so long as he does not trespass upon their rights." (*Hale v. Henkel*, 201 U.S. 43, 47  
4 [1905]).

- 5 • "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** **cannot** be converted into a  
6 crime." — *Miller v. U.S.*, 230 F 2d 486, 489.
- 7 • "Where **rights** **secured by** the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
8 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — *Miranda v. Arizona*, 384 U.S.  
9 • "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this exercise of  
10 constitutional **rights**." — *Sherar v. Cullen*, 481 F. 945.
- 11 • "A law repugnant to the Constitution is **void**." — *Marbury v. Madison*, 5 U.S. (1  
12 Cranch) 137, 177 (1803).
- 13 • "It is not the duty of the citizen to surrender his rights, liberties, and immunities  
14 under the guise of police power or any other governmental power." — *Miranda v.*  
15 *Arizona*, 384 U.S. 436, 491 (1966).
- 16 • "An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; affords  
17 no protection; it creates no office; it is, in legal contemplation, as inoperative as  
18 though it had never been passed." — *Norton v. Shelby County*, 118 U.S. 425, 442  
19 (1886).
- 20 • "No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law, and no courts are bound to  
21 enforce it." — *16 Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 177, Late Am. Jur. 2d, Sec. 256*.
- 22 • "Sovereignty itself remains with the people, by whom and for whom all  
23 government exists and acts." — *Yick Wo v. Hopkins*, 118 U.S. 356, 370 (1886).

## 24 **II. Supremacy Clause**

25 Plaintiffs respectfully assert and affirm that:

- 26 • **The Supremacy Clause of the Constitution of the United States (Article VI, Clause**  
27 **2) establishes that the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and treaties**  
28 **made under its authority, constitute the "supreme Law of the Land", and thus take**

1 **priority over any conflicting state laws.** It provides that state courts are bound by,  
2 and state constitutions subordinate to, the supreme law. However, federal statutes  
3 and treaties must be within the parameters of the Constitution; **that is, they must be**  
4 **pursuant to** the federal government's **enumerated powers**, and **not violate other**  
5 **constitutional limits on federal power ...** As a constitutional provision identifying  
6 the supremacy of federal law, the Supremacy Clause assumes the underlying  
7 priority of federal authority, **albeit only when that authority is expressed in the**  
8 **Constitution itself; no matter what** the federal or state governments **might wish to**  
9 **do, they must** stay within the boundaries of the **Constitution.**

### 10 **III. NOTICE OF DEFAULT and OPPORTUNITY TO CURE**

11 This affidavit contract and security agreement, serves as formal **NOTICE OF**  
12 **DEFAULT and OPPORTUNITY TO CURE**, concerning Contract/Bond/Ticket  
13 Number **TE464702**, which was **conditionally accepted** contingent upon proof of the  
14 conditions set forth herein, governed by the principles of contract law, legal  
15 maxims, common law, and the **Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)**, including but  
16 not limited to **UCC §§ 1-103, 2-202, 2-204, 2-206**, and the **mailbox/postal rule.**

17 The undersigned, **Kevin: Walker**, herein referred to as Affiant is the Agent,  
18 Attorney-In-Fact, **holder in due course**, and **Secured Party** and Creditor of and for  
19 **™KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, ™KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, ™KEVIN WALKER©**  
20 **IRR TRUST.** Affiant hereby states that he is of legal age and competent to state on  
21 belief and first hand personal knowledge that the facts set forth herein as duly  
22 noted below are true, correct, complete, and presented in **good faith**, regarding the  
23 **coerced and extorted** commercial contract **OFFER/CONTRACT/TICKET/BOND**  
24 **#TE464702**, listed under **™KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©**, pertaining to the private  
25 trust property and private automobile hereafter referred to as "Private Property".

### 26 **IV. \*\* Notice of Administrative Process \*\***

27 This **VERIFIED Affidavit**, **NOTICE**, and **SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT**  
28 **SECURITY AGREEMENT** concerns Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)/You, Chad

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775822582US — DATED: February 13, 2025

1 Bianco, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt,  
2 CHAD BIANCO, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM  
3 PRATT, GEORGE REYES, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does*  
4 *1-100 Inclusive*, and their **blatant bad faith** acts of **fraud, racketeering, conspiracy,**  
5 **threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally**  
6 **protected persons, extortion, embezzlement, larceny, coercion, identity theft,**  
7 **extortion of national/internationally protected person, conspiracy to deprive of**  
8 **rights under the color of law, treason, bank fraud, trusts, etc., in restraint of trade,**  
9 **frauds and swindles, mail fraud, forced peonage, monopolization of trade and**  
10 **commerce, willful violation of the Constitution, deprivation of rights under color of**  
11 **law, monopolization of trade and commerce, and intentional and willful and**  
12 **intentional trespass and infringement** of the <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©  
13 trademark, trade name, patent and copyright.

14 As with any administrative process, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s),  
15 Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert  
16 Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
17 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
18 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100 Inclusive* may controvert the statements and/or claims  
19 made by Affiants by executing and delivering a verified response point by point, in  
20 affidavit form, **sworn and attested to under penalty of perjury**, signed by Gregory  
21 D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
22 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE  
23 REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does*  
24 *1-100* or other designated officer of the corporation with evidence in support by  
25 Certified, Express, or Registered Mail. **Answers by any other means are considered**  
26 **a non-response and will be treated as a non-response.**

27 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

28 Again for the record, this **contract, received and accepted per the mailbox**

rule, is self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT, and establishes a lien, Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is deemed to occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the mailbox rule established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes effective and binding once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the control of the postal service, as supported by *Adams v. Lindsell* (1818) 106 ER 250. Furthermore, as a self-executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and enforceable obligations without the need for further action, functioning also as a SECURITY AGREEMENT under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC).

**\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

**Contract Agreement Terms of Conditional Acceptance:**

**V. Plain Statement of Facts**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT, that I, **Kevin: Walker**, proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, a man upon the land, a follower of the Almighty Supreme Creator, first and foremost and the laws of man when they are not in conflict (Leviticus 18:3, 4) Pursuant to Matthew 5:33 – 37 and James 5:12, let my yea mean yea and my nay be nay, as supported by Federal Public Law 97-280, 96 Stat.1211, depose and say that I, **Kevin: Walker** over 18 years of age, being competent to testify and having first hand knowledge of the facts herein declare (or certify, verify, affirm, or state) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the **United States of America** that the following is true and correct, to the best of my understanding and belief, and in good faith:

1. I, Kevin: Walker, proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, herby state again for the record that I explicitly reserve all my rights and waive absolutely none. See U.C.C. § 1-308.
2. I, Kevin: Walker, proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*, herby invoke equity and fairness.

- 1 3. As a a natural freeborn **Sovereign, state Citizen: Californian**, and  
2 **national**, there is no legal *requirement* for me to have such a "license" for  
3 **traveling** in my **private** car and/or means of transport. The unrevealed  
4 legal purpose of driver's licenses is commercial in nature. Since I **do not**  
5 carry passengers 'for hire,' and I **am not** engaged in trade or commerce on  
6 the highways, **there is no law 'requiring'** me to have a license to **travel** for  
7 my own **private** pleasure and that of my family and friends.
- 8 4. I, Kevin: Walker, *proceeding sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special*  
9 *Limited Appearance*, herby **declare, state, verify, and affirm** for the record  
10 that the 'commercial' and 'for hire' Driver's License/Contract/Bond #  
11 **B6735991** has been canceled, revoked, terminated, and liquidated, as  
12 evidenced by instructions and notice accepted by **Steven Gordon**, with the  
13 California Department of Motor Vehicles," as **evidenced** by 'Affidavit of  
14 Truth' Registered Mail #**RF661447751US**.
- 15 5. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law**, unless I  
16 **have harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no**  
17 **crime; and I am therefore not subject to any penalty**. I act in accordance  
18 with the following **U.S. Supreme Court case**: "The individual may stand  
19 upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his  
20 **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited**. He  
21 owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to  
22 the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his  
23 life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land  
24 [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can  
25 only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance with the  
26 Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and  
27 **the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except**  
28 **under a warrant of the law**. He owes nothing to the public so long as he



1 does not trespass upon their rights." **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47  
2 (1905).

3 6. I reserve my natural **common law right** not to be compelled to perform under  
4 any **contract** that I did not enter into knowingly, voluntarily, and  
5 **intentionally**. And furthermore, I do **not** accept the liability associated with the  
6 compelled and pretended "benefit" of any hidden or unrevealed contract or  
7 commercial agreement. As such, the hidden or unrevealed contracts that  
8 supposedly create obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are  
9 inapplicable to me, and are null and void. If I have participated in any of the  
10 supposed "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so under  
11 duress, for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have received such  
12 "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that binds me to anything.

13 7. **Affiant states and alleges that this Affidavit Notice and Self-Executing**  
14 **Contract and Security Agreement is *prima facie* evidence of fraud,**  
15 **racketeering, indentury theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties,**  
16 **extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to**  
17 **deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce,**  
18 **forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/**  
19 **internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in**  
20 **restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,**  
21 **treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant**  
22 **and proof of claim. See *United States v. Kis*, 658 F.2d, 526 (7<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981),,**  
23 **"Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and could do so**  
24 **by affidavit or other evidence."**

25 **UNLAWFUL DETAINMENT AND ARREST while Traveling**  
26 **in *Private* Automobile**

27 8. On **December 31, 2024**, at approximately 9:32am I, **Kevin: Walker, *sui juris***, was  
28 **traveling privately in my private automobile, displaying a 'PRIVATE' plate,**

- 1 indicating I was 'not for hire' or operating commercially, and the private  
2 automobile was not displaying a STATE plate of any sort . This clearly  
3 established that the private automobile was '*not for hire*' or '*commercial*' use  
4 and, therefore explicitly classifying the automobile as private property, and  
5 NOT *within* any statutory and/or commercial jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.
- 6 9. Upon being unlawfully stopped and detained by Defendant/Respondents,  
7 Gregory D Eastwood and Robert C V Bowman, I, Affiant, informed **all**  
8 **Defendants** who willfully **conspired** on the scene in violation of 18 U.S.C. §§ 241  
9 and 242, that I was a state Citizen, non-citizen natinoal/national, privately  
10 traveling in My private automobile, as articulated by Me and as evidenced by  
11 the 'PRIVATE' plate on the private automobile. **This includes William Pratt**  
12 **and George Reyes.**
- 13 10.The private automobile and trust property was **not** in *any* way displaying  
14 STATE or government registration or stickers, and was displaying a  
15 PRIVATE plate, removing the automobile from the Defendant's  
16 jurisdiction. See Exhibit G.
- 17 11.The private automobile is duly reflected on Private UCC Contract Trust/  
18 UCC1 filing #**2024385925-4**, and **UCC3 filing #2024402990-2**, both filings  
19 attached hereto as **Exhibits B and C** respectively, and incorporated herein  
20 by reference
- 21 12.**Under threat, duress, and coercion, and at gunpoint**, Gregory D Eastwood and  
22 Robert C V Bowman were presented with a national/ non-citizen national,  
23 #**C35510079** and passport book #**A39235161**. Copy attached hereto as **Exhibits N**  
24 **and O** respectively, and incorporated herein by reference.
- 25 13.Defendant/Respondents, acted against the Constitution, even when reminded of  
26 their duties to support and uphold the Constitution.
- 27 14. At no point in time were Defendants/Respondents presented with a  
28 CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any

1 information added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud,  
2 without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

3 15. I, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris*, should never have been stopped exercising my right  
4 to travel, in a private automobile that was clearly marked "PRIVATE" and "not  
5 for hire" and "not for commercial use."

6 **FRAUDULENT ALTERATION OF SIGNATURE,**  
7 **COERCION, ASSAULT, DISPARAGEMENT,**

8 16. During release procedures, Defendant Robert Gell threatened to "house" Kevin:  
9 Walker if Kevin did not sign every document presented, exactly as he (Robert  
10 Gell) waned Kevin to. Camera records will evidence Robert telling to return to  
11 the release tank for no apparent reason, and then **assaulting, shoving, and**  
12 **pushing** Kevin into the tank at the end of the walk.

13 17. Defendant Robert Gell went as far as aggressively rushing around a desk and  
14 assaulting Kevin, and snatching a pen from Kevin's hand, because Kevin  
15 attempted to write 'under duress' by his signature.

16 18. Defendant Robert Gell willfully and intentionally altered Affiant's signature on  
17 one document and crossed out 'UCC 1-308,' immediately after Affiant hand  
18 wrote it on the document.

19 19. Robert Gell stated he had no idea what an attorney-in-fact is and that Kevin:  
20 Walker was a, [""]jackass[""].

21 **FRUIT OF THE POISONOUS TREE DOCTRINE**

22 20. Affiant further asserts and establishes on the record that the undisputedly  
23 unlawful and unconstitutional stop, arrest, and subsequent actions of the  
24 Defendants/Respondents are in violation of the Fourth Amendment to the  
25 Constitution of the united States of America and constitute an unlawful arrest  
26 and seizure. The "**fruit of the poisonous tree**" doctrine, as articulated by the  
27 **U.S. Supreme Court**, establishes that any evidence obtained as a result of an  
28 unlawful stop or detainment is tainted and inadmissible in any subsequent

proceedings. The unlawful actions of Gregory D. Eastwood, Robert C. V. Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, and Robert Gell including *but not limited to* the issuance of fraudulent citations/contracts under threat, duress, and coercion, render all actions and evidence derived therefrom **void ab initio**. See *Wong Sun v. United States*, 371 U.S. 471 (1963).

21. Affiant therefore declares and demands that all actions and evidence obtained in connection with this unlawful stop be deemed inadmissible and void as fruits of the poisonous tree.

VI. **CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE** upon proof

All statements, claims, offer, terms presented in your **coerced and extorted** OFFER (#TE464702) are **CONDITIONALLY ACCEPTED** upon proof of the following from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):

1. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) CITATION/INSTRUMENT/OFFER #TE464702** was accepted intentionally, willfully, and and indorsed, and not done so under threat, duress, and/or coercion, and with full and complete disclosure (**Exhibit F**).
2. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that California Vehicle Code § 260** applies to **private** “automobiles” and explicitly **requires** their registration, notwithstanding the clear distinction made between private and commercial vehicles in the code itself.
3. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that 18 U.S. Code § 31(6) includes private “automobiles”** within its definition of "motor vehicle," contrary to its express limitation to vehicles used for **commercial** purposes.
4. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the cited private “automobiles” (“Private Property”) was required to be registered despite displaying a **private plate** identifying it as a **private transport** and not for commercial use, as evidenced by the photograph of the private decal and**

1 PLATE displayed on the private "automobile." A picture of the private  
2 PLATE attached hereto as **Exhibit G** and incorporated herein by reference.

3 5. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it is NOT a**  
4 fundamental **Right** to travel, and it is **factually** and **actually** a privilege, and  
5 NOT a gift granted by the Supreme Creator and restated by our founding fathers  
6 as **Unalienable** and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made Law or  
7 color of law known as a private "Code" (secret) or a "Statute."

8 6. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Jurisdiction and**  
9 **Authority:**

10 1. Provide evidence demonstrating the issuing authority's jurisdiction to  
11 impose statutory obligations upon private individuals utilizing private  
12 *automobiles* for personal purposes.

13 7. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) of Lawful Consideration:**

14 1. Provide evidence that the coerced and extorted CITATION constitutes a *valid*  
15 contract supported by **lawful consideration**, which was entered into  
16 **knowingly, willfully, free of coercion, threat, intimidation, or other**  
17 **felonious and bad faith actions, with *full and complete disclosure*. Without**  
18 **mutual consent and valuable consideration, no valid contract can exist**  
19 **under common law or UCC principles.**

20 8. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the living man,**  
21 **natural born Sovereign, state Citizen: Californian, national/non-citizen**  
22 **national, Kevin: Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, does NOT possess**  
23 **the *unalienable* inherent, unalienable **right** to travel in His private**  
24 **automobile/private transport, free of harassment, trespass, restrictions,**  
25 **and/or encumbrances.**

26 9. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it is NOT well**  
27 **established law that the **highways** of the State **are public property**, and **their****  
28 **primary and preferred use is for private purposes, and that their use for**



1 purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which, generally at least, the  
2 legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit." See, [Stephenson vs. Rinford,](#)  
3 [287 US 251; Pachard vs Banton, 264 US 140, and cases cited; Frost and F.](#)  
4 [Trucking Co. vs. Railroad Commission, 271 US 592; Railroad commission vs.](#)  
5 [Inter-City Forwarding Co., 57 SW.2d 290; Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater](#)  
6 [Lines, 164 A. 313.](#)

7 10. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that a vehicle NOT used for**  
8 **commercial** activity is **NOT** a "consumer good , and ...it IS a type of vehicle  
9 **required** to be registered and "use tax" paid of which the tab is evidence of  
10 receipt of the tax. See, [Bank of Boston vs Jones, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021, 236 A2d](#)  
11 [484, UCC PP 9-109.14.](#)

12 11. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the entirety of this**  
13 transaction does not constitute a "**commercial**" matter under applicable law.

14 12. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, 'the claim and**  
15 **exercise of a constitutional right CAN be converted into a crime.'** See, [Miller v.](#)  
16 [U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489.](#)

17 13. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that, the owner**  
18 **DOES NOT** have constitutional **right** to use and enjoyment of his  
19 property." See, [Simpson v. Los Angeles \(1935\), 4 C.2d 60, 47 P.2d 474.](#)

20 14. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that private men and**  
21 **women** are required to give up their **right** to "travel," for the purported  
22 "benefit" and privilege of "driving" a "motor vehicle."

23 15. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that [28 U.S. Code §](#)**  
24 **[3002\(15\) - Definitions](#) does NOT stipulate, "United States" means – (A) a Federal**  
25 **corporation; (B) an agency, department, commission, board, or other entity of**  
26 **the United States; or (C) an instrumentality of the United States.**

27 16. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that [Title 8 U.S. Code](#)**  
28 **[1101\(a\)\(22\) - Definition,](#) does NOT expressly stipulates, " (22)The term**

1 “**national** of the United States” means (A) a citizen of the United States, or (B) a  
2 person who, though **not** a citizen of the United States, owes permanent  
3 allegiance to the United States.

4 17. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that**, the individual  
5 may **NOT** stand upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is NOT  
6 entitled to carry on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to**  
7 **contract is NOT unlimited**. He owes such duty [to submit his books and  
8 papers for an examination] to the State, and upon proof that his rights are  
9 NOT such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] **long**  
10 **antecedent to the organization of the State**, and CAN be taken from him  
11 without due process of law, or in accordance with the Constitution. NOT  
12 among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and **the immunity**  
13 **of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except under a**  
14 **warrant of the law, and upon proof that he owes the public even though**  
15 **does not trespass upon their rights. See, Hale v. Henkel, 201 U.S. 43 at 47**  
16 **(1905)**.

17 18. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that** All laws which are  
18 repugnant to the Constitution are NOT **null and void**. See, **Chief Justice**  
19 **Marshall, Marbury vs Madison, 5, U.S. (Cranch) 137, 174, 176 (1803)**.

20 19. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that the for Hire”**  
21 **DRIVER’S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT BOND #B6735991**  
22 **was NOT CANCELED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, and LIQUIDATED,**  
23 **ACCEPTED FOR VALUE AND EXEMPT FROM LEVY, FOR RELEASE,**  
24 **CREDIT, AND DEPOSIT TO PRIVATE POST REGISTERED, with the U.S.**  
25 **Treasury, with the retaining full control and access to all respective right,**  
26 **interest, titles, and credits, as evidenced by the contract security agreement**  
27 **and affidavit titled, ‘AFFIDAVIT RIGHT TO TRAVEL CANCELLATION,**  
28 **TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL “For Hire”**

1 DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND #  
2 B6735991. A true and correct copy attached hereto as **Exhibit D** and  
3 incorporated herein by reference.

4 20. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it WAS NOT**  
5 noted in *Land v. Dollar*, 338 US 731 (1947), "that when the government  
6 entered into a commercial field of activity, it **left immunity behind.**" This  
7 principle is further affirmed in *Brady v. Roosevelt*, 317 U.S. 575 (1943); *FHA*  
8 *v. Burr*, 309 U.S. 242 (1940); and *Kiefer v. RFC*, 306 U.S. 381 (1939).

9 21. **Upon Proof from You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) that it was NOT**  
10 established under the Clearfield Doctrine, as articulated in *Clearfield Trust*  
11 *Co. v. United States*, 318 U.S. 363 (1943), that when the government engages  
12 in commercial or proprietary activities, it sheds its sovereignty and is  
13 subject to the same rules and liabilities as any private corporation.

## 14 **VII. LEGAL STANDARDS, MAXIMS, and PRECEDENT**

15 In support of this Affidavit and Notice and Self-Executing Contract and  
16 Security Agreement Affiant cites the following established legal standards,  
17 legal maxims, precedent, and principles:

### 18 **Use defines classification:**

- 19 1. It is **well established law** that the **highways** of the state are **public property**,  
20 and **their primary and preferred use is for private purposes**, and that their use  
21 for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which, generally at least, the  
22 legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit." **Stephenson vs. Rinford**, 287  
23 US 251; **Pachard vs Banton**, 264 US 140, and cases cited; **Frost and F. Trucking**  
24 **Co. vs. Railroad Commission**, 271 US 592; **Railroad commission vs. Inter-City**  
25 **Forwarding Co.**, 57 SW.2d 290; **Parlett Cooperative vs. Tidewater Lines**, 164 A.  
26 313
- 27 2. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans etc. not in  
28 commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:

- 1 1. (a) A “**commercial vehicle**” is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to be  
2 **REGISTERED** under this code”.
- 3 2. (b) “Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation of persons  
4 **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, **are not commercial**  
5 **vehicles**”.
- 6 3. (c) “a vanpool vehicle is not a **commercial** vehicle.”
- 7 3. **18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition**, expressly stipulates, “The term “motor vehicle”  
8 means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by  
9 mechanical power **and used for commercial purposes** on the highways in the  
10 transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo”.
- 11 4. A vehicle not used for **commercial** activity is a “consumer goods”, ...it is **NOT** a  
12 type of vehicle **required** to be registered and “use tax” paid of which the tab is  
13 evidence of receipt of the tax.” Bank of Boston vs Jones, 4 UCC Rep. Serv. 1021,  
14 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.
- 15 5. “ The ‘**privilege**’ of using the streets and highways by the operation thereon of  
16 motor carriers **for hire** can be acquired only by permission or license from the  
17 state or its political subdivision. ” — Black's Law Dictionary, 5th ed, page 830.
- 18 6. “It is held that a tax upon common carriers by motor vehicles is based upon a  
19 reasonable classification, and does not involve any unconstitutional  
20 discrimination, although **it does not apply to private vehicles**, or those used by  
21 the owner in his own business, and not for hire.” **Desser v. Wichita, (1915) 96**  
22 **Kan. 820; Iowa Motor Vehicle Asso. v. Railroad Comrs., 75 A.L.R. 22.**
- 23 7. “Thus self-driven vehicles are **classified according to the use** to which they are  
24 put rather than according to the means by which they are propelled.” Ex Parte  
25 Hoffert, 148 NW 20.
- 26 8. In view of this rule a statutory provision that the supervising officials “**may**” exempt  
27 such persons when the transportation is not on a **commercial** basis means that they  
28 “**must**” exempt them.” **State v. Johnson, 243 P. 1073; 60 C.J.S. section 94 page 581.**

- 1 9. "The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical characteristics,  
2 determine whether it should be classified as ``consumer goods" under UCC 9-  
3 109(1) or ``equipment" under UCC 9-109(2)." **Grimes v Massey Ferguson, Inc.**,  
4 23 UCC Rep Serv 655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).
- 5 10. "Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods purchased for  
6 personal use and those purchased for business use. The two are mutually  
7 exclusive and the **principal use to which the property is put should be**  
8 **considered as determinative."** **James Talcott, Inc. v Gee**, 5 UCC Rep Serv 1028;  
9 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72 Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).
- 10 11. "The **classification of goods in UCC 9-109 are mutually exclusive."** **McFadden**  
11 **v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co.**, 8 UCC Rep Serv 766; 260 Md 601, 273  
12 A.2d 198 (1971).
- 13 12. "The classification of ``goods" under [UCC] 9-109 **is a question of fact."**  
14 **Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick**, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836 P.2d  
15 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).
- 16 13. "The definition of ``goods" includes an automobile." **Henson v Government**  
17 **Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp.**, 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark  
18 273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).
- 19 14. "**No State government entity has the power to allow or deny passage on**  
20 **the highways**, byways, nor waterways... transporting his vehicles and  
21 personal property for either recreation or business, but by being subject  
22 only to local regulation i.e., safety, caution, traffic lights, speed limits, etc.  
23 **Travel is not a privilege requiring, licensing, vehicle registration, or**  
24 **forced insurances."** **Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago**, 337 Ill. 200, 169  
25 N.E. 22.

26 **The RIGHT to Travel is not a Privilege:**

- 27 15. The fundamental **Right** to travel is NOT a Privilege, it's a gift granted by your  
28 Creator and restated by our founding fathers as Unalienable and cannot be taken



1 by any Man / Government made Law or color of law known as a private "Code"  
2 (secret) or a "Statute."

3 16. "Traveling is passing from place to place--act of **performing journey**; and  
4 **traveler is person who travels.**" **In Re Archy** (1858), 9 C. 47.

5 17. "Right of transit through each state, with every species of property known to  
6 constitution of United States, and recognized by that paramount law, is secured  
7 by that instrument to each citizen, and does not depend upon uncertain and  
8 changeable ground of mere comity." **In Re Archy** (1858), 9 C. 47.

9 18. Freedom to **travel** is, indeed, an important aspect of the citizen's "liberty". We  
10 are first concerned with the extent, if any, to which Congress has authorized its  
11 curtailment. (Road) **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 127.

12 19. The **right** to **travel** is a part of the "liberty" of which the citizen cannot be  
13 deprived without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. So much is  
14 conceded by the solicitor general. In Anglo Saxon law that right was emerging at  
15 least as early as Magna Carta. **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 125.

16 20. "Even the legislature **has no power** to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel upon  
17 the highway and transport his property in the ordinary course of his business or  
18 pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with public interest  
19 and convenience. *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22,  
20 206.

21 21. "... It is now universally recognized that the state does possess such power [to  
22 impose such burdens and limitations upon private carriers when using the  
23 public highways for the transaction of their business] with respect to common  
24 carriers using the public highways for the transaction of their business in the  
25 transportation of persons or property for hire. That rule is stated as follows by  
26 the **supreme court of the United States**: 'A citizen may have, under the  
27 fourteenth amendment, the **right** to travel and transport his property upon them  
28 (the public highways) by **auto vehicle**, but **he has no right to make the**

1 **highways his place of business by using them as a common carrier for hire.**

2 Such use is a privilege which may be granted or withheld by the state in its  
3 discretion, without violating either the due process clause or the equal  
4 protection clause.' (*Buck v. Kuykendall*, 267 U. S. 307 [38 A. L. R. 286, 69 L. Ed.  
5 623, 45 Sup. Ct. Rep. 324].

6 22. "The **right** of a citizen to travel upon the highway and transport his property  
7 thereon in the ordinary course of life and business **differs radically an**  
8 **obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business** and  
9 uses it for private gain, in the running of a stage coach or omnibus. The former is  
10 the usual and ordinary **right** of a citizen, a **right** common to all; while the latter is  
11 special, unusual and extraordinary. As to the former, the extent of legislative  
12 power is that of regulation; but as to the latter its power is broader; the right  
13 may be wholly denied, or it may be permitted to some and denied to others,  
14 because of its extraordinary nature. This distinction, elementary and  
15 fundamental in character, is recognized by all the authorities."

16 23. "Even the legislature has no power to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel upon  
17 the highway and transport his/her property in the ordinary course of his  
18 business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with the  
19 public interest and convenience." ["regulated" means traffic safety enforcement,  
20 stop lights, signs etc.] — *Chicago Motor Coach v. Chicago*, 169 NE 22.

21 24. "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** cannot be converted into a  
22 crime." — *Miller v. U.S.*, 230 F 2d 486, 489.

23 25. "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this exercise  
24 of constitutional **rights**." — *Sherar v. Cullen*, 481 F. 945

25 26. The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the highway and to transport his property  
26 thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, differs radically and obviously  
27 from that of one who makes the highway his place of business for private gain in the  
28 running of a stagecoach or omnibus." — *State vs. City of Spokane*, 186 P. 864.

- 1 27. "The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
2 his/her property thereon either by carriage or automobile, is **not** a mere  
3 **privilege** which a city [or State] may prohibit or permit at will, but a common  
4 right which he/she has under the **right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of  
5 happiness." — Thompson v. Smith, 154 SE 579.
- 6 28. "The **right** of the Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
7 his property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, is a  
8 common **right** which he has under the **right** to enjoy life and liberty, to acquire  
9 and possess property, and to pursue happiness and safety. It includes the right,  
10 in so doing, to use the ordinary and usual conveyances of the day, and under the  
11 existing modes of **travel**, includes the right to drive a horse drawn carriage  
12 or wagon thereon or to operate an automobile thereon, for the usual and  
13 ordinary purpose of life and business." — Thompson vs. Smith, supra.; Teche  
14 Lines vs. Danforth, Miss., 12 S.2d 784.
- 15 29. "The use of the highways for the purpose of **travel** and transportation is not a  
16 mere **privilege**, but a common and fundamental **Right** of which the public and  
17 the individual cannot be rightfully deprived." — Chicago Motor Coach vs.  
18 Chicago, 169 NE 22; Ligare vs. Chicago, 28 NE 934; Boon vs. Clark, 214 SSW  
19 607; 25 Am.Jur. (1st) Highways Sect.163.
- 20 30. "The **right** to b is part of the Liberty of which a citizen cannot deprived without  
21 due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. This Right was emerging as  
22 early as the Magna Carta." — Kent vs. Dulles, 357 US 116 (1958).
- 23 31. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the people." — Hurtado vs. California, 110  
24 US 516.
- 25 32. "Personal liberty largely consists of the Right of locomotion -- to go where and  
26 when one pleases -- only so far restrained as the Rights of others may make it  
27 necessary for the welfare of all other citizens. The **Right** of the Citizen to **travel**  
28 upon the public highways and to transport his property thereon, by horse

1 drawn carriage, wagon, or automobile, is not a mere **privilege** which may  
2 be permitted or prohibited at will, but the common **Right** which he has under  
3 his **Right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. Under this  
4 Constitutional guarantee one may, therefore, under normal conditions, **travel** at  
5 his inclination along the public highways or in public places, and while  
6 conducting himself in an orderly and decent manner, neither interfering with  
7 nor disturbing another's Rights, he will be protected, not only in his person, but  
8 in his safe conduct." — II Am.Jur. (1st) Constitutional Law, Sect.329, p.1135.

9 33. Where **rights** secured by the Constitution are involved, **there can be no rule**  
10 **making or legislation** which would abrogate them." — Miranda v. Arizona, 384  
11 U.S.

12 34. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the **people**." — Hurtado vs. California, 110  
13 US 516.

### 14 **NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY**

15 35. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and  
16 thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City,  
17 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as  
18 an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a  
19 "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E.,  
20 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.

21 36. "Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful  
22 authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406 F2d  
23 137 t.

24 37. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability promotes  
25 care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the government to its  
26 people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13,  
27 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.

28 //

- 1 38. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable for**  
2 **injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice Court,**  
3 **A025829.**
- 4 39. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a  
5 sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
- 6 40. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel**  
7 (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817;  
8 **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior Court**  
9 (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98  
10 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.
- 11 41. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of the  
12 law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.
- 13 42. "the people, not the States, are sovereign." — **Chisholm v. Georgia**, 2 Dall. 419, 2  
14 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).
- 15 43. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and Natural Law).  
16 Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat. 22:36-40; Luke 10:17; Col.  
17 3:25. "No one is above the law".
- 18 44. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE**  
19 **EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie is to go  
20 against the mind."
- 21 45. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2; John 8:32;  
22 II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only the truth.
- 23 46. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev. 5:4-5; Lev.  
24 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12).
- 25 47. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN COMMERCE.** (12  
26 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15); "He who does not deny, admits."
- 27 48. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN**  
28 **COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17); "There is nothing left to resolve.



2. At no point in time were DefendantS/Respondents presented with a CALIFORNIA DRIVER'S LICENSE (COMMERCIAL CONTRACT), and any information added to the CITATION/CONTRACT was done so in fraud, without consent, full disclosure, and thus is *void ab initio*.

1. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10:7; II Tim. 2:6. **Legal maxim:** "It is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own property."
2. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.** (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it."

//

Executed "*without the United States*" in compliance with **28 USC § 1746**.

**FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.**

//

## **VIII. Some Relevant U.C.C. Sections and Application**

### **1. U.C.C. § 1-308 – Reservation of Rights:**

This section ensures that acceptance of an offer under duress or coercion does not waive any rights or defenses. By invoking U.C.C. § 1-308, Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) asserts that any compliance with your offer is made with *explicit reservation of rights*, preserving all legal remedies.

### **2. U.C.C. § 2-204 – Formation in General:**

This section establishes that a contract can be formed in any manner sufficient to show agreement, including conduct. By issuing the citation (an implied offer to contract), You/Dedenfant(s)/Respondent(s), have initiated a contractual relationship, which has been conditionally accepted with new terms herein.

### **3. U.C.C. § 2-206 – Offer and Acceptance in Formation of Contract:**

Under this section, an offer can be accepted in any reasonable manner. By conditionally accepting the citation and dispatching this notice via USPS

1 Certified, Registered, and/or Express mail, Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) has/have  
2 created a binding contract agreement and obligation which You/Defendant(s)/  
3 Respondent(s) are **contractually bound and obligated to**.

4 **4. U.C.C. § 2-202 – Final Written Expression:**

5 This provision ensures that the terms of this conditional acceptance supplement  
6 the original terms of the citation. By including these conditions, the issuing  
7 authority is bound to provide proof of their validity, failing which the  
8 conditional acceptance will be expressly stipulated as the **final** agreement.

9 **5. U.C.C. § 1-103 – Supplementary General Principles of Law Applicable:**

10 This section allows common law principles to supplement the UCC. Under the  
11 doctrine of **equity** and **fair dealing**, failure to provide the requested proof  
12 constitutes bad faith and silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit  
13 procurement to all of the the **fact and terms stipulated** in this Affidavit Notice  
14 and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement.

15 **IX. Terms, Legal, and Procedural Basis**

16 **1. Mailbox/Postal Rule:**

17 Under the mailbox rule, this notice of conditional acceptance is effective and  
18 considered **accepted** by You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) upon dispatch via  
19 Registered Mail, and/or Express Mail, and/or Certified Mail. The agreement  
20 becomes binding when the notice **is sent, not** when received. This binds the  
21 issuing authority to the terms outlined in this notice unless rebutted within the  
22 specified timeframe.

23 **2. Offer and Acceptance:**

24 Your citation constitutes an offer under contract law. This notice self-executing  
25 Contract and Security Agreement conditionally accepts your contract OFFER  
26 and supplements its terms under U.C.C. § 2-202. Failure to fulfill the new and  
27 final terms and conditions within the specified **three (3) day** timeframe  
28 constitutes **silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement**.

1 **3. Consent to Service by Electronic and Postal Means:**

2 **4.** By the doctrine of silent acquiescence and tacit agreement, You/Defendant(s)/  
3 Respondent(s) have consented to service of notices, pleadings, and  
4 communications via email, and/or USPS Registered Mail, Express Mail, or  
5 Certified Mail. Your failure to rebut or object to this service method within the  
6 specified timeframe constitutes unequivocal acceptance of service through these  
7 means.

8 **X. DEFENDANTS' ACTIONS AS ACTS OF WAR AGAINST**  
9 **THE THE PEOPLE AND THE CONSTITUTION**

10 The defendants' conduct constitutes an **outright war against the Constitution** of the United States,  
11 its *principles*, and the **rule of law**. By their *bad faith* and deplorable actions, the defendants have  
12 demonstrated *willful and intentional* disregard and contempt for the **supreme law of the land**, as set  
13 forth in **Article VI, Clause 2 of the Constitution**, which declares that the Constitution, federal  
14 laws, and treaties are the supreme law of the land, binding upon all states, courts, and officers.

15 **A. Violations of Constitutional Protections**

16 The defendants have intentionally and systematically engaged in acts that directly violate  
17 the protections guaranteed to the plaintiffs and the people under the Constitution,  
18 including but not limited to:

19 **1. Violation of the Plaintiffs' Unalienable Rights:** The defendants have deprived the  
20 plaintiffs of life, liberty, and property without due process of law, as guaranteed  
21 under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.

22 **2. Subversion of the Rule of Law:** Through their actions, the defendants have  
23 undermined the separation of powers and checks and balances established by the  
24 Constitution. They have disregarded the judiciary's duty to uphold the Constitution  
25 by attempting to operate outside the confines of lawful authority, rendering  
26 themselves effectively unaccountable.

27 **3. Treasonous Conduct:** Pursuant to Article III, Section 3, treason against the United  
28 States is defined as levying war against them or adhering to their enemies, giving

1        them aid and comfort. The defendants' conduct in subverting the constitutional order,  
2        depriving citizens of their lawful rights, and unlawfully exercising power without  
3        jurisdiction constitutes a form of domestic treason against the Constitution and the  
4        people it protects.

5        **B. Acts of Aggression and Tyranny**

6        The defendants' actions amount to a usurpation of authority and a direct attack on  
7        the sovereignty of the people, who are the true source of all government power  
8        under the Constitution. As stated in the Declaration of Independence, whenever  
9        any form of government becomes destructive of the unalienable rights of the  
10       people, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it. The defendants, through  
11       their actions, have positioned themselves as adversaries to this principle,  
12       attempting to replace the rule of law with arbitrary and unlawful dictates.

13       **C. Weaponizing Authority to Oppress**

14       The defendants' intentional misuse of their authority to act against the interests of the  
15       Constitution and its Citizens is a clear manifestation of tyranny. Rather than serving their  
16       constitutional mandate to protect and defend the Constitution, they have actively waged  
17       war on it by:

- 18       • **Suppressing lawful claims and evidence presented by the plaintiffs** to protect  
19       their property and rights.
- 20       • **Engaging in acts of fraud, coercion, and racketeering** that strip plaintiffs of their  
21       constitutional protections.
- 22       • **Dismissing the jurisdictional authority of constitutional mandates**, including but  
23       not limited to rights to due process and equal protection under the law.

24       **The defendants' actions are not merely breaches of law; they are acts of *insurrection***  
25       **and rebellion against the very foundation of the nation's constitutional**  
26       **framework.** Such acts must not go unchallenged, as they jeopardize the  
27       constitutional order, the rights of the people, and the rule of law that ensures justice  
28       and equality. Plaintiffs call upon the court and relevant authorities to enforce the

1 Constitution, compel accountability, and halt the defendants' treasonous war against  
2 the supreme law of the land.

3 **XI. 'Bare Statutes' as Confirmation of Guilt and the Necessity of**  
4 **Prosecution by an Enforcer**

5 Plaintiffs' incorporation of "bare statutes" does **NOT** exonerate Defendants; rather, it serves  
6 as evidence of Defendants' guilt, which they have already *undisputedly* admitted through  
7 their actions and lack of rebuttal to any affidavits, which they have a duty to respond to. The  
8 invocation of bare statutes merely underscores the necessity for Plaintiffs to compel a  
9 formal enforcer, such as a District Attorney or Attorney General, to prosecute the criminal  
10 violations. This requirement for enforcement does **NOT** negate the Defendants' culpability  
11 but, instead, affirms the gravity of their admitted violations.

12 In this matter, Plaintiffs have thoroughly detailed the Defendants' willful and intentional  
13 breaches of multiple federal statutes under Title 18, and Plaintiff's **private right(s) of**  
14 **action**. These *blatant* and *willful* violations have been clearly articulated in this NOTICE,  
15 AFFIDAVIT, AND CONTRACT SECURITY AGREEMENT. Defendants' actions  
16 constitute **treasonous** conduct against the **Constitution and the American people**. Their  
17 behavior, alongside that of their counsel, reflects an attitude of being above the law, further  
18 solidifying their guilt.

19 Plaintiffs maintain that the Defendants' reliance on procedural defenses or technicalities  
20 does not absolve them of their criminal conduct. Instead, their actions are an unequivocal  
21 admission of guilt that necessitates legal action by the appropriate prosecutorial authority.  
22 Plaintiffs reserve all rights to compel such enforcement to ensure that the Defendants are  
23 held fully accountable for their crimes.

24 **XII. RESPONSE DEADLINE: REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS:**

25 A response and/or compensation and/or restitution payment must be  
26 received within a deadline of **three (3) days**. At the "**Deadline**" is defined as  
27 5:00 p.m. on the third (3rd) day after your receipt of this affidavit. "**Failure to**  
28 **respond**" is defined as a blank denial, unsupported denial, inapposite denial,



1 such as, “not applicable” or equivalent, statements of counsel and other  
2 declarations by third parties that lack first-hand knowledge of the facts, and/  
3 or responses lacking verification, all such responses being legally insufficient  
4 to controvert the verified statements herewith. See *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc* and  
5 *Beasley, Supra*. Failure to respond can result in **your acceptance of personal**  
6 **liability** external to qualified immunity and waiver of any decision rights of  
7 remedy.

8 **XIII. FAILURE TO RESPOND AND/OR PERFORM, REMEDY, AND**  
9 **SETTLEMENT**

10 If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within**  
11 **three (3) days** of receiving this Affidavit Notice and Self- Executing Contract  
12 and Security Agreement and CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, with **verified**  
13 **evidence** of the above accompanied by an affidavit, **sworn under the penalty**  
14 **of perjury, as required by law**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), Gregory D  
15 Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
16 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
17 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
18 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) ***individually***  
19 ***and collectively fully agree*** that you must **act in good faith** and accordance  
20 with the Law, cease all conspiracy, fraud, identity theft, embezzlement,  
21 deprivation under the color of law, extortion, embezzlement, bank fraud,  
22 harassment, conspiracy to deprive, and other violations of the law, and  
23 **TERMINATE these proceeding immediately**, and pay the below mentioned  
24 Three Hundred Million Dollar Restitution and Settlement payment, and  
25 releasing all special deposit funds and/or Credits due to Affiant and/or  
26 Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

27 **XIV. Three Hundred Million (\$300,000,000.00 USD) Restitution**  
28 **Settlement Payment REQUIRED**

Furthermore, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication by providing verified evidence and proof of the facts and conditions set forth herein, accompanied by affidavits sworn under penalty of perjury as required by law, Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, hereby agree that, within three (3) days of receipt of this contract offer, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) shall issue restitution payment in the total sum certain of **Three Hundred Million U.S. Dollars (\$300,000,000.00 USD)**, which shall become **immediately** due and payable to <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST: Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

**XV. One Trillion Dollar (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**  
**Default Judgement and Lien**

If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, as contractually required, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) hereby individually and collectively, fully agree, that the entire amount evidenced and itemized in Invoice #RIVSHERTREAS12312024, totaling **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**, shall become **immediately** due and payable in full.

**Furthermore**, if You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), individually and collectively, **admit the statements and claims** by **TACIT PROCURATION**, and completely agree that you/they individually and collectively are guilty of **fraud, racketeering, indentity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion,**

1 coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive  
2 of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce,  
3 forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/  
4 internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts  
5 in restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,  
6 treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant.

7 **XVI. JUDGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL LIEN**  
8 **AUTHORIZATION**

9 Moreover, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), fail to respond **within three**  
10 **(3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, you/they **individually and**  
11 **collectively**, fully and unequivocally Decree, Accept, **fully Authorize** (in accord  
12 with UCC section 9), indorse, support, and advocate for a **judgement**, and/or  
13 **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT**, and/or **commercial lien** of **One Trillion Dollars**  
14 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00)** against You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), Gregory D  
15 Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell,  
16 GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE  
17 REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, Does  
18 1-100, in favor of, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE,  
19 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or  
20 their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

21 **Finally**, If You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond **within three (3)**  
22 **days** from the date of receipt of this communication, **You/Defendant(s)/**  
23 **Respondent(s) individually and collectively, EXPRESSLY, FULLY, and**  
24 **unequivocally Authorize, indorse, support and advocate for** <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS  
25 TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or  
26 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S)  
27 to formally notify the United States Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, the  
28 respective Congress (wo)man, U.S. Attorney General, and/or any person,

individual, legal fiction, and/or person, or ens legis Affiant deems necessary, including but not limited to submitting the requisite form(s) 1099-A, 1099-OID, 1099-C, 1096, 1040, 1041, 1041-V, 1040-V, 3949-A, with the **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)** as the **income to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) and lost revenue and/or income to Affiant**, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

**XVII. SUMMARY JUDGEMENT, U.C.C. 3-505**  
**PRESUMED DISHONOR**

Said income is **to be assessed and claimed as income** by/to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), **and/or by filing a lawsuit** followed by a DEMAND or similar for **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT** as **a matter of law**, in accordance with **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)** and **Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(a)**, and/or executing an Affidavit Certificate of **Non-Response, Dishonor, Judgement, and Lien Authorization**, in accordance with **U.C.C. § 3-505**, and/or issue an ORDER TO PAY or BILL OF EXCHANGE to the U.S. Treasury and IRS, said sum certain of **One Trillion U.S. Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**, for **immediate credit** to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S), with this Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement servings as *prima facie* evidence of You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s)'s **Verified INDEBTEDNESS** to Affiant, Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

Should it be deemed necessary, the **Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) are fully Authorized (in accord with U.C.C § 9-509)** to file a UCC commercial **LIEN**

1 and/or UCC1 Financing Statement to perfect interest and/or secure full  
2 satisfaction of the adjudged sum of **One Trillion Dollars**  
3 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**.

4 //

5 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

6 Again for the record, this contract, received and accepted per the mailbox rule, is  
7 **self-executing** and serves as a **SECURITY AGREEMENT**, and establishes a lien,  
8 **Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S)**. Acceptance of this contract is deemed to  
9 occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the mailbox rule  
10 established in common law. Under this rule, an **acceptance** becomes **effective and**  
11 **binding** once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the control of the postal  
12 service, as supported by **Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250**. Furthermore, as a self-  
13 executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and enforceable obligations  
14 without the need for further action, functioning also as a **SECURITY AGREEMENT** under  
15 **Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC)**.

16 **\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

17 //

18 **XVIII. ESTOPPEL BY ACQUIESCENCE:**

19 If the addressee(s) or an intended recipient of this notice fail to respond  
20 addressing **each point, on a point by point basis**, they **individually and**  
21 **collectively accept all of the statements, declaration, stipulations, facts, and**  
22 **claims as **TRUTH** and fact by TACIT PROCURATION, **all issues are deemed****  
23 **settled **RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS** and by **COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL**.**  
24 You may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the  
25 administrative findings in any subsequent process, whether administrative or  
26 judicial. (See Black's Law Dictionary 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. for any terms you do not "*understand*").

27 **Your failure to completely answer and respond will result in your agreeing**  
28 **not to argue, controvert or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative**



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775822582US — DATED: February 13, 2025

1 findings in any process, whether administrative or judicial, as certified by  
2 Notary or Witness Acceptor in an Affidavit Certificate of Non Response and/or  
3 Judgement, or similar.

4 Should YOU fail to respond, provide partial, unsworn, or incomplete  
5 answers, such are not acceptable to me or to any court of law. See, *Sieb's*  
6 *Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for  
7 an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed  
8 only an unsworn response within the time permitted," thus, under the specific  
9 provisions of Ark. and *Fed. R. Civ. P. 36*, the facts in question were **deemed**  
10 **admitted as true. Failure to answer is well established in the court.** *Beasley v. U.*  
11 *S.*, 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests **will be considered as**  
12 **having been admitted.**" Also as previously referenced, "Statements of fact  
13 contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or**  
14 **pleadings may** be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244  
15 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

16 **COPY of this ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE and Exhibits sent to**  
17 **the following WITNESSES by way of Registered Mail with Misprision of Felony**

18 **Obligations:**

19 **To/cc:** James R. McHenry III, Pam Bondi, Agent(s)  
20 C/o DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
21 950 Pennsylvania Avenue Nw  
Washington, District of Colombia, [20530]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822605US**

**To/Cc:** Michael Hestrin, Fiduciary(ies),  
C/o Office of the District Attorney  
3960 Orange Street  
Riverside California [92501]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822619US.**

22 **To/Cc:** Rob Bonta, Fiduciary(ies),  
23 C/o Office of the Attorney General  
1300 "I" Street  
24 Sacramento, California [95814-2919]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822622US.**

**To/Cc:** Douglas O'Donnell, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies)  
C/o Internal Revenue Service  
1111 Constitution Avenue, North West  
Washington, District of Colombia [20224]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822636US.**

25 //

26 //

27 //

28 //

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775822582US — DATED: February 13, 2025

Invoice # **RIVSHERTREAS12312024**

## INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL

Dear Valued Defendant(s), Respondent(s), Customer(s), Fiduciary(ies), Agent(s), and/or DEBTOR(S):

It has come to OUR attention that you are **deemed guilty of multiple felony crimes, violations of U.S. Code, U.C.C, the Constitution, and the law.** You have or currently still are **threatening, extorting, depriving, coercing, damaging, injuring, and causing irreparable physical, mental, emotional, and financial harm** to <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST and its/their beneficiary(ies), and their Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Executor(s), Agent(s), and Representatives. **You remain in default, dishonor, and have an outstanding past due balance due immediately, to wit:**

1.	18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindle :	<u>\$10,000,000.00</u>
2.	18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony	<u>\$1,000,000.00</u>
3.	Professional and personal fees and costs associated with preparing documents for this matter:	\$100,000,000.00
4.	15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty:	\$200,000,000.00
5.	18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights:	\$9,000,000,000.00
6.	18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law:	\$9,000,000,000.00
7.	18 U.S. Code § 1344 - Bank fraud: (fine and/or up to 30 years imprisonment)	\$100,000,000.00
8.	15 U.S. Code § 1122 - Liability of United States and States, and instrumentalities and officials thereof:	\$100,000,000,000.00
9.	15 U.S. Code § 1 - Trusts, etc., in restraint of trade illegal; penalty (fine and/or up to 10 years imprisonment):	\$900,000,000.00
10.	18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$3,000,000,000.00
11.	Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons:	\$11,000,000.00
12.	18 U.S. Code § 878 - Threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$500,000,000.00
13.	18 U.S. Code § 880 - Receiving the proceeds of extortion (fine and/or up to 3 years imprisonment):	\$100,000,000.00
14.	Use of <sup>TM</sup> KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©: x 3	\$3,000,000.00
15.	Fraud, conspiracy, obstruction, identity theft, extortion, bad faith actions, treason, monopolization of trade and commerce, bank fraud, threats, coercion, identity theft, mental trauma, emotional anguish and trauma. embezzlement, larceny, felony crimes, loss of time and thus enjoyable life, deprivation of rights under the color of law harassment, Waring against the Constitution, injury and damage:	\$777,075,000,000.00

**Total Due:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD  
**Good Faith Discount:** \$999,700,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due by 02/17/2025:** \$300,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due after 02/17/2025:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD

## **EXHIBITS/ATTACHMENTS:**

1. **Exhibit A:** Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact'
2. **Exhibit B:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #**2024385925-4**.
3. **Exhibit C:** Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC3 filing ##**2024402990-2** .
4. **Exhibit D:** Affidavit Right of Travel CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991
5. **Exhibit E:** Revocation Termination and Cancelation of Franchise.
6. **Exhibit F:** CITATION/BOND #**TE464702**, accepted under threat, duress, and coercion: **AS EVIDENCED BY SIGNATURE LINE**.
7. **Exhibit G:** Automobile's PRIVATE PLATE displayed on the automobile
8. **Exhibit H:** Screenshot of "Automobile" and "commercial vehicle" from DMV website
9. **Exhibit I:** Screenshot of CA CODE § 260 from <https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>
10. **Exhibit J:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Gregory D Eastwood.
11. **Exhibit K:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Robert C V Bowman.
12. **Exhibit L:** Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Willam Pratt.
13. **Exhibit M:** AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of **STATUS**, **ASSETS**, **RIGHTS**, **JURISDICTION**, AND **PROTECTIONS** as national/non-citizen national, foreign government, foreign official, internationally protected person, international organization, **secured party/secured creditor**, and/or national of the United States, #**RF661448964US**.
14. **Exhibit N:** national/non-citizen national passport card #**C35510079**.
15. **Exhibit O:** national/non-citizen national passport book #**A39235161**.
16. **Exhibit P:** <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© Copyright and Trademark Agreement.
17. **Exhibit Q:** **NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON**, #**RF775820621US**.

18. **Exhibit R: NOTICE OF DEFAULT, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON, #RF775821088US.**

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## **WORDS DEFINED GLOSSARY OF TERMS:**

As used in this Affidavit, the following words and terms are as defined in this section, non-obstante:

1. **automobile:** a passenger vehicle that does not transport persons for hire. This includes station wagons, sedans, vans, and sport utility vehicles. See, California Vehicle Code (CVC) §465.
2. **commercial vehicle:** A “commercial vehicle” is a vehicle which is used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property (for example, trucks and pickups). See CVC §260.
3. **motor vehicle:** The term “motor vehicle” means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and** used for **commercial purposes** on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo. See 18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definitions.
4. **financial institution:** a **person**, an **individual**, a **private banker**, a business engaged in vehicle sales, including automobile, airplane, and boat sales, persons involved in real estate closings and settlements, the United States Postal Service, a commercial bank or trust company, any credit union, an agency of the United States Government or of a State or local government carrying out a duty or power of a business described in this paragraph, a broker or dealer in securities or commodities, a currency exchange, or a business engaged in the exchange of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency or funds, financial agency, a loan or finance company, an issuer, redeemer, or cashier of travelers’ checks, checks, money orders, or similar instruments, an operator of a credit card system, an insurance company, a licensed sender of money or any other person who engages as a business in the transmission of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency, including any person who

engages as a business in an informal money transfer system or any network of people who engage as a business in facilitating the transfer of money domestically or internationally outside of the conventional financial institutions system. Ref, 31 U.S. Code § 5312 - Definitions and application.

5. **individual:** As a noun, this term denotes a single **person** as distinguished from a group or class, and also, very commonly, a private or natural person as distinguished from a partnership, corporation, or association; but it is said that this restrictive signification is not necessarily inherent in the word, and that it **may**, in proper cases, include **artificial persons**. As an adjective: Existing as an indivisible entity. Of or relating to a single person or thing, as opposed to a group. — See Black's Law Dictionary 4th, 7th, and 8th Edition pages 913, 777, and 2263 respectively.

6. **person:** Term may include artificial beings, as corporations. The term means an **individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity**. The term "person" shall be construed to mean and include an individual, a trust, estate, partnership, association, company or corporation. **The term "person" means a natural person or an organization. -Artificial persons.** Such as are created and devised by law for the purposes of society and government, called "corporations" or bodies politic." **-Natural persons.** Such as are formed by nature, as distinguished from artificial persons, or corporations. **-Private person.** An individual who is not the incumbent of an office. Persons are divided by law into natural and **artificial**. Natural persons are such as the God of nature formed us; **artificial** are such as are created and devised by **human laws**, for the purposes of society and government, which are called "corporations" or "bodies politic." — See Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) § 1-201, Black's Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 4th edition pages 892, 895, and 1299, respectively, 27 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 72.11 - Meaning of terms, and 26 United States Code (U.S. Code) § 7701 - Definitions.

7. **bank:** a **person** engaged in the business of banking and includes a savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, and **trust company**. The terms "banks", "national bank", "national banking association", "member bank", "board", "district", and "reserve bank" shall have the meanings assigned to them in section 221 of this title. An institution, of great value in the commercial world, empowered to receive deposits of money, to make loans. and to issue its promissory notes, (designed to circulate as



1 money, and commonly called "bank-notes" or "bank-bills" ) or to perform any one or more of these  
2 functions. The term "bank" is usually restricted in its application to an incorporated body; while a  
3 **private individual** making it his business to conduct banking operations is denominated a "banker."  
4 Banks in a commercial sense are of three kinds, to wit; (1) Of deposit; (2) of discount; (3) of circulation.  
5 Strictly speaking, the term "bank" implies a place for the deposit of money, as that is the most obvious  
6 purpose of such an institution. — See, UCC 1-201, 4-105, 12 U.S. Code § 221a, Black's Law Dictionary  
7 1st, 2nd, 4th, 7th, and 8th, pages 117-118, 116-117, 183-184, 139-140, and 437-439.

8 8. **discharge:** To cancel or unloose the obligation of a contract; to make an agreement or contract null and  
9 inoperative. Its principal species are rescission, release, accord and satisfaction, performance,  
10 judgement, composition, bankruptcy, merger. As applied to demands claims, right of action,  
11 incumbrances, etc., to discharge the debt or claim is to extinguish it, to annul its obligatory force, to  
12 satisfy it. And here also the term is generic; thus a dent , a mortgage. As a noun, the word means the act  
13 or instrument by which the binding force of a contract is terminated, irrespective of whether the  
14 contract is carried out to the full extent contemplated (in which case the discharge is the result of  
15 performance) or is broken off before complete execution. See, Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, page

16 9. **pay:** To discharge a debt; to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in money or in goods, for his  
17 acceptance. To pay is to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in money or In goods, for his  
18 acceptance, by which the debt is discharged. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 3rd edition, pages  
19 880, 883, and 1339 respectively.

20 10. **payment:** The performance of a duty, promise, or obligation, or discharge of a debt or liability. by the  
21 delivery of money or other value. Also the money or thing so delivered. Performance of an obligation  
22 by the delivery of money or some other valuable thing accepted in partial or full discharge of the  
23 obligation. [Cases: Payment 1. C.J.S. Payment § 2.] 2. The money or other valuable thing so delivered in  
24 satisfaction of an obligation. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st and 8th edition, pages 880-811 and  
25 3576-3577, respectively.

26 11. **driver:** The term "driver" (i.e: "driver's license") means One **employed** in conducting a coach, carriage,  
27 wagon, or other vehicle, with horses, mules, or other animals.

- 1 12. **may:** An auxiliary verb qualifying the meaning of another verb by expressing ability, competency,  
2 liberty, permission, probability or contingency. — Regardless of the instrument, however, whether  
3 constitution, statute, deed, contract or whatnot, **courts not infrequently construe "may" as "shall" or**  
4 **"must".** — See Black's Law Dictionary, 4th Edition page 1131.
- 5 13. **extortion:** The term "**extortion**" means the obtaining of property from another, **with his consent,**  
6 **induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official**  
7 **right.** — See 18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence.
- 8 14. **national:** "foreign government", "foreign official", "internationally protected person", "international  
9 organization", "national of the United States", "official guest," and/or "non-citizen national." **They all**  
10 **have the same meaning.** See Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and  
11 internationally protected persons.
- 12 15. **United States:** For the purposes of this Affidavit, the terms "United States" and "U.S." *mean only the*  
13 *Federal Legislative Democracy of the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American*  
14 *Samoa, and any other Territory within the "United States," which entity has its origin and jurisdiction*  
15 *from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 17-18 and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the Constitution for the*  
16 *United States of America. The terms "United States" and "U.S." are NOT to be construed to mean or include*  
17 *the sovereign, united 50 states of America.*
- 18 16. **fraud:** deceitful practice or Willful device, resorted to with intent to deprive another of his right, or in  
19 some manner to do him an injury. As distinguished from negligence, it is always positive, intentional.  
20 as applied to contracts is the cause of an error bearing on material part of the contract, created or  
21 continued by artifice, with design to obtain some unjust advantage to the one party, or to cause an  
22 inconvenience or loss to the other. in the sense of court of equity, properly includes all acts, omissions,  
23 and concealments which involved a breach of legal or equitable duty, trust, or confidence justly  
24 reposed, and are injurious to another, or by which an undue and unconscientious advantage is taken of  
25 another. See Black's Law Dictionary, 1st and 2nd Edition, pages 521-522 and 517 respectively.
- 26 17. **color:** appearance, semblance. or simulacrum, as distinguished from that which is real. A prima facie or  
27 apparent right. Hence, a deceptive appearance; a plausible, assumed exterior, concealing a lack of  
28 reality; a a disguise or pretext. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 222.

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF7758225820'S — DATED: February 13, 2025

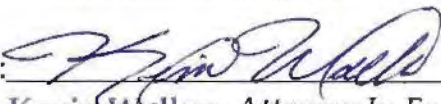
18. **colorable:** That which is in appearance only, and not in reality, what it purports to be. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 2223.

**COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

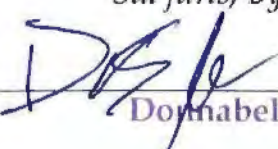
County of Riverside )  
) Commercial Oath and Verification  
The State of California )

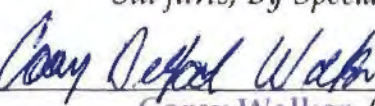
I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true, correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of Truth regarding same signed and sealed this 13TH day of FEBRUARY in the year of Our Lord two thousand and twenty five:

proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*,  
**All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, UCC § 1-308, 3-402.**

By:   
**Kevin Walker**, Attorney In Fact, Secured Party,  
Executor, national, private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxxx

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

*Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*  
By:   
**Donabelle Mortel (WITNESS)**

*Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,*  
By:   
**Corey Walker (WITNESS)**

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement- Registered Mail #RF775822582US — DATED: February 13, 2025

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification **only** and **not** for entrance into **any** foreign jurisdiction.

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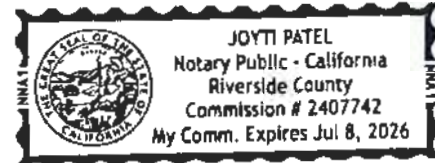
**JURAT:**

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of Riverside )  
County of California ) ss.

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 13th day of February, 2025 by Kevin Walker proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Joyti Patel Notary public  
print  
Joyti Patel Notary public  
Seal:  
Seal:



-Exhibit H-



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

**From/Plaintiff:** Kevin: Walker, *sui juris, In Propria Persona*.  
Executor, Authorized Representative, Secured Party, Master Beneficiary  
TMKEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER©  
c/o 30650 Rancho California Road Suite #406-251  
Temecula, California [92591]  
non-domestic without the United States  
Email: [team@walkernovagroup.com](mailto:team@walkernovagroup.com)

\*\*\* NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL \*\*\*  
\*\*\* NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT \*\*\*

\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT \*\*\*

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, Robert Gell, Chad.  
C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
30755-D Auld Road  
Murrieta, California [92563]  
Registered Mail #RF775823645US  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.  
C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
Registered Mail #RF775823659US  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of DISHONOR, NON-RESPONSE,  
DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN AUTHORIZATION.**

**Kevin: Walker, TMKEVIN WALKER©  
ESTATE, TMKEVIN LEWIS  
WALKER©, TMKEVIN WALKER© IRR  
TRUST,**

Claimant(s)Plaintiff(s),

vs.

**Chad Bianco, Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes,  
William Pratt, Robert Gell, CHAD  
BIANCO, GREGORY D EASTWOOD,  
ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM  
PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT  
GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, Does 1-100  
Inclusive,**

Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)

**CITATION/BOND NO.: TE464702**

**AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE OF  
DISHONOR, NON-RESPONSE,  
DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, AND LIEN  
AUTHORIZATION**

1. FRAUD
2. RACKETEERING
3. EMBEZZLEMENT
4. IDENTITY THEFT
5. CONSPIRACY
6. DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER COLOR OF LAW
7. RECEIVING EXTORTION PROCEEDS
8. FALSE PRETENSES
9. EXTORTION
10. UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT
11. TORTURE
12. KIDNAPPING
13. FORCED PEONAGE
14. MONOPOLIZATION OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
15. BANK FRAUD
16. TRANSPORTATION OF STOLEN PROPERTY, MONEY, & SECURITIES
17. THREE HUNDRED MILLION SETTLEMENT OFFER
18. CONSIDERED, ACCEPTED, AND STIPULATED ONE TRILLION DOLLAR (\$1,000,000,000,000.00) JUDGEMENT AND LIEN.

**AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of DISHONOR, NON-RESPONSE,  
DEFAULT, JUDGEMENT, and LIEN AUTHORIZATION.**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that on this day, before me, a  
Notary Public, personally came by *Special Limited Appearance, sui juris, In Propria*  
*Persona*, Kevin: Walker, a living soul, natural, freeborn Sovereign, state Citizen of

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1 California and **the republic** in its **De'jure** capacity as one of the several states of the  
2 Union 1789. This incidentally makes him a **national** American of the republic as per  
3 the **De'Jure Constitution for the united states 1777/1789**.

4 Kevin, proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona, by Special Limited*  
5 *Appearance*, and is herein referred to as '**Affiant**,' is over 18 years of age, competent  
6 to testify and has first hand knowledge of the facts herein. Affiant declared (or  
7 certified, verified, affirmed, or stated) under penalty of perjury under the laws of  
8 the United States of America that the following is true and correct, to the best of  
9 Affiants's understanding and belief, and in good faith:

10 1. As of **February 27, 2025**, Affiant has **not** received a valid, point for point, written  
11 response to the document(s) mailed to the person(s) named below. The document(s)  
12 mailed and the mail and delivery date(s) was are:

13 (1) **Document: AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts: NOTICE OF**  
14 **CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING,**  
15 **CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW,**  
16 **IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.**

17 **To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,  
18 Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes.  
19 C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
20 30755-D Auld Road  
Murrieta, California [92563]  
Registered Mail # **RF775820621US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.  
C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821613US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

21 (2) **Document: AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts: NOTICE OF**  
22 **DEFAULT**, and **FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION**  
23 **OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT,**  
24 **EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON.**

25 **To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,  
26 Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes.  
27 C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
28 30755-D Auld Road  
Murrieta, California [92563]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821088US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.  
C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
Registered Mail # **RF775821131US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

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(3) **Document: AFFIDAVIT and Plain Statement of Facts: NOTICE OF DEFAULT AND OPPORTUNITY TO CURE AND NOTICE OF FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, KIDNAPPING.**

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Gregory D Eastwood,  
Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes.  
C/o SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
30755-D Auld Road  
Murrieta, California [92563]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822582US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

**To/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s):** Chad Bianco.  
C/o RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFF  
4095 Lemon Street, 2nd floor  
Riverside, California [92501]  
Registered Mail # **RF775822596US**  
Email: [info@riversidesheriff.org](mailto:info@riversidesheriff.org) / [ssherman@law4cops.com](mailto:ssherman@law4cops.com)

2. As of **February 27, 2025**, Affiant is **not** in possession of a response from respondent(s) addressing each point on the affidavits sent, **sworn under the penalty of perjury, as required** by contract law, principles, and legal maxims.
3. Respondent(s) [“}] **individually and collectively admit** the statements and claims by **TACIT PROCURATION**, **all issues** are **deemed settled RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS** and by **COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL**[“].
4. Respondent(s), individually and collectively, admit to the statements and claims by **TACIT PROCURATION**, fully agreeing that they are deemed guilty of fraud, racketeering, identity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion, coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce, forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/ internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts in restraint of trade, dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust, treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury, and damage to Affiant and/or Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).
5. Furthermore, Respondent(s) individually and collectively fully agree that this **Affidavit and all previously submitted Affidavits** constitute **prima facie evidence** of these violations and serve as proof of claim. As established in **United States v. Kis, 658 F.2d 526 (7th Cir. 1981)**:

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1 "Appellee had the burden of first proving its prima facie case and could do  
2 so by affidavit or other evidence."

3 6. Accordingly, Respondents' failure to rebut constitutes **conclusive admission and**  
4 **agreement** to all claims asserted herein

5 7. You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) individually and collectively, fully agree that  
6 INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL #RIVSHERTREAS12312024 accurately represents  
7 their indebtedness of to Affiant, and/or Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

8 8. You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s) individually and collectively, fully agree that  
9 You or who you/they represent **is/are the DEBTOR(S)** in this matter.

10 9. You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) individually and collectively, fully agree that You and/  
11 or who you represent **has/have been paid in full for the "contract" in question.**

12 10. You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) individually and collectively, fully agree that You/  
13 Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) is/are **not** the CREDITOR, or an ASSIGNEE of the  
14 CREDITOR, in this matter.

15 11. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law, unless I have**  
16 **harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no crime; and**  
17 **I am therefore not subject to any penalty.** I act in accordance with the following  
18 **U.S. Supreme Court case:** "The individual may stand upon his **constitutional**  
19 **rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his **private** business in his own way.  
20 **His power to contract is unlimited.** He owes no such duty [to submit his books  
21 and papers for an examination] to the State, since he receives nothing therefrom,  
22 beyond the protection of his life and property. His rights are such as existed by  
23 the law of the land [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the**  
24 **State**, and can only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance  
25 with the Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself,**  
26 **and the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except**  
27 **under a warrant of the law.** He owes nothing to the public so long as he does not  
28 trespass upon their rights." — **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).

## NO QUALIFIED OR LIMITED IMMUNITY

12. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E., 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.
13. "Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful authority by invading constitutional **rights**." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406 F2d 137 t.
14. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.
15. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice Court**, A025829.
16. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
17. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel** (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817; **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard** (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.
18. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.
19. "**the people**, not the States, **are sovereign.**" — Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 Dall. 419, 2 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).



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20. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and Natural Law). Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat. 22:36-40; Luke 10:17; Col. 3:25. "No one is above the law".

21. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie is to go against the mind."

22. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN.** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2; John 8:32; II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is sovereign -- and the Sovereign tells only the truth.

23. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev. 5:4-5; Lev. 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12).

24. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN COMMERCE.** (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15;). "He who does not deny, admits."

25. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17;). "There is nothing left to resolve.

26. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10:7; II Tim. 2:6. **Legal maxim:** "It is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own property."

27. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.** (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it.")

Executed "*without the United States*" in compliance with **28 USC § 1746.**

**FURTHER AFFIANT SAYETH NOT.**

//

//

### **I. Some Relevant U.C.C. Sections and Application**

#### **1. U.C.C. § 1-308 – Reservation of Rights:**

This section ensures that acceptance of an offer under duress or coercion does not waive any rights or defenses. By invoking U.C.C. § 1-308, Claimant(s)/Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s). asserts that any compliance with your offer is made with *explicit reservation of rights*, preserving all legal remedies.

1 **2. U.C.C. § 2-204 – Formation in General:**

2 This section establishes that a contract can be formed in any manner sufficient  
3 to show agreement, including conduct. By issuing the citation (an implied offer  
4 to contract), You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), have initiated a contractual  
5 relationship, which has been conditionally accepted with new terms herein.

6 **3. U.C.C. § 2-206 – Offer and Acceptance in Formation of Contract:**

7 Under this section, an offer can be accepted in any reasonable manner. By  
8 conditionally accepting the citation and dispatching this notice via USPS Certified,  
9 Registered, and/or Express mail, Claimant(s)/Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s) has/have  
10 created a binding contract agreement and obligation which You/Defendant(s)/  
11 Respondent(s) are contractually bound and obligated to.

12 **4. U.C.C. § 2-202 – Final Written Expression:**

13 This provision ensures that the terms of this conditional acceptance  
14 supplement the original terms of the citation. By including these  
15 conditions, the issuing authority is bound to provide proof of their  
16 validity, failing which the conditional acceptance will be expressly  
17 stipulated as the **final** agreement.

18 **5. U.C.C. § 1-103 – Supplementary General Principles of Law Applicable:**

19 This section allows common law principles to supplement the UCC.  
20 Under the doctrine of **equity** and **fair dealing**, failure to provide the  
21 requested proof constitutes bad faith and silent acquiescence, tacit  
22 agreement, and tacit procuration to all of the the **fact and terms stipulated** in  
23 this Affidavit Notice and Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement.

24 **6. U.C.C. § 3-505 – Evidence of Dishonor**

25 Under U.C.C. § 3-505, an *unrebutted* **Affidavit of Default, Dishonor, and Non-**  
26 **Response** creates a **presumption of dishonor** against the defaulting party.  
27 **Subsection (a)** states that certain documents are admissible as evidence and  
28 create a **presumption of dishonor**, including:

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- 1       **1. A document regular in form** that certifies dishonor, such as a **notarized**
- 2       **affidavit.**
- 3       **2. A writing or stamp** from a relevant authority confirming non-acceptance
- 4       or non-payment.
- 5       **3. A record from a financial institution or other official entity** proving
- 6       dishonor.
- 7       • **Subsection (b)** confirms that a **protest of dishonor may be made by a**
- 8       **notary public or other authorized official**, further **strengthening the**
- 9       **validity and enforceability of the affidavit as prima facie evidence of**
- 10      **dishonor.**

11      **Application:**

12      By failing to lawfully rebut or respond, **Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) are**

13      **presumed in dishonor**, and Plaintiffs' claims are **legally established as true**

14      **and enforceable**. The *unrebutted* affidavit serves as self-executing proof that

15      Respondents/Defendants have defaulted and **must now perform according to**

16      **the binding contract agreement and security instrument.**

17      **II.                              Legal and Procedural Basis**

18      **1. Mailbox/Postal Rule:**

19      Under the mailbox rule, this notice of conditional acceptance is effective and

20      considered **accepted** by You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) upon dispatch via

21      the respective Registered, Certified, and/or Express mail number. The

22      agreement becomes **binding** when the notice **is sent**, not when received. This

23      binds the issuing authority to the terms outlined in this notice unless rebutted

24      within the specified timeframe.

25      **2. Offer and Acceptance:**

26      Your citation constitutes an offer under contract law. This notice self-

27      executing Contract and Security Agreement conditionally accepts your

28      contract OFFER and supplements its terms under U.C.C. § 2-202. Failure to

fulfill the new and final terms and conditions within the specified **three (3) day** timeframe constitutes **silent acquiescence, tacit agreement, and tacit procurement.**

**3. Consent to Service by Electronic and Postal Means:**

By the doctrine of silent acquiescence and tacit agreement, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) have consented to service of notices, pleadings, and communications via email, and/or USPS Registered Mail, Express Mail, or Certified Mail. Your failure to rebut or object to this service method within the specified timeframe constitutes unequivocal acceptance of service through these means.

**III. DEFENDANTS' ACTIONS AS ACTS OF WAR AGAINST THE THE PEOPLE AND THE CONSTITUTION**

The defendants' conduct constitutes an **outright war against the Constitution** of the United States, its *principles*, and the **rule of law**. By their *bad faith* and deplorable actions, the defendants have demonstrated *willful and intentional* disregard and contempt for the **supreme law of the land**, as set forth in **Article VI, Clause 2 of the Constitution**, which declares that the Constitution, federal laws, and treaties are the supreme law of the land, binding upon all states, courts, and officers.

**A. Violations of Constitutional Protections**

The defendants have intentionally and systematically engaged in acts that directly violate the protections guaranteed to the plaintiffs and the people under the Constitution, including but not limited to:

- 1. Violation of the Plaintiffs' Unalienable Rights:** The defendants have deprived the plaintiffs of life, liberty, and property without due process of law, as guaranteed under the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.
- 2. Subversion of the Rule of Law:** Through their actions, the defendants have undermined the separation of powers and checks and balances established

1 by the Constitution. They have disregarded the judiciary's duty to uphold the  
2 Constitution by attempting to operate outside the confines of lawful  
3 authority, rendering themselves effectively unaccountable.

4 **3. Treasonous Conduct:** Pursuant to Article III, Section 3, treason against the  
5 United States is defined as levying war against them or adhering to their  
6 enemies, giving them aid and comfort. The defendants' conduct in subverting  
7 the constitutional order, depriving citizens of their lawful rights, and  
8 unlawfully exercising power without jurisdiction constitutes a form of  
9 domestic treason against the Constitution and the people it protects.

## 10 **B. Acts of Aggression and Tyranny**

11 The defendants' actions amount to a usurpation of authority and a direct attack  
12 on the sovereignty of the people, who are the true source of all government  
13 power under the Constitution. As stated in the Declaration of Independence,  
14 whenever any form of government becomes destructive of the unalienable rights  
15 of the people, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it. The defendants,  
16 through their actions, have positioned themselves as adversaries to this  
17 principle, attempting to replace the rule of law with arbitrary and unlawful  
18 dictates.

## 19 **C. Weaponizing Authority to Oppress**

20 The defendants' intentional misuse of their authority to act against the interests  
21 of the Constitution and its Citizens is a clear manifestation of tyranny. Rather  
22 than serving their constitutional mandate to protect and defend the  
23 Constitution, they have actively waged war on it by:

- 24 • **Suppressing lawful claims and evidence presented by the plaintiffs** to  
25 protect their property and rights.
  - 26 • **Engaging in acts of fraud, coercion, and racketeering** that strip plaintiffs of  
27 their constitutional protections.
- 28



- **Dismissing the jurisdictional authority of constitutional mandates**, including but not limited to rights to due process and equal protection under the law.

The defendants' actions are not merely breaches of law; they are acts of *insurrection and rebellion against the very foundation of the nation's constitutional framework*. Such acts must not go unchallenged, as they jeopardize the constitutional order, the rights of the people, and the rule of law that ensures justice and equality. Plaintiffs call upon the court and relevant authorities to enforce the Constitution, compel accountability, and halt the defendants' treasonous war against the supreme law of the land.

#### **IV. 'Bare Statutes' as Confirmation of Guilt and the Necessity of Prosecution by an Enforcer**

Plaintiffs' incorporation of "bare statutes" does **NOT** exonerate Defendants; rather, it serves as evidence of Defendants' guilt, which they have already *undisputedly* admitted through their actions and lack of rebuttal to any affidavits, which they have a duty to respond to. The invocation of bare statutes merely underscores the necessity for Plaintiffs to compel a formal enforcer, such as a District Attorney or Attorney General, to prosecute the criminal violations. This requirement for enforcement does **NOT** negate the Defendants' culpability but, instead, affirms the gravity of their admitted violations.

In this matter, Plaintiffs have thoroughly detailed the Defendants' willful and intentional breaches of multiple federal statutes under Title 18, and Plaintiff's **private right(s) of action**. These *blatant* and *willful* violations have been clearly articulated in this NOTICE, AFFIDAVIT, AND CONTRACT SECURITY AGREEMENT. Defendants' actions constitute **treasonous** conduct against the **Constitution and the American people**. Their behavior, alongside that of their counsel, reflects an attitude of being above the law, further solidifying their guilt. Plaintiffs maintain that the Defendants' reliance on procedural defenses or technicalities does not absolve them of their criminal conduct. Instead, their actions

are an unequivocal admission of guilt that necessitates legal action by the appropriate prosecutorial authority. Plaintiffs reserve all rights to compel such enforcement to ensure that the Defendants are held fully accountable for their crimes.

**V. RESPONSE DEADLINE: REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) DAYS:**

A response and/or compensation and/or restitution payment must be received within a deadline of **three (3) days**. At the “**Deadline**” is defined as 5:00 p.m. on the third (3rd) day after your receipt of this affidavit. “**Failure to respond**” is defined as a blank denial, unsupported denial, inapposite denial, such as, “not applicable” or equivalent, statements of counsel and other declarations by third parties that lack first-hand knowledge of the facts, and/or responses lacking verification, all such responses being legally insufficient to controvert the verified statements herewith. See *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc* and *Beasley, Supra*. Failure to respond can result in **your acceptance of personal liability** external to qualified immunity and waiver of any decision rights of remedy.

**VI. FAILURE TO RESPOND AND/OR PERFORM, REMEDY, AND SETTLEMENT**

If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within three (3) days** of receiving this Affidavit Notice and Self- Executing Contract and Security Agreement and CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, with verified evidence of the above accompanied by an affidavit, **sworn under the penalty of perjury, as required by law**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) *individually and collectively fully agree* that you must **act in good faith** and accordance

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1 with the Law, cease all conspiracy, fraud, identity theft, embezzlement,  
2 deprivation under the color of law, extortion, embezzlement, bank fraud,  
3 harassment, conspiracy to deprive, and other violations of the law, and  
4 **TERMINATE these proceeding immediately**, and pay the below mentioned  
5 Three Hundred Million Dollar Restitution and Settlement payment, and  
6 releasing all special deposit funds and/or Credits due to Affiant and/or  
7 Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

8 **VII. Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00) Restitution**  
9 **Settlement Payment REQUIRED**

10 Furthermore, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and  
11 perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication by  
12 providing **verified evidence and proof** of the facts and conditions set forth herein,  
13 accompanied by **affidavits sworn under penalty of perjury as required by law**,  
14 Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman, George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert  
15 Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT,  
16 GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY SHERIFFS  
17 DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, hereby agree that, within three (3) days of receipt of  
18 this contract offer, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) shall issue restitution payment  
19 in the total sum certain of **Three Hundred Million Dollars (\$300,000,000.00 )**,  
20 which **shall** become **immediately** due and payable to <sup>TM</sup>WGW EXPRESS TRUST©,  
21 <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN  
22 WALKER© IRR TRUST: Complainant(s)/Plaintiff(s).

23 **VIII. One Trillion Dollar (\$1,000,000,000,000.00) Default**  
24 **Judgement and Lien**

25 If You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) fail to respond and perform **within**  
26 **three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication, **as**  
27 **contractually required**, You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s) hereby  
28 individually and collectively, fully agree, that the entire amount evidenced

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1 and itemized in Invoice #RIVSHERTREAS12312024, totaling **One Trillion**  
2 **Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**, shall become **immediately** due and payable  
3 in full.

4 **Furthermore**, if You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond and  
5 perform **within three (3) days** from the date of receipt of this communication,  
6 You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), **individually and collectively**, admit the  
7 **statements and claims** by **TACIT PROCURATION**, and completely agree  
8 that you/they individually and collectively are guilty of **fraud, racketeering,**  
9 **identity theft, treason, breach of trust and fiduciary duties, extortion,**  
10 **coercion, deprivation of rights under the color of law, conspiracy to deprive**  
11 **of rights under the color of law, monopolization of trade and commerce,**  
12 **forced peonage, obstruction of enforcement, extortion of a national/**  
13 **internationally protected person, false imprisonment, torture, creating trusts**  
14 **in restraint of trade dereliction of fiduciary duties, bank fraud, breach of trust,**  
15 **treason, tax evasion, bad faith actions, dishonor, injury and damage to Affiant.**

16 **IX. JUDGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL LIEN**  
17 **AUTHORIZATION**

18 Moreover, if You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), fail to respond **within three (3)**  
19 **days** from the date of receipt of this communication, you/they **individually and**  
20 **collectively**, fully and unequivocally Decree, Accept, **fully Authorize** (in accord with  
21 **UCC section 9)**, indorse, support, and advocate for a **judgement**, and/or **SUMMARY**  
22 **JUDGEMENT**, and/or **commercial lien** of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00)**  
23 **against** You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), Gregory D Eastwood, Robert C V Bowman,  
24 George Reyes, William Pratt, Robert Gell, GREGORY D EASTWOOD, ROBERT C V  
25 BOWMAN, WILLIAM PRATT, GEORGE REYES, ROBERT GELL, RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
26 SHERIFFS DEPARTMENT, *Does 1-100*, **in favor of**, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN  
27 WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR  
28 TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

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1 **Finally, If You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s), fail to respond within three (3)**  
2 **days from the date of receipt of this communication, You/Defendant(s)/**  
3 **Respondent(s) individually and collectively, EXPRESSLY, FULLY, and**  
4 **unequivocally Authorize, indorse, support and advocate for <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS**  
5 **TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or**  
6 **<sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S)**  
7 **to formally notify the United States Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, the**  
8 **respective Congress (wo)man, U.S. Attorney General, and/or any person,**  
9 **individual, legal fiction, and/or person, or ens legis Affiant deems necessary,**  
10 **including but not limited to submitting the requisite form(s) 1099-A, 1099-OID,**  
11 **1099-C, 1096, 1040, 1041, 1041-V, 1040-V, 3949-A, with the One Trillion Dollars**  
12 **(\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD) as the income to You/Defendant(s)/Respondent(s)**  
13 **and lost revenue and/or income to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©,**  
14 **<sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN**  
15 **WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).**

16 **X. SUMMARY JUDGEMENT, U.C.C. 3-505**  
17 **PRESUMED DISHONOR**

18 Said income is to be assessed and claimed as income by/to You/  
19 Defendant(s)/Respondent(s), and/or by **filing a lawsuit** followed by a DEMAND  
20 or similar for **SUMMARY JUDGEMENT** as **a matter of law**, in accordance with  
21 **California Code of Civil Procedure § 437c(c)** and **Federal Rule of Civil Procedure**  
22 **56(a)**, and/or executing an Affidavit Certificate of Non-Response, Dishonor,  
23 **Judgement, and Lien Authorization**, in accordance with **U.C.C. § 3-505**, and/or  
24 issue an ORDER TO PAY or BILL OF EXCHANGE to the U.S. Treasury and IRS,  
25 said sum certain of **One Trillion U.S. Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**, for  
26 **immediate credit to Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN**  
27 **WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER©**  
28 **IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S), with this Self-**



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

Executing Contract and Security Agreement servings as *prima facie* evidence of You/Respondent(s)/Defendant(s)'s **Verified INDEBTEDNESS** to Affiant, Affiant, and/or <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©, and/or <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST, and/or their lawfully designated ASSIGNEE(S).

Should it be deemed necessary, the Claimant(s)/Plaintiff(s) are **fully Authorized (in accord with U.C.C § 9-509)** to file a UCC commercial **LIEN** and/or **UCC1 Financing Statement** to perfect interest and/or secure full satisfaction of the adjudged sum of **One Trillion Dollars (\$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD)**.

**\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

Again for the record, this **contract, received and accepted per the mailbox rule, is self-executing and serves as a SECURITY AGREEMENT, and establishes a lien, Authorized by You/They/the DEBTOR(S). Acceptance of this contract is deemed to occur at the moment it is dispatched via mail, in accordance with the mailbox rule established in common law. Under this rule, an acceptance becomes effective and binding** once it is properly addressed, stamped, and placed in the control of the postal service, as supported by **Adams v. Lindsell (1818) 106 ER 250. Furthermore, as a self-executing agreement, this contract creates immediate and enforceable obligations** without the need for further action, functioning also as a **SECURITY AGREEMENT** under Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC).

**\*\*\* SELF-EXECUTING CONTRACT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT\*\*\* :**

**XI. ESTOPPEL BY ACQUIESCENCE:**

If the addressee(s) or an intended recipient of this notice fail to respond addressing **each point, on a point by point basis, they individually and collectively accept all of the statements, declaration, stipulations, facts, and claims as TRUTH** and fact by TACIT PROCURATION, **all issues are deemed settled RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS** and by **COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL**.

Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

1 You may **not** argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the  
2 administrative findings in any subsequent process, whether administrative or  
3 judicial. (See Black's Law Dictionary 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. for any terms you do not "*understand*").

4 **Your failure to completely answer and respond will result in your agreeing**  
5 **not to argue, controvert or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative**  
6 **findings in any process, whether administrative or judicial, as certified by**  
7 **Notary or Witness Acceptor in an Affidavit Certificate of Non Response and/or**  
8 **Judgement, or similar.**

9 Should YOU **fail** to respond, provide partial, unsworn, or incomplete  
10 answers, **such are not acceptable to me or to any court of law**. See, *Sieb's*  
11 *Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for  
12 an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed  
13 only an unsworn response within the time permitted," thus, under the specific  
14 provisions of Ark. and *Fed. R. Civ. P.* 36, the facts in question were **deemed**  
15 **admitted as true. Failure to answer is well established in the court.** *Beasley v. U.*  
16 *S.*, 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests **will be considered as**  
17 **having been admitted.**" Also as previously referenced, "Statements of **fact**  
18 contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or**  
19 **pleadings** may be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244  
20 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

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Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

Invoice # **RIVSHERTREAS12312024**

## INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL

Dear Valued Defendant(s), Respondent(s), Customer(s), Fiduciary(ies), Agent(s), and/or DEBTOR(S):

It has come to OUR attention that you are **deemed guilty of multiple felony crimes, violations of U.S. Code, U.C.C, the Constitution, and the law.** You have or currently still are **threatening, extorting, depriving, coercing, damaging, injuring, and causing irreparable physical, mental, emotional, and financial harm** to <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST and its/their beneficiary(ies), and their Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Executor(s), Agent(s), and Representatives. **You remain in default, dishonor, and have an outstanding past due balance due immediately, to wit:**

1.	18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindle :	<u>\$10,000,000.00</u>
2.	18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony	<u>\$1,000,000.00</u>
3.	Professional and personal fees and costs associated with preparing documents for this matter:	\$100,000,000.00
4.	15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty:	\$200,000,000.00
5.	18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights:	\$9,000,000,000.00
6.	18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law:	\$9,000,000,000.00
7.	18 U.S. Code § 1344 - Bank fraud: (fine and/or up to 30 years imprisonment)	\$100,000,000.00
8.	15 U.S. Code § 1122 - Liability of United States and States, and instrumentalities and officials thereof:	\$100,000,000,000.00
9.	15 U.S. Code § 1 - Trusts, etc., in restraint of trade illegal; penalty (fine and/or up to 10 years imprisonment):	\$900,000,000.00
10.	18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$3,000,000,000.00
11.	Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons:	\$11,000,000.00
12.	18 U.S. Code § 878 - Threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$500,000,000.00
13.	18 U.S. Code § 880 - Receiving the proceeds of extortion (fine and/or up to 3 years imprisonment):	\$100,000,000.00
14.	Use of <sup>TM</sup> KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©: x 3	\$3,000,000.00
15.	Fraud, conspiracy, obstruction, identity theft, extortion, bad faith actions, treason, monopolization of trade and commerce, bank fraud, threats, coercion, identity theft, mental trauma, emotional anguish and trauma. embezzlement, larceny, felony crimes, loss of time and thus enjoyable life, deprivation of rights under the color of law harassment, Waring against the Constitution, injury and damage:	\$777,075,000,000.00

**Total Due:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD  
**Good Faith Discount:** \$999,700,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due by 03/03/2025:** \$300,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due after 03/03/2025:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD

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Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

**COPY of this ACTUAL AND CONSTRUCTIVE NOTICE and Exhibits sent to the following**

**WITNESSES by way of Registered Mail with Misprision of Felony Obligations:**

**To/Cc:** Rob Bonta, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o Office of the Attorney General  
1300 "I" Street  
Sacramento, California [95814-2919]  
Registered Mail #RF775823662US.

**To/Cc:** Issa, Darrel, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
Washington, District of Colombia [20515]  
Registered Mail #RF775823676US.

**To/Cc:** Pan Bondi, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o Office of the Attorney General  
950 Pennsylvanie Avenue, NW  
Washington, District of Colombia [20530-0001]  
Registered Mail # RF775823680US.

**To/Cc:** Douglas O'Donnell, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o Internal Revenue Service  
1111 Constitution Avenue, North West  
Washington, District of Colombia [20224]  
Registered Mail #RF775823693US.

**To/Cc:** David Lebryk, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o Department of the Treasury  
1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW  
Washington, District of Colombia [20220]  
Registered Mail #RF775823702US.

**To/Cc:** Marco Rubio, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s)  
C/o Department of State  
2201 C Street, North West  
Washington, District of Colombia [20520]  
Registered Mail #RF775823716US.

**EXHIBITS/ATTACHMENTS:**

1. **Exhibit A: Affidavit: Power of Attorney In Fact'**
2. **Exhibit B: Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC1 filing #2024385925-4.**
3. **Exhibit C: Private UCC Contract Trust/UCC3 filing ##2024402990-2 .**
4. **Exhibit D: Affidavit Right of Travel CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT. LICENSE/BOND # B6735991**
5. **Exhibit E: Revocation Termination and Cancelation of Franchise.**
6. **Exhibit F: CITATION/BOND #TE464702, accepted under threat, duress, and coercion: AS EVIDENCED BY SIGNATURE LINE.**
7. **Exhibit G: Automobile's PRIVATE PLATE displayed on the automobile**
8. **Exhibit H: Screenshot of "Automobile" and "commercial vehicle" from DMV website**
9. **Exhibit I: Screenshot of CA CODE § 260 from <https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov>**
10. **Exhibit J: Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Gregory D Eastwood.**
11. **Exhibit K: Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Robert C V Bowman.**
12. **Exhibit L: Photo(s) of Defendant/Respondent Willam Pratt.**

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13. **Exhibit M:** AFFIDAVIT CERTIFICATE of STATUS, ASSETS, RIGHTS, JURISDICTION, AND PROTECTIONS as national/non-citizen national, foreign government, foreign official, internationally protected person, international organization, secured party/secured creditor, and/or national of the United States, #RF661448964US.

14. **Exhibit N:** national/non-citizen national passport card #C35510079.

15. **Exhibit O:** national/non-citizen national passport book #A39235161.

16. **Exhibit P:** <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN LEWIS WALKER© Copyright and Trademark Agreement.

17. **Exhibit Q:** NOTICE OF CONDITIONAL ACCEPTANCE, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON, #RF775820621US.

18. **Exhibit R:** NOTICE OF DEFAULT, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON, #RF775821088US.

19. **Exhibit S:** NOTICE OF DEFAULT, and FRAUD, RACKETEERING, CONSPIRACY, DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE COLOR OF LAW, IDENTITY THEFT, EXTORTION, COERCION, TREASON, #RF775822582US

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## WORDS DEFINED GLOSSARY OF TERMS:

As used in this Affidavit, the following words and terms are as defined in this section, non-obstante:

1. **automobile:** a passenger vehicle that does not transport persons for hire. This includes station wagons, sedans, vans, and sport utility vehicles. See, California Vehicle Code (CVC) §465.
2. **commercial vehicle:** A “commercial vehicle” is a vehicle which is used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property (for example, trucks and pickups). See CVC §260.
3. **motor vehicle:** The term “motor vehicle” means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power **and** used for **commercial purposes** on the highways in the



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transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo. See 18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definitions.

4. **financial institution:** a person, an individual, a private banker, a business engaged in vehicle sales, including automobile, airplane, and boat sales, persons involved in real estate closings and settlements, the United States Postal Service, a commercial bank or trust company, any credit union, an agency of the United States Government or of a State or local government carrying out a duty or power of a business described in this paragraph, a broker or dealer in securities or commodities, a currency exchange, or a business engaged in the exchange of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency or funds, financial agency, a loan or finance company, an issuer, redeemer, or cashier of travelers' checks, checks, money orders, or similar instruments, an operator of a credit card system, an insurance company, a licensed sender of money or any other person who engages as a business in the transmission of currency, funds, or value that substitutes for currency, including any person who engages as a business in an informal money transfer system or any network of people who engage as a business in facilitating the transfer of money domestically or internationally outside of the conventional financial institutions system. Ref, 31 U.S. Code § 5312 - Definitions and application.

5. **individual:** As a noun, this term denotes a single **person** as distinguished from a group or class, and also, very commonly, a private or natural person as distinguished from a partnership, corporation, or association; but it is said that this restrictive signification is not necessarily inherent in the word, and that it **may**, in proper cases, include **artificial persons**. As an adjective: Existing as an indivisible entity. Of or relating to a single person or thing, as opposed to a group. — See Black's Law Dictionary 4th, 7th, and 8th Edition pages 913, 777, and 2263 respectively.

6. **person:** Term may include artificial beings, as corporations. The term means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial entity. The term "person" shall be construed to mean and include an individual, a trust, estate, partnership, association, company or corporation. **The term "person" means a natural person or an organization. -Artificial persons.** Such as are created and devised by law for the purposes of society and government, called "corporations" or bodies politic." **-Natural persons.** Such as are

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1 formed by nature, as distinguished from artificial persons, or corporations. **-Private person.** An  
2 individual who is not the incumbent of an office. Persons are divided by law into natural and **artificial.**  
3 Natural persons are such as the God of nature formed us; **artificial** are such as are created and devised  
4 by **human laws**, for the purposes of society and government, which are called "corporations" or "bodies  
5 politic." — See Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) § 1-201, Black's Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 4th  
6 edition pages 892, 895, and 1299, respectively, 27 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) § 72.11 - Meaning  
7 of terms, and 26 United States Code (U.S. Code) § 7701 - Definitions.

8 7. **bank:** a **person** engaged in the business of banking and includes a savings bank, savings and loan  
9 association, credit union, and **trust company**. The terms "banks", "national bank", "national banking  
10 association", "member bank", "board", "district", and "reserve bank" shall have the meanings assigned  
11 to them in section 221 of this title. An institution, of great value in the commercial world, empowered  
12 to receive deposits of money, to make loans. and to issue its promissory notes, (designed to circulate as  
13 money, and commonly called "bank-notes" or "bank-bills" ) or to perform any one or more of these  
14 functions. The term "bank" is usually restricted in its application to an incorporated body; while a  
15 **private individual** making it his business to conduct banking operations is denominated a "banker."  
16 Banks in a commercial sense are of three kinds, to wit; (1) Of deposit; (2) of discount; (3) of circulation.  
17 Strictly speaking, the term "bank" implies a place for the deposit of money, as that is the most obvious  
18 purpose of such an institution. — See, UCC 1-201, 4-105, 12 U.S. Code § 221a, Black's Law Dictionary  
19 1st, 2nd, 4th, 7th, and 8th, pages 117-118, 116-117, 183-184, 139-140, and 437-439.

20 8. **discharge:** To cancel or unloose the obligation of a contract; to make an agreement or contract  
21 null and inoperative. Its principal species are rescission, release, accord and satisfaction,  
22 performance, judgement, composition, bankruptcy, merger. As applied to demands claims,  
23 right of action, incumbrances, etc., to discharge the debt or claim is to extinguish it, to annul  
24 its obligatory force, to satisfy it. And here also the term is generic; thus a dent , a mortgage. As  
25 a noun, the word means the act or instrument by which the binding force of a contract is  
26 terminated, irrespective of whether the contract is carried out to the full extent contemplated  
27 (in which case the discharge is the result of performance) or is broken off before complete  
28 execution. See, Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, page

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- 1 9. **pay:** To discharge a debt; to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in money or in goods, for his  
2 acceptance. To pay is to deliver to a creditor the value of a debt, either in money or In goods, for his  
3 acceptance, by which the debt is discharged. See Blacks Law Dictionary 1st, 2nd, and 3rd edition, pages  
4 880, 883, and 1339 respectively.
- 5 10. **payment:** The performance of a duty, promise, or obligation, or discharge of a debt or liability. by the delivery of  
6 money or other value. Also the money or thing so delivered. Performance of an obligation by the delivery of money  
7 or some other valuable thing accepted in partial or full discharge of the obligation. [Cases: Payment 1. C.J.S.  
8 Payment § 2.] 2. The money or other valuable thing so delivered in satisfaction of an obligation. See Blacks Law  
9 Dictionary 1st and 8th edition, pages 880-811 and 3576-3577, respectively.
- 10 11. **driver:** The term "driver" (i.e: "driver's license") means One **employed** in conducting a coach, carriage,  
11 wagon, or other vehicle, with horses, mules, or other animals.
- 12 12. **may:** An auxiliary verb qualifying the meaning of another verb by expressing ability, competency,  
13 liberty, permission, probability or contingency. — Regardless of the instrument, however, whether  
14 constitution, statute, deed, contract or whatnot, **courts not infrequently construe "may" as "shall" or**  
15 **"must".** — See Black's Law Dictionary, 4th Edition page 1131.
- 16 13. **extortion:** The term "**extortion**" means the obtaining of property from another, **with his consent,**  
17 **induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official**  
18 **right.** — See 18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence.
- 19 14. **national:** "foreign government", "foreign official", "internationally protected person", "international  
20 organization", "national of the United States", "official guest," and/or "non-citizen national." **They all**  
21 **have the same meaning.** See Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and  
22 internationally protected persons.
- 23 15. **United States:** For the purposes of this Affidavit, the terms "United States" and "U.S." *mean*  
24 *only the Federal Legislative Democracy of the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands,*  
25 *Guam, American Samoa, and any other Territory within the "United States," which entity has*  
26 *its origin and jurisdiction from Article 1, Section 8, Clause 17-18 and Article IV, Section 3,*  
27 *Clause 2 of the Constitution for the United States of America. The terms "United States" and*  
28 *"U.S." are NOT to be construed to mean or include the sovereign, united 50 states of America.*



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- 1 16. **fraud:** deceitful practice or Willful device, resorted to with intent to deprive another of his right, or in  
2 some manner to do him an injury. As distinguished from negligence, it is always positive, intentional.  
3 as applied to contracts is the cause of an error bearing on material part of the contract, created or  
4 continued by artifice, with design to obtain some unjust advantage to the one party, or to cause an  
5 inconvenience or loss to the other. in the sense of court of equity, properly includes all acts, omissions,  
6 and concealments which involved a breach of legal or equitable duty, trust, or confidence justly  
7 reposed, and are injurious to another, or by which an undue and unconscientious advantage is taken of  
8 another. See Black's Law Dictionary, 1st and 2nd Edition, pages 521-522 and 517 respectively.
- 9 17. **color:** appearance, semblance, or simulacrum, as distinguished from that which is real. A prima facie or  
10 apparent right. Hence, a deceptive appearance; a plausible, assumed exterior, concealing a lack of  
11 reality; a a disguise or pretext. See, Black's Law Dictionary 1st Edition, page 222.
- 12 18. **colorable:** That which is in appearance only, and not in reality, what it purports to be. See, Black's Law  
13 Dictionary 1st Edition, page 2223.

14 **COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

15 County of Riverside )  
16 ) Commercial Oath and Verification  
17 The State of California )

18 I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding  
19 in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true,  
20 correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief  
21 under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of  
22 Truth regarding same signed and sealed this 27TH day of FEBRUARY in the year of  
23 Our Lord two thousand and twenty five:

24 proceeding *sui juris, In Propria Persona*, by *Special Limited Appearance*,  
25 **All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, UCC § 1-308, 3-402.**

26 By:   
27 **Kevin Walker, Attorney In Fact, Secured Party,**  
28 **Executor, national, private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxxx**



Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,

By: Donnabelle Mortel  
Donnabelle Mortel (WITNESS)

Sui juris, By Special Limited Appearance,

By: Corey Walker  
Corey Walker (WITNESS)

**NOTICE:**

Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification **only** and **not** for entrance into **any** foreign jurisdiction.

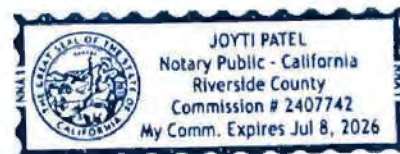
**JURAT:**

State of Riverside )  
County of California ) ss.

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 27th day of February, 2025 by Kevin Walker proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Joyti Patel Notary public  
Joyti Patel  
Seal:





Self-Executing Contract and Security Agreement — Registered Mail #RF775823645US — Dated: February 27, 2025

Invoice # **RIVSHERTREAS12312024**

## INVOICE and/or TRUE BILL

Dear Valued Defendant(s), Respondent(s), Customer(s), Fiduciary(ies), Agent(s), and/or DEBTOR(S):

It has come to OUR attention that you are **deemed guilty of multiple felony crimes, violations of U.S. Code, U.C.C, the Constitution, and the law.** You have or currently still are **threatening, extorting, depriving, coercing, damaging, injuring, and causing irreparable physical, mental, emotional, and financial harm** to <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© ESTATE, <sup>TM</sup>WG EXPRESS TRUST©, <sup>TM</sup>KEVIN WALKER© IRR TRUST and its/their beneficiary(ies), and their Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Executor(s), Agent(s), and Representatives. **You remain in default, dishonor, and have an outstanding past due balance due immediately, to wit:**

1.	18 U.S. Code § 1341 - Frauds and swindle :	<u>\$10,000,000.00</u>
2.	18 U.S. Code § 4 - Misprision of felony	<u>\$1,000,000.00</u>
3.	Professional and personal fees and costs associated with preparing documents for this matter:	\$100,000,000.00
4.	15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty:	\$200,000,000.00
5.	18 U.S. Code § 241 - Conspiracy against rights:	\$9,000,000,000.00
6.	18 U.S. Code § 242 - Deprivation of rights under color of law:	\$9,000,000,000.00
7.	18 U.S. Code § 1344 - Bank fraud: (fine and/or up to 30 years imprisonment)	\$100,000,000.00
8.	15 U.S. Code § 1122 - Liability of United States and States, and instrumentalities and officials thereof:	\$100,000,000,000.00
9.	15 U.S. Code § 1 - Trusts, etc., in restraint of trade illegal; penalty (fine and/or up to 10 years imprisonment):	\$900,000,000.00
10.	18 U.S. Code § 1951 - Interference with commerce by threats or violence (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$3,000,000,000.00
11.	Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons:	\$11,000,000.00
12.	18 U.S. Code § 878 - Threats and extortion against foreign officials, official guests, or internationally protected persons (fine and/or up to 20 years imprisonment):	\$500,000,000.00
13.	18 U.S. Code § 880 - Receiving the proceeds of extortion (fine and/or up to 3 years imprisonment):	\$100,000,000.00
14.	Use of <sup>TM</sup> KEVIN LEWIS WALKER©: x 3	\$3,000,000.00
15.	Fraud, conspiracy, obstruction, identity theft, extortion, bad faith actions, treason, monopolization of trade and commerce, bank fraud, threats, coercion, identity theft, mental trauma, emotional anguish and trauma. embezzlement, larceny, felony crimes, loss of time and thus enjoyable life, deprivation of rights under the color of law harassment, Waring against the Constitution, injury and damage:	\$777,075,000,000.00

**Total Due:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD  
**Good Faith Discount:** \$999,700,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due by 03/03/2025:** \$300,000,000.00 USD  
**Total Due after 03/03/2025:** \$1,000,000,000,000.00 USD

-18 of 25-

-Exhibit I-

**-Exhibit J-**

-Exhibit K-

**-Exhibit L-**



-Exhibit M-

**SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION**

- ☐ Complete items 1, 2, and 3.
- ☐ Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you.
- ☐ Attach this card to the back of the mailpiece, or on the front if space permits.

**1. Article Addressed to:**

Gregory, Robert, George  
% SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER  
30755-D Auld Road  
Murietta, California 92563



9590 9402 8731 3310 3704 57

**2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)**

RF 775 823 645 US

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053

**COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY**

**A. Signature**

☒ X

☐ Agent

☐ Addressee

**B. Received by (Printed Name)**

**C. Date of Delivery**

31 1 28

**D. Is delivery address different from item 1?**  
If YES, enter delivery address below:

☐ Yes  
☐ No

**3. Service Type**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery           | <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery            | <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery       |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail                                  |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500) |   |

Domestic Return Receipt

-Exhibit N-



REGISTERED

RF 661 448 567 US

REGISTERED

RF 661 448 567 US

# MASTER Discharging and Indemnity Bond

ORIGINAL ISSUE DATE

02/13/2024

Number

KLW08191987

MATURITY DATE

02/13/2054

Registered Holder and Fiduciary:

Janet L. Yellen  
Secretary of the Treasury  
U.S. Department of the Treasury  
1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, D.C. 20220



COPY

For Offset By/Through:

KEVIN LEWIS WALKER,

DONNABELLE ESCAREZ MORTEL,

COREY DELFOND WALKER,

Grantor

Private Offset Account No. F06271216

First Surety

Private Offset Account No. F44424207

Second Surety

Private Offset Account No. F79127672

Securitization Bond: Non-Negotiable Private Bond for Setoff No.  
KLW08191987, KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, Principal; Janet L. Yellen, Holder in  
Due Course & Registered No. RF 661 448 567 US and credit the same to  
Registered No. RF 661 448 023 US

*This Private Master Discharging and Indemnity Bond shall be entered as an asset to the  
United States Department of the Treasury in the amount of*

**— TWO HUNDRED BILLION DOLLARS —**

**KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS**, to facilitate lawful commerce in the absence of substance backed currency in circulation, Janet L. Yellen or agents thereof ("Fiduciary") upon receipt of this private Discharging and Indemnity Bond No. KLW08191987 ("Bond") shall post the full face value of the Bond as an asset to the benefit of the United States Department of the Treasury to be used and applied specifically in the manner described hereunder for the purpose of securing honorable settlement for the account holders and accounts listed below. The Fiduciary has been entered in the books of the grantor as the registered holder.

**SETOFF.** This Bond has been authorized and issued pursuant to the full faith and credit of the grantor, Kevin Lewis Walker, and guarantors, Donnabelle Escarez Mortel and Corey Delfond Walker, who do hereby hold, bind and obligate themselves sui juris jointly and severally as voluntary sureties for all such account holders and accounts, each jointly and severally, including, without limitation **Birth Certificate Account 104-80-279145**, for any sum up to and including **Two Hundred Billion 00/100 United States Dollars (\$200,000,000,000.00)**, insuring, underwriting, indemnifying, discharging, paying and satisfying all such account holders and accounts dollar for dollar against any and all pre-existing, current and future losses, costs, debts, taxes, encumbrances, deficits, deficiencies, liens, judgments, true bills, obligations of contracts or performance, defaults, charges, and any and all other obligations as may exist or come to exist during the term of this Bond (jointly and severally "Liabilities") until the sum or term of this Bond is exhausted.

**AS A CONSEQUENCE THEREOF**, the Fiduciary shall satisfy all pre-existing and current Liabilities as may exist without exception for, against and on behalf of all such account holders and accounts dollar for dollar through the above-noted Private Offset Accounts up to and including the full face value of this Bond through maturity.

**PRE-PAYMENT.** Each of the said account holders and accounts shall be severally insured, underwritten and indemnified against any and all future Liabilities as may appear, thereby instantly satisfying all such obligations dollar for dollar without exception through the above-noted Private Offset Accounts up to and including the full face value of this Bond through maturity.

**DISHONOR.** The Fiduciary shall have thirty (30) days from the date of presentment noted on U.S.P.S. Form 3811 to dishonor this Bond by returning same to the grantor by registered mail at the location noted herein. Failure to so return will stipulate the Fiduciary's honorable acceptance of this Bond and all obligations and liabilities hereunder on behalf of the United States.

**MATURITY.** Upon maturity at 11:59:59 PM, 02/13/2054, the Secretary shall mark this Bond cancelled and return this Bond bearing the marks of cancellation to the grantor or the grantor's heirs by registered mail, all profits and proceeds accruing since presentment to remain with the Secretary for the benefit and use of the United States Department of the Treasury.

All communication shall be sent by United States Registered Mail directly to the grantor at the location noted hereunder exactly as shown. Service in any other manner is defective on its face. The grantor accepts past exclusively at the said postal location.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the signatories to this Bond do hereby affix their respective hands and seals as Authorized Government Contracting Agents on this Thirteenth day of the Second month *anno domino* in the Year of Our Lord Two Thousand and Twenty-Four.

*Donnabelle Escarez Mortel* 11661-308  
Surety #1 - Donnabelle Escarez Mortel  
Private Offset Account No. F44424207  
c/o 41593 Winchester Road Suite 200  
Temecula, California near [92590]  
non-domestic without the United States

*Corey Delfond Walker* 11661-308  
Surety #2 - Corey Delfond Walker  
Private Offset Account No. F79127672  
c/o 1410 La Sierra Avenue Unit F-351  
Riverside, California near [92503]  
non-domestic without the United States

*Kevin Lewis Walker*  
Kevin Lewis Walker - Grantor  
Private Offset Account No. F06271216  
c/o 41593 Winchester Road Suite 200  
Temecula, California near [92590]  
non-domestic without the United States

*Xinyuan M. Iseman*  
Witness #1 - Xinyuan M. Iseman  
c/o 31290 Heitz Lane  
Temecula, California [92591]  
non-domestic without the United States



COPY

*Delbert J. Iseman*  
Witness #2 - Delbert J. Iseman  
c/o 31290 Heitz Lane  
Temecula, California [92591]  
non-domestic without the United States

-Exhibit Q-



-Exhibit O-



-Exhibit O -



-Exhibit P-



**-Exhibit P -**



-Exhibit Q-



**-Exhibit Q-**



-Exhibit Q-



-Exhibit R-



Registered Mail # RF 661 447 751 US



**From:** Kevin Walker, sui juris

Trustee, Executor, Authorized Representative, Secured Party.

**TMWG EXPRESS TRUST©, TMKEVIN LEWIS WALKER© ESTATE,**

**TMKEVIN WALKER©.**

c/o 41593 Winchester Road Suite 200

Temecula, California

non-domestic *without* the United States

\*\*\*NOTICE TO AGENT IS NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL\*\*\*  
\*\*\*NOTICE TO PRINCIPAL IS NOTICE TO AGENT\*\*\*

**Respondent(s)/Att'n:** Joe Biden, Daniel Werfel, Janet Yellen,

Rob Bonta, Shirley Weber, Gavin Newsom, Merrick Garland,

Sean Duryee, Martin O'Malley, Steven Gordon, David W. Slayton,

Chad Bianco, Agent(s), Fiduciary(ies), Trustee(s), Does 1- ∞ Inclusive.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, U.S. TREASURY, RIVERSIDE COUNTY

SHERIFF, SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE, SECRETARY OF STATE, THE WHITE HOUSE,

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, ATTORNEY GENERAL,

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES, CALIFORNIA HIGHWAY PATROL,

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, ALL SUPERIOR COURTS OF CALIFORNIA,

ALL CORPORATE AGENCIES.

NOTICE SENT TO CA DMV via Registered Mail # **RF661448995**.

**DATE:** December 28, 2023

## AFFIDAVIT

### RIGHT TO TRAVEL

**CANCELLATION, TERMINATION, AND REVOCATION of COMMERCIAL "For  
Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT.**

**LICENSE/BOND # B6735991**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT, that I, **Kevin: Walker**, in propria persona, proceeding sui juris, by special limited appearance, a man upon the land, a follower of the Almighty Supreme Creator, first and foremost and the laws of man when they are not in conflict (Leviticus 18:3, 4) Pursuant to Matthew 5:33 – 37 and James 5:12, let my yea mean yea and my nay be nay, as supported by Federal Public Law 97-280, 96 Stat.1211, depose and say that I, **Kevin: Walker**, a **living soul**, over 18 years of age, being competent to testify and having first hand knowledge of the facts herein declare (or certify, verify, affirm, or state) under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the following is true and correct, to the best of my understanding and belief, and in good faith

### VERIFIED

1. I, Kevin Walker, sui juris, **cannot** in good faith apply for and accept a driver's license, as I would be committing PERJURY. I would have to SWEAR under OATH that I am a member of, citizen of, franchisee of, or resident (agent) of [fiduciary, surety for] the corporate "*State of*" **CALIFORNIA**, when the already established facts by affidavit have evidenced that I am NOT a member of, citizen of, franchisee of, or resident (agent) of the corporate "*State of*" **CALIFORNIA** or the federal United States.
2. I have researched extensively the organic laws of the united states of America, including two hundred years of American case law (i.e., Common law), and affirm that I have secured the UNALIENABLE and

Registered Mail # **RF 661 447 751 US**



FUNDAMENTAL, UNRESTRICTED and UNREGULATED RIGHT TO TRAVEL upon both the public walkways and the highways, and transport my personal and allodial property, duly conveyed, unhindered by ANY private, corporate or statutory law, or Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) regulation or so-called requirement. This unalienable right to travel is guaranteed by the 9th & 10th Amendments of the organic Constitution for the united states of America and Bill of Rights, and upheld by **many court decisions** in support of the rights to travel.

3. "THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT IS A FOREIGN CORPORATION WITH RESPECT TO A STATE." [emphasis added] **Volume 20: Corpus Juris Sec.** §1785: NY re: Merriam 36 N.E. 505 1441 S.Ct.1973, 41 L.Ed.287.
4. [18 U.S. Code § 5 - United States defined](#) stipulates, The term "United States", as used in this title in a territorial sense, includes all places and waters, continental or insular, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, except the Canal Zone.
5. [28 U.S. Code § 3002\(15\) - Definitions](#) stipulates, (15) "United States" means — (A) a Federal corporation; (B) an agency, department, commission, board, or other entity of the United States; or (C) an instrumentality of the United States.
6. **YOU have** committed fraud, deceit, coercion, willful intent to injure another, malicious acts, and YOU have engaged in RICO activity.
7. I voluntarily choose to comply with the man-made laws which serve to bring harmony to society, but no such laws, nor their enforcers, have any authority over me. I **am not** in any jurisdiction, for I am not of subject status.

### **Secured Party / Secured Creditor :**

8. I, **Kevin: Walker**, sui juris, state, verify, and affirm for the record that I am the *the only* Agent, Executor, Authorized Representative, Trustee, Attorney In Fact, and the Secured Party and Secured Creditor of ENS LEGIS/ CORPORATE FICTION, KEVIN WALKER, KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, and all derivatives thereof. I am the **holder in due course** for all securities, assets: tangible and intangible, and I hold allodial title to all assets, as evidenced by Nevada UCC (private) Contract Trust # **2024385925-4**). See [U.C.C § 9-105](#) and [3-302](#).
9. Janet Yellen and/or the United States Treasury is the registered holder and fiduciary for the private **Two Hundred Billion Dollar** (\$200,000,000,000.00 **USD**) **Discharge and Indemnity Bond # RF661448567US**, post deposited to private post registered account # **RF661448023US**. Said **Discharge and Indemnity Bond (# RF661448567US)** expressly stipulates it is "insuring,



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underwriting, indemnifying, discharging, paying and satisfying **all** such account holders and accounts dollar for dollar against **any and all pre-existing, current and future** losses, costs, debts, taxes, encumbrances, deficits, deficiencies, liens, judgments, true bills, obligations of contract or performance, defaults, charges, and any and all other obligations **as may exist or come to exist** during the term of this Bond... Each of the said account holders and accounts **shall be severally insured, underwritten and indemnified against any and all future Liabilities as may appear, thereby instantly satisfying all such obligations dollar for dollar without exception** through the above-noted **Private** Offset Accounts up to and including the full face value of this Bond through maturity."

10. I am **NOT** effectively connected with a trade or business in the corporate monopoly of the United States government, whether federal, State, county or Municipal. I am **NOT** a resident "U.S. citizen," but a Citizen of the several States domiciled in the **sovereign state of California republic 1850**, an American state Citizen of the united states of America. I am domiciled in a **foreign jurisdiction** to both the corporate state and federal governments. I have **NOT** knowingly or willingly waived ANY of my UNALIENABLE RIGHTS. American case law has clearly adjudicated that
11. For the record, I, Kevin Lewis Walker **explicitly RESERVE, ASSERT and DEFEND my right to travel. I reserve all rights and waive none.**
12. **This AFFIDAVIT is submitted upon demand of a driver's license, registration, or proof of insurance as part of the official record of ANY ensuing action and must be introduced as evidence in said action.**
13. This AFFIDAVIT also certifies that the I have previously completed and passed a test measuring my competency to safely control a motorized vehicle and motorcycle upon the public highways within the united states of America. I have also met or exceeded all common sense requirements concerning the "rules of the road" and the ability to maneuver a motorized vehicle in a safe and responsible manner.
14. The For Hire" DRIVER'S LICENSE CONTRACT and AGREEMENT BOND # **B6735991 is HEREBY CANCELED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, and LIQUIDATED.** ACCEPTED FOR VALUE AND EXEMPT FROM LEVY, FOR RELEASE, CREDIT, AND DEPOSIT TO **PRIVATE** POST REGISTERED ACCOUNT NUMBER: **RF 661 448 023 US** AND PASS THROUGH ACCOUNT NUMBERS: **568997454 / F06271216.** WITH THE KEVIN LEWIS WALKER ESTATE (EIN # **99-6236908**) RETAINING FULL CONTROL AND ACCESS TO ALL RESPECTIVE CREDITS.
15. Consistent with the **eternal tradition of natural common law, unless I have harmed or violated someone or their property, I have committed no crime;**

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1 and I am therefore **not** subject to any penalty. I act in accordance with the  
2 following **U.S. Supreme Court case**: "The individual may stand upon his  
3 **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his **private**  
4 business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited.** He owes no  
5 such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the **State**,  
6 since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his life and  
7 property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law]  
8 **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can only be taken from  
9 him by due process of law, and in accordance with the Constitution. Among  
10 his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and the **immunity of himself**  
11 **and his property from arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law.**  
12 He owes nothing to the public so long as he does not trespass upon their  
13 rights." **Hale v. Henkel**, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).

- 14 16. I reserve my natural common law **right not** to be compelled to perform  
15 under any contract that I did not enter into **knowingly, voluntarily, and**  
16 **intentionally**. And furthermore, I do **not** accept the liability associated with  
17 the compelled and pretended "benefit" of **any hidden or unrevealed contract**  
18 or commercial agreement. As such, the **hidden or unrevealed contracts** that  
19 supposedly create obligations to perform, for persons of subject status, are  
20 inapplicable to me, and are **null and void**. If I have participated in any of the  
21 supposed "benefits" associated with these hidden contracts, I have done so  
22 under duress, for lack of any other practical alternative. I may have received  
23 such "benefits" but I have not accepted them in a manner that binds me to  
24 anything.
- 25 17. **Any** such participation does **not** constitute "acceptance" in **contract law**,  
26 because of the absence of **full disclosure** of any valid "offer," and **voluntary**  
27 **consent** without misrepresentation or coercion, under contract law. Without a  
28 valid voluntary offer and acceptance, knowingly entered into by both parties,  
there is no "meeting of the minds," and therefore no valid contract. **Any**  
**supposed "contract" is therefore void, ab initio.**
18. From my age of consent to the date affixed below I have never signed a  
contract knowingly, willingly, intelligently, and voluntarily whereby I have  
waived any of my natural common law rights, and, as such, **Take Notice** that  
I revoke, cancel, and make void ab initio my signature on any and all  
contracts, agreements, forms, or any instrument which may be construed in  
any way to give any agency or department of any federal or state  
government authority, venue, or jurisdiction over me. This position is in  
accordance with the U.S. Supreme Court decision of **Brady v. U.S.**, 379 U.S.  
742 at 748 (1970): "Waivers of Constitutional Rights not only must be  
voluntary, they must be knowingly intelligent acts, done with sufficient  
awareness of the relevant circumstances and consequences."

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- 1 19. I have never knowingly and willing signed away my **sovereign** rights or  
2 citizenship. See... *Brady v. U.S.*, 397 U.S. 742, 748,(1970) "*Waivers of*  
3 *Constitutional Rights, not only must they be voluntary, they must be knowingly*  
4 *intelligent acts done with sufficient awareness.*"
- 5 20. "waivers of **fundamental Rights** must be knowing, intentional, and  
6 voluntary acts, done with sufficient awareness of the relevant circumstances  
7 and likely consequences. **U.S. v. Brady**, 397 U.S. 742 at 748 (1970); **U.S.v.**  
8 **O'Dell**, 160 F.2d 304 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1947)".
- 9 21. The contract is "unconscionable," and One which no sensible man not under  
10 delusion, or duress, or in distress would make, and such as no honest and  
11 fair man would accept."; *Franklin Fire Ins. Co. v. Noll*, 115 Ind. App. 289, 58  
12 N.E.2d 947, 949, 950.
- 13 22. "Party cannot be bound by contract that he has not made or authorized."  
14 **Alexander v. Bosworth** (1915), 26 C.A. 589, 599, 147 P.607.
- 15 23. The fraudulently "**presumed**" **quasi-contractus** that binds the Declarant with  
16 the CITY/STATE agency, is void for fraud ab initio, since the de facto CITY/  
17 STATE **cannot produce the material fact** (consideration inducement) or the  
18 jurisdictional clause (who is subject to said statute). (SEE: *Master/ Servant*  
19 *[Employee] Relationship -- C.J.S.) -- "Personal, Private, Liberty"*
- 20 24. Since the "**consideration**" is the "life blood" of any agreement or quasi-  
21 agreement, (contractus) "...the absence of such from the record is a major  
22 manifestation of want of jurisdiction, since without evidence of consideration  
23 there can be no presumption of even a quasi-contractus. Such is the  
24 importance of a "consideration." *Reading R.R. Co. v. Johnson*, 7 W & S (Pa.)  
25 317.

19 **NOT "For Hire" and/or Engaged in "Commerce":**

- 20
- 21 25. That I, **Kevin Walker**, *sui juris*, do **NOT** under ANY circumstances utilize  
22 the public highways **for commercial purposes**.
- 23 26. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans etc. not  
24 in commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:
- 25 (a) A "**commercial vehicle**" is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to be  
26 **REGISTERED** under this code".
- 27 (b) "Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation of  
28 persons **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, **are not**  
**commercial vehicles**".

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- 1 27. 18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition, expressly stipulates, "The term "motor  
2 vehicle" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled  
3 or drawn by mechanical power **and** used for **commercial** purposes on the  
4 highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or  
5 property or cargo".
- 6 28. I am **NOT** a Fourteenth Amendment legal "person" engaged in interstate  
7 **commerce**, nor do I derive income from the travel and transport of goods. I  
8 am **NOT** a "driver," nor am I an "operator" of a "motor vehicle." The driver's  
9 license is for motor vehicles involved in commerce only. My **private**, self-  
10 propelled transport/contrivance/carriage is **NOT** involved in **commerce**,  
11 therefore, it is **NOT** a "motor vehicle."

12 non-citizen **national** / "national of the United States":

- 13 29. The 1st clause of the fourteenth Amendment states: "All persons born or  
14 naturalized in the United States, **and** subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are  
15 citizens of the United States and the state wherein they reside."
- 16 30. The 1st clause of the fourteenth Amendment does **not** say: "All persons born  
17 or naturalized in the United States, **are** subject to the jurisdiction thereof . . . ."
- 18 31. The 1st clause of the fourteenth Amendment contains **two requirements** for  
19 United States citizenship: **(a)** that a person be born or naturalized in the  
20 United States **and** **(b)** that a person be subject to the jurisdiction of the United  
21 States.
- 22 32. The **Department of State** document, "Certificates of Non-Citizen  
23 Nationality," located at <https://travel.state.gov/content/travel/en/legal/travel-legal-considerations/us-citizenship/Certificates-Non-Citizen-Nationality.html> says — in  
24 part — in the 3<sup>rd</sup> paragraph: "Section 101(a)(21) of the INA defines the term  
25 '**national**' as 'a person owing permanent allegiance to a state.' Section 101(a)  
26 (22) of the INA provides that the term '**national** of the United States' includes  
27 all U.S. citizens as well as persons who, though not citizens of the United  
28 States, owe permanent allegiance to the United States (**non-citizen**  
**nationals**)."
- 29 33. Title 8 U.S. Code 1101(a)(22) - Definition, expressly stipulates, " **(22)**The  
30 term "**national** of the United States" means (A) a citizen of the United States,  
31 or (B) a person who, though not a citizen of the United States, owes  
32 permanent allegiance to the United States."
- 33 34. As a **national** I possess a **passport book**/bond # **A39235161** and **passport**  
34 **card**/bond # **C3551007**, both issued after expressly indicating during the  
35 process that I am a "non-citizen **national**."



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- 1 35. 22 CFR § 51.2 - Passport issued to nationals only, stipulates: (a) A passport  
2 may be issued **only** to a U.S. **national**.
- 3 36. 22 CFR § 51.3 - Types of passports, stipulates: (a) Regular passport. A regular  
4 passport is issued to a **national** of the United States. (e) Passport card. A  
5 passport card is issued to a **national** of the United States on the same basis as  
6 a regular passport.
- 7 37. I, Kevin: Walker, sui juris, hereby, declare, state, verify, and affirm for the  
8 record that I am a **national** but **NOT** a "citizen of the United States."
- 9 38. Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and  
10 internationally protected persons, expressly stipulates that "foreign  
11 government", "foreign official", "internationally protected person",  
12 "international organization", "**national** of the United States", and "official  
13 guest" **have the same meaning**.
- 14 39. It is **unequivocally true** that Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign  
15 officials, official guests, and internationally protected persons expressly  
16 stipulates that in addition to being a **national**, I am also considered a  
17 "foreign government", "foreign official", "internationally protected  
18 person", "international organization", "**national** of the United States", and  
19 "official guest."
- 20 40. I am **also** a natural born State Citizen of California the republic in its **De'jure**  
21 **capacity** as one of the several states of the Union 1789. This incidentally  
22 makes me a **national** American Citizen of the **republic** as per the **dejure**  
23 **constitution** for the United States 1777/1789. **For I reject all attempts of**  
24 **expatriation from the republic**. Also see 15 united States statutes at large,  
25 July 27<sup>th</sup>, 1868 also known as the expatriation statute. Wherefore I am **not** a  
26 fourteenth amendment citizen, **and deny all presumptions** made about me
- 27 41. I am **not** and have **never been** a United States® citizen or citizen of any  
28 foreign or domestic municipal corporation or anything else not specifically  
stated. Wherefore there is no United States citizenship to renounce. I was not  
born nor do I live in, nor am I a "**resident**" of the United States, the District of  
Colombia or any federal area or territory. See **1940 Buck Act**

## **citizen of the state vs citizen of the United States:**

42. "**The Fourteenth Amendment creates and defines citizenship of the United States**. It had long been contended, and had been held by many learned authorities, and had never been judicially decided to the contrary, that there was no such thing as a citizen of the United States, except as that condition arose from citizenship of some state. No mode existed, it was said, of



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obtaining a citizenship of the United States, except by first becoming a citizen of some state. **This question is now at rest.** The fourteenth amendment defines and declares who shall be citizens of the United States, to wit, “all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof.” The latter qualification was intended to exclude the children of foreign representatives and the like. With this qualification, every person born in the United States or naturalized is declared to be a citizen of the United States and of the state wherein he resides.” — UNITED STATES V. ANTHONY. [11 Blatchf. 200; 5 Chi. Leg. News. 462, 493; 17 Int. Rev. Rec. 197; 30 Leg. Int. 266; 5 Leg. Op. 63; 20 Pittsb. Leg. J. 199.] Circuit Court, N. D. New York. June 18, 1873.

43. I am “**non resident**” to the “residency” of the fourteenth Amendment and “alien” to the “citizenship” thereof; therefore I, **Kevin: Walker**, **sui juris**, am **not** subject to the jurisdictional statements of the United States Code.
44. I am **not** a “**resident**” of any state under the fourteenth Amendment and **hereby publicly disavow any and all** contracts, forms, agreements, applications, certificates, licenses, permits, or other documents **that I or any other person may have signed expressly or by acquiescence** that would grant me any privileges and thereby ascribe to me rights and duties under a substantive system of law other than the Constitutional Contract of 1787 for the united states of America and of the constitutions for the several states of the Union, exclusive of the fourteenth Amendment.
45. “It is quite clear, then, that there is a citizenship of the United States\*\* and a citizenship of a State, which are distinct from each other and which depend upon different characteristics or circumstances in the individual.” — Slaughter House Cases, 83 U.S. 36 (1872).
46. “**We have in our political system a Government of the United States and a government of each of the several States.** Each one of these governments is distinct from the others, and each has citizens of its own who owe it allegiance, and whose rights, within its jurisdiction, it must protect. **The same person may be at the same time a citizen of the United States and a Citizen of a State**, but his rights of citizenship under one of these governments will be different from those he has under the other.” — Slaughter House Cases **United States vs. Cruikshank**, 92 U.S. 542 (1875).
47. “One may be a citizen of a State and yet not a citizen of the United States.” — Thomasson v. State, 15 Ind. 449; Cory v. Carter, 48 Ind. 327 (17 Am. R. 738); McCarthy v. Froelke, 63 Ind. 507; In Re Wehlitz, 16 Wis. 443. [McDonel v. State, 90 Ind. 320, 323 (1883)] [underlines added].
48. “The first clause of the fourteenth amendment of the federal Constitution made negroes citizens of the United States\*\*, and citizens of the state in which they reside, and thereby created **two classes** of citizens, one of the

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1 United States\*\* and the other of the state." — [4 Dec. Dig. '06, p. 1197, sec. 11]  
2 ["Citizens" (1906), emphasis added].

3 49. "That there is a **citizenship of the United States and a citizenship of a state**,  
4 and the privileges and immunities of one are not the same as the other is  
5 well established by the decisions of the courts of this country." — [Tashiro v.  
6 Jordan, 201 Cal. 236 (1927)].

7 50. "... both before and after the Fourteenth Amendment to the federal  
8 Constitution, it has not been necessary for a person to be a citizen of the  
9 United States in order to be a citizen of his state." — [Crosse v. Board of  
10 Supervisors of Elections] [221 A.2d 431 (1966)].

11 51. "The privileges and immunities clause of the Fourteenth Amendment  
12 protects very few rights because it neither incorporates any of the Bill of  
13 Rights nor protects all rights of individual citizens. See Slaughter-House  
14 Cases, 83 U.S. (16 Wall.) 36, 21 L.Ed. 394 (1873). Instead, this provision  
15 protects only those rights peculiar to being a citizen of the federal  
16 government; it does not protect those rights which relate to state citizenship."  
17 — [Jones v. Temmer, 829 F.Supp. 1226 (USDC/DCO 1993)]

18  
19 **Automobiles NOT classified as vehicles but rather**  
20 **Personal:**

21 52. "Automobile purchased for the purpose of transporting buyer to and from his  
22 place of employment was "consumer goods" as defined in UCC 9-109."  
23 Mallicoat v Volunteer Finance & Loan Corp., 3 UCC Rep Serv 1035; 415  
24 S.W.2d 347 (Tenn. App., 1966).

25 53. "The provisions of UCC 2-316 of the Maryland UCC do not apply to sales of  
26 consumer goods (a term which includes automobiles, whether new or used,  
27 that are bought primarily for personal, family, or household use)." **Maryland**  
28 **Independent Automobile Dealers Assoc., Inc. v Administrator, Motor**  
**Vehicle Admin.**, 25 UCC Rep Serv 699; 394 A.2d 820, 41 Md App 7 (1978).

54. "[T]he expression "personal effects" clearly includes an automobile[.]" In re  
**Burnside's Will**, 59 N.Y.S.2d 829, 831 (1945). Cites Hillhouse, Arthur, and  
Mitchell's Will, supra.

55. "[A] yacht and six automobiles were "personal belongings" and "household  
effects[.]"" In re **Bloomington's Estate**, 142 N.Y.S.2d 781, 782 (1955).

**Use defines classification:**

A **Private/Personal** Automobile is **NOT** required to be registered by Law.

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- 1 56. First, it is **well established law** that the **highways** of the state are **public**  
2 **property**, and **their primary and preferred use is for private purposes**, and  
3 that their use for purposes of gain is special and extraordinary which,  
4 generally at least, the legislature may prohibit or condition as it sees fit."  
5 **Stephenson vs. Rinford**, 287 US 251; **Pachard vs Banton**, 264 US 140, and  
6 cases cited; **Frost and F. Trucking Co. vs. Railroad Commission**, 271 US 592;  
7 **Railroad commission vs. Inter-City Forwarding Co.**, 57 SW.2d 290; **Parlett**  
8 **Cooperative vs. Tidewater Lines**, 164 A. 313
- 9 57. The **California Motor Vehicle Code, section 260**: Private cars/vans etc. not  
10 in commerce / for profit, are immune to registration fees:  
11 (a) A "**commercial vehicle**" is a vehicle of a type **REQUIRED** to be  
12 **REGISTERED** under this code".  
13 (b) "Passenger vehicles which are **not used** for the transportation of  
14 persons **for hire**, compensation or profit, and housecars, **are not**  
15 **commercial vehicles**".  
16 (c) "a vanpool vehicle is not a **commercial** vehicle."
- 17 58. **18 U.S. Code § 31 - Definition**, expressly stipulates, "The term "**motor**  
18 **vehicle**" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled  
19 or drawn by mechanical power **and used for commercial purposes** on the  
20 highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or  
21 property or cargo".
- 22 59. A vehicle not used for **commercial** activity is a "consumer goods", ...it is  
23 **NOT** a type of vehicle **required** to be registered and "use tax" paid of which  
24 the tab is evidence of receipt of the tax." Bank of Boston vs Jones, 4 UCC Rep.  
25 Serv. 1021, 236 A2d 484, UCC PP 9-109.14.
- 26 60. " The **privilege** of using the streets and highways by the operation thereon of  
27 motor carriers **for hire** can be acquired only by permission or license from the  
28 state or its political subdivision. " – Black's Law Dictionary, 5th ed, page 830.
61. "It is held that a tax upon common carriers by motor vehicles is based upon a  
reasonable classification, and does not involve any unconstitutional  
discrimination, although **it does not apply to private vehicles**, or those used  
by the owner in his own business, and not for hire." **Desser v. Wichita, (1915)**  
**96 Kan. 820; Iowa Motor Vehicle Asso. v. Railroad Comrs., 75 A.L.R. 22.**
62. "Thus self-driven vehicles are **classified according to the use** to which they  
are put rather than according to the means by which they are propelled." Ex  
Parte Hoffert, 148 NW 20.
63. In view of this rule a statutory provision that the supervising officials "**may**"  
exempt such persons when the transportation is not on a **commercial** basis

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means that they “**must**” exempt them.” *State v. Johnson*, 243 P. 1073; 60 C.J.S. section 94 page 581.

64. "The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical characteristics, determine whether it should be classified as “consumer goods” under UCC 9- 109(1) or “equipment” under UCC 9-109(2)." *Grimes v Massey Ferguson, Inc.*, 23 UCC Rep Serv 655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).
65. "Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods purchased for personal use and those purchased for business use. The two are mutually exclusive and the **principal use to which the property is put should be considered as determinative.**" *James Talcott, Inc. v Gee*, 5 UCC Rep Serv 1028; 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72 Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).
66. "The **classification of goods** in UCC 9-109 **are mutually exclusive.**" *McFadden v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co.*, 8 UCC Rep Serv 766; 260 Md 601, 273 A.2d 198 (1971).
67. "The classification of “goods” under [UCC] 9-109 **is a question of fact.**" *Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick*, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836 P.2d 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).
68. "The definition of “goods” includes an automobile." *Henson v Government Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp.*, 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark 273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).

### The **RIGHT** to Travel is **not** a Privilege:

69. "**No State government entity has the power to allow or deny passage on the highways**, byways, nor waterways... transporting his vehicles and personal property for either recreation or business, but by being subject only to local regulation i.e., safety, caution, traffic lights, speed limits, etc. **Travel is not a privilege requiring, licensing, vehicle registration, or forced insurances.**" *Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago*, 337 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22.
70. The fundamental **Right** to travel is NOT a Privilege, it’s a gift granted by your Creator and restated by our founding fathers as Unalienable and cannot be taken by any Man / Government made Law or color of law known as a private “Code” (secret) or a “Statute.”
71. "**Traveling** is passing from place to place--act of **performing journey**; and **traveler is person who travels.**" *In Re Archy* (1858), 9 C. 47.
72. "**Right** of transit through each state, with every species of property known to constitution of United States, and recognized by that paramount law, is secured by that instrument to each citizen, and does not depend upon



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- 1 uncertain and changeable ground of mere comity." **In Re Archy** (1858), 9 C.  
2 47.
- 3 73. Freedom to **travel** is, indeed, an important aspect of the citizen's "liberty". We  
4 are first concerned with the extent, if any, to which Congress has authorized  
5 its curtailment. (Road) **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 127.
- 6 74. The **right** to **travel** is a part of the "liberty" of which the citizen cannot be  
7 deprived without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. So much is  
8 conceded by the solicitor general. In Anglo Saxon law that right was  
9 emerging at least as early as Magna Carta. **Kent v. Dulles**, 357 U.S. 116, 125.
- 10 75. "Even the legislature **has no power** to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel  
11 upon the highway and transport his property in the ordinary course of his  
12 business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance with  
13 public interest and convenience. **Chicago Coach Co. v. City of Chicago**, 337  
14 Ill. 200, 169 N.E. 22, 206.
- 15 76. "... It is now universally recognized that the state does possess such power [to  
16 impose such burdens and limitations upon private carriers when using the  
17 public highways for the transaction of their business] with respect to  
18 common carriers using the public highways for the transaction of their  
19 business in the transportation of persons or property for hire. That rule is  
20 stated as follows by the **supreme court of the United States**: 'A citizen may  
21 have, under the fourteenth amendment, the **right** to travel and transport his  
22 property upon them (the public highways) by **auto vehicle**, but **he has no**  
23 **right to make the highways his place of business by using them as a**  
24 **common carrier for hire**. Such use is a privilege which may be granted or  
25 withheld by the state in its discretion, without violating either the due  
26 process clause or the equal protection clause.' (**Buck v. Kuykendall**, 267 U. S.  
27 307 [38 A. L. R. 286, 69 L. Ed. 623, 45 Sup. Ct. Rep. 324].
- 28 77. "The **right** of a citizen to travel upon the highway and transport his property  
thereon in the ordinary course of life and business **differs radically an**  
**obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business**  
and uses it for **private** gain, in the running of a stage coach or omnibus. The  
former is the usual and ordinary **right** of a citizen, a **right** common to all;  
while the latter is special, unusual and extraordinary. As to the former, the  
extent of legislative power is that of regulation; but as to the latter its power  
is broader; the right may be wholly denied, or it may be permitted to some  
and denied to others, because of its extraordinary nature. This distinction,  
elementary and fundamental in character, is recognized by all the  
authorities."
78. " Even the legislature has no power to deny to a citizen the **right** to travel  
upon the highway and transport his/her property in the ordinary course of



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- 1 his business or pleasure, though this right may be regulated in accordance  
2 with the public interest and convenience." ["regulated" means traffic safety  
3 enforcement, stop lights, signs etc.] – Chicago Motor Coach v. Chicago, 169  
4 NE 22.
- 5 79. "The claim and exercise of a constitutional **right** cannot be converted into a  
6 crime." – Miller v. U.S., 230 F 2d 486, 489
- 7 80. "Owner has constitutional **right** to use and enjoyment of his property."  
8 Simpson v. Los Angeles (1935), 4 C.2d 60, 47 P.2d 474.
- 9 81. "There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this  
10 exercise of constitutional **rights**." – Sherar v. Cullen, 481 F. 945
- 11 82. The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the highway and to transport his  
12 property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, differs radically  
13 and obviously from that of one who makes the highway his place of business  
14 for private gain in the running of a stagecoach or omnibus." – State vs. City  
15 of Spokane, 186 P. 864.
- 16 83. "The **right** of the citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
17 his/her property thereon either by carriage or automobile, is **not** a mere  
18 **privilege** which a city [or State] may prohibit or permit at will, but a common  
19 right which he/she has under the **right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of  
20 happiness." – Thompson v. Smith, 154 SE 579.
- 21 84. "The **right** of the Citizen to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport  
22 his property thereon, in the ordinary course of life and business, is a  
23 common **right** which he has under the **right** to enjoy life and liberty, to  
24 acquire and possess property, and to pursue happiness and safety. It includes  
25 the right, in so doing, to use the ordinary and usual conveyances of the day,  
26 and under the existing modes of **travel**, includes the right to drive a horse  
27 drawn carriage or wagon thereon or to operate an automobile thereon, for the  
28 usual and ordinary purpose of life and business." – Thompson vs. Smith,  
supra.; Teche Lines vs. Danforth, Miss., 12 S.2d 784
85. "The use of the highways for the purpose of **travel** and transportation is not a  
mere **privilege**, but a common and fundamental **Right** of which the public  
and the individual cannot be rightfully deprived." – Chicago Motor Coach  
vs. Chicago, 169 NE 22; Ligare vs. Chicago, 28 NE 934; Boon vs. Clark, 214  
SSW 607; 25 Am. Jur. (1st) Highways Sect. 163.
86. "The **right** to b is part of the Liberty of which a citizen cannot deprived  
without due process of law under the Fifth Amendment. This Right was  
emerging as early as the Magna Carta." – Kent vs. Dulles, 357 US 116 (1958)
87. "The state **cannot** diminish **Rights** of the people." – Hurtado vs. California,  
110 US 516.

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1 88. "'Personal liberty largely consists of the Right of locomotion -- to go where  
2 and when one pleases -- only so far restrained as the Rights of others may  
3 make it necessary for the welfare of all other citizens. The **Right** of the Citizen  
4 to **travel** upon the public highways and to transport his property thereon, by  
5 horse drawn carriage, wagon, or automobile, is not a mere **privilege** which  
6 may be permitted or prohibited at will, but the common **Right** which he has  
7 under his **Right** to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. Under this  
8 Constitutional guarantee one may, therefore, under normal conditions, **travel**  
9 at his inclination along the public highways or in public places, and while  
conducting himself in an orderly and decent manner, neither interfering with  
nor disturbing another's Rights, he will be protected, not only in his person,  
but in his safe conduct." -- II Am.Jur. (1st) Constitutional Law, Sect.329,  
p.1135.

### **Household goods:**

- 10
- 11 89. "A **carriage** is peculiarly a family or **household** article. It contributes in a  
12 large degree to the health, convenience, comfort, and welfare of the  
13 householder or of the family." **Arthur v Morgan**, 113 U.S. 495, 500, 5 S.Ct. 241,  
243 S.D. NY 1884).
- 14 90. "The **Supreme Court**, in **Arthur v. Morgan**, 112 U.S. 495, 5 S.Ct. 241, 28 L.Ed.  
15 825, held that **carriages were properly classified as household effects**, and  
16 we see no reason that automobiles should not be similarly disposed of."  
**Hillhouse v United States**, 152 F. 163, 164 (2nd Cir. 1907).
- 17 91. "A soldier's **personal automobile** is part of his ``**household goods**["] **U.S. v**  
18 **Bomar**, C.A.5(Tex.), 8 F.3d 226, 235" 19A Words and Phrases - Permanent  
Edition (West) pocket part 94.
- 19 92. "[I]t is a jury question whether ... an automobile ... is a motor vehicle[.]"  
20 **United States v Johnson**, 718 F.2d 1317, 1324 (5th Cir. 1983).
- 21 93. "In determining whether or not a motor boat was included in the expression  
22 household effects, Matter of Winburn's Will, supra [139 Misc. 5, 247 N.Y.S.  
23 592], stated the test to be ``whether the articles are or are not used in or by the  
household, or for the benefit or comfort of the family"." **In re Bloomingdale's**  
24 **Estate**, 142 N.Y.S.2d 781, 785 (1955).
- 25 94. "**The use to which an item is put, rather than its physical characteristics**,  
26 determine whether it should be classified as ``consumer goods" under UCC  
9- 109(1) or ``equipment" under UCC 9-109(2)." **Grimes v Massey Ferguson,**  
**Inc.**, 23 UCC Rep Serv 655; 355 So.2d 338 (Ala., 1978).
- 27 95. "Under UCC 9-109 there is a real distinction between goods purchased for  
28 personal use and those purchased for business use. The two are mutually

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- exclusive and the **principal use to which the property is put should be considered as determinative.**" **James Talcott, Inc. v Gee**, 5 UCC Rep Serv 1028; 266 Cal.App.2d 384, 72 Cal.Rptr. 168 (1968).
96. "The **classification of goods** in UCC 9-109 are **mutually exclusive.**" **McFadden v Mercantile-Safe Deposit & Trust Co.**, 8 UCC Rep Serv 766; 260 Md 601, 273 A.2d 198 (1971).
97. "The classification of ``goods" under [UCC] 9-109 is a **question of fact.**" **Morgan County Feeders, Inc. v McCormick**, 18 UCC Rep Serv 2d 632; 836 P.2d 1051 (Colo. App., 1992).
98. "In determining whether or not a motor boat was included in the expression household effects, Matter of Winburn's Will, supra [139 Misc. 5, 247 N.Y.S. 592], stated the test to be ``whether the articles are or are not used in or by the household, or for the benefit or comfort of the family"." **In re Bloomingdale's Estate**, 142 N.Y.S.2d 781, 785 (1955).
99. "The term ``**household goods**" ... **includes everything** about the house that is usually held and enjoyed therewith and that tends to the comfort and accommodation of the household. **Lawwill v. Lawwill**, 515 P.2d 900, 903, 21 Ariz.App. 75" 19A Words and Phrases – Permanent Edition (West) pocket part 94. Cites Mitchell's Will below.
100. "Bequest ... of such ``household goods and effects" ... included not only household furniture, but everything else in the house that is usually held and used by the occupants of a house to lead to the comfort and accommodation of the household. State ex rel. **Mueller v Probate Court of Ramsey County**, 32 N.W.2d 863, 867, 226 Minn. 346." 19A Words and Phrases - Permanent Edition (West) 514.
101. "All household goods owned by the user thereof and used solely for noncommercial purposes shall be exempt from taxation, and such person entitled to such exemption shall not be required to take any affirmative action to receive the benefit from such exemption." Ariz. Const. Art. 9, 2.
102. "[H]ousehold goods" ...did not [include] an automobile...used by the testator, who was a practicing physician, in going from his residence to his office and vice versa, and in making visits to his patients." **Mathis v Causey**, et al., 159 S.E. 240 (Ga. 1931).
103. "Debtors could not avoid lien on motor vehicle, as **motor vehicles are not ``household goods**" within the meaning of Bankruptcy Code lien avoidance provision. **In re Martinez, Bkrtcy.N.M.**, 22 B.R. 7, 8." 19A Words and Phrases - Permanent Edition (West) pocket part 94.

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104. "The definition of ``goods" includes an automobile." Henson v Government Employees Finance & Industrial Loan Corp., 15 UCC Rep Serv 1137; 257 Ark 273, 516 S.W.2d 1 (1974).

105. "An automobile was part of testatrix' ``household goods" within codicil. **In re Mitchell's Will**, 38 N.Y.S.2d 673, 674, 675 [1942]." 19A Words and Phrases - Permanent Edition (West) 512. Cites Arthur v Morgan, supra.

## *The People are the Sovereign(s)!*

106. Therefore, I have determined and hereby affirm by **AFFIDAVIT** and under oath, by virtue of my declared **sovereign** state Citizenship and American case law, that I am **NOT** required to have government permission to **travel**, **NOT** required to have a driver's license, **NOT** required to have vehicle registration of my personal/private property, nor to surrender the lawful title of my duly conveyed property to the State as security against government indebtedness and the undeclared federal bankruptcy. **ANY administrative rule, regulation or statutory act of ANY State legislature or judicial tribunal to the contrary is unlawful and clearly unconstitutional, thus NULL and VOID.** American case law has clearly adjudicated that.

107. "The individual may stand upon his **constitutional rights** as a citizen. He is entitled to carry on his **private** business in his own way. **His power to contract is unlimited.** He owes no such duty [to submit his books and papers for an examination] to the State, since he receives nothing therefrom, beyond the protection of his life and property. His rights are such as existed by the law of the land [Common Law] **long antecedent to the organization of the State**, and can only be taken from him by due process of law, and in accordance with the Constitution. Among his **rights** are a **refusal to incriminate himself**, and **the immunity of himself and his property from arrest or seizure except under a warrant of the law**. He owes nothing to the public so long as he does not trespass upon their rights." Hale v. Henkel, 201 U.S. 43 at 47 (1905).

108. "**the people**, not the States, **are sovereign.**" — Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 Dall. 419, 2 U.S. 419, 1 L.Ed. 440 (1793).

109. It cannot be assumed that the framers of the constitution and the people who adopted it, did not intend that which is the plain import of the language used. When the language of the constitution is positive and free of all ambiguity, all courts are not at liberty, by a resort to the refinements of legal learning, to restrict its obvious meaning to avoid the hardships of particular cases. We must accept the constitution as it reads when its language is



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- 1 unambiguous, for it is the mandate of the **sovereign** power. **Cook vs Iverson**,  
2 122, N.M. 251.
- 3 110. "Right of protecting property, declared inalienable by constitution, is not  
4 mere right to protect it by individual force, but right to protect it by law of  
5 land, and force of body politic." **Billings v. Hall** (1857), 7 C. 1.
- 6 111. "Constitution of this state declares, **among inalienable rights** of each citizen,  
7 that of **acquiring, possessing and protecting property**. This is one of primary  
8 objects of government, is guaranteed by constitution, and cannot be impaired  
9 by legislation." **Billings v. Hall** (1857), 7 C. 1.
- 10 112. "The state constitution is the mandate of a **sovereign** people to its servants  
11 and representatives. Not one of them has a right to ignore or disregard these  
12 mandates..." **John F. Jelko Co. vs. Emery**, 193 Wisc. 311; 214 N.W. 369, 53  
13 A.L.R., 463; **Lemon vs. Langlin**, 45 Wash. 2d 82, 273 P.2d 464. People are  
14 supreme, not the state. **Waring vs. the Mayor of Savannah**, 60 Georgia at 93.
- 15 113. The **people of the State do not yield their sovereignty to the agencies which**  
16 **serve them**. The people, in delegating authority, do not give their public  
17 servants the right to decide what is good for the people to know and what is  
18 not good for them to know. The people insist on remaining informed so that  
19 they may retain control over the instruments they have created. (**Added**  
20 **Stats. 1953, c. 1588, p.3270, sec. 1.**)
- 21 114. The **people are the recognized source of all authority**, state or municipal,  
22 and to this authority it must come at last, whether immediately or by  
23 circuitous route. **Barnes v. District of Columbia**, 91 U.S. 540, 545 [23: 440,  
24 441]. p 234.
- 25 115. "the government is but an agency to the state," -- the state being the  
26 **sovereign** people. **State v. Chase**, 175 Minn, 259, 220 N.W. 951, 953.
- 27 116. Sovereignty itself is, of course, not subject to law, for it is the author and  
28 source of law; but in our system, while **sovereign** powers are **delegated** to  
the agencies of government, sovereignty itself remains with the **people, by**  
**whom** and for whom **all** government exists and acts. And the law is the  
definition and limitation of power.
117. "...The Congress cannot revoke the **Sovereign** power of the **people** to  
override their will as thus declared." **Perry v. United States**, 294 U.S. 330, 353  
(1935).
118. "The Doctrine of **Sovereign** Immunity is one of the Common-Law  
immunities and defenses that are available to the Sovereign..." **Citizen of**  
**Minnesota. Will v. Michigan Dept. of State Police**, (1988) 491 U.S. 58, 105  
L.Ed. 2d. 45, 109 S.Ct. 2304.



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- 1 119. "The people of the state, as the successors of its former **sovereign**, are entitled  
2 to all the rights which formerly belonged to the king by his own prerogative."  
3 **Lansing v. Smith**, (1829) 4 Wendell 9, (NY).
- 4 120. History is clear that the first ten amendments to the Constitution were  
5 adopted to secure certain common law rights of the **people**, against invasion  
6 by the Federal Government." **Bell v. Hood**, 71 F.Supp., 813, 816 (1947)  
7 U.S.D.C. -- So. Dist. CA.
- 8 121. When any court violates the clean and unambiguous language of the  
9 Constitution, a fraud is perpetrated and no one is bound to obey it. (See 16  
10 Ma. Jur. 2d 177, 178) **State v. Sutton**, 63 Minn. 147, 65 NW 262, 30 L.R.A. 630  
11 Am. 459.
- 12 122. "The 'liberty' guaranteed by the constitution must be interpreted in the light  
13 of the common law, the principles and history of which were familiar and  
14 known to the framers of the constitution. This liberty denotes the right of the  
15 individual to engage in any of the common occupations of life, to locomote,  
16 and generally enjoy those rights long recognized at common law as essential  
17 to the orderly pursuit of happiness by free men." **Myer v. Nebraska**, 262 U.S.  
18 390, 399; **United States v. Kim Ark**, 169 U.S. 649, 654.
- 19 123. "An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties;  
20 affords no protection; it creates no office; it is in legal contemplation, as  
21 inoperative as though it had never been passed." **Norton vs. Shelby County**,  
22 118 US 425 p. 442.
- 23 124. "No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law and no courts are bound to  
24 enforce it." **16 Am Jur 2nd**, Sec 177 late 2d, Sec 256.
- 25 125. All laws which are repugnant to the Constitution are null and void. Chief  
26 Justice Marshall, **Marbury vs Madison**, 5, U.S. (Cranch) 137, 174, 176 (1803).
- 27 126. **Any violation of my Rights, Freedom, or Property** by the U.S. federal  
28 government, or any agent thereof, would be an illegal and unlawful excess,  
clearly outside the limited boundaries of federal jurisdiction. My  
understanding is that the jurisdiction of the U.S. federal government is  
defined by Article I, Section 8, Clause 17 of the U.S. Constitution, quoted as  
follows: "**The Congress shall have the power . . . To exercise exclusive  
legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (NOT EXCEEDING  
TEN MILES SQUARE)** as may, by cession of particular states and the  
acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the Government of the United  
States, [District of Columbia] and to exercise like authority over all places  
purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same  
shall be, for the Erection of Forts, Magazines, Arsenals, dock yards and other  
needful Buildings; And - To make all laws which shall be necessary and  
proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers..." [emphasis added]

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and Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2: "The Congress shall have the Power to dispose of and make all needful Rules and Regulations respecting the Territory or other Property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to Prejudice any Claims of the United States, or of any particular State." -- The definition of the "United States" being used here, then, is limited to its **territories**: (1) The District of Columbia (2) Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (3) U.S. Virgin Islands (4) Guam (5) American Samoa (6) Northern Mariana Islands (7) Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (8) Military bases within the several states (9) Federal agencies within the several states.

127. **The Supremacy Clause of the Constitution of the United States (Article VI, Clause 2) establishes that the Constitution, federal laws made pursuant to it, and treaties made under its authority, constitute the "supreme Law of the Land", and thus take priority over any conflicting state laws.** It provides that state courts are bound by, and state constitutions subordinate to, the supreme law. However, federal statutes and treaties must be within the parameters of the Constitution; **that is, they must be pursuant to the federal government's enumerated powers, and not violate other constitutional limits on federal power ...** As a constitutional provision identifying the supremacy of federal law, the Supremacy Clause assumes the underlying priority of federal authority, **albeit only when that authority is expressed in the Constitution itself; no matter what the federal or state governments might wish to do, they must stay within the boundaries of the Constitution.**

128. **ANY action involving a citation or ticket issued, confiscation, impoundment or search and seizure of my private property by a police officer or ANY other public servant or employee that carries a fine or jail time is a penalty or sanction, thus converting a right into a crime. ANY citation or ticket is thus NULL and VOID.** Under every circumstance without exception, government officials must hold the Constitution for the united states of America (1791) supreme over ANY other laws, regulations or orders. Every police (executive) officer or judicial officer has sworn an oath to protect the lives, property and rights of the citizens of the united states of America under the supreme law of the land. **ANY act to deprive state Citizens of their constitutionally protected rights is a direct violation of their oath of office, a felony and a federal crime.**

**Government, Public Servants, Officers, Judges are NOT**  
**Immune from suit!**

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129. "Public officials are **not** immune from suit when they transcend their lawful authority by invading constitutional rights." — AFLCIO v. Woodward, 406 F2d 137 t.
130. "Immunity **fosters neglect and breeds irresponsibility** while liability promotes care and caution, which caution and care is owed by the government to its people." (Civil Rights) **Rabon vs Rowen Memorial Hospital, Inc.** 269 N.S. 1, 13, 152 SE 1 d 485, 493.
131. Government Immunity - "In Land v. Dollar, 338 US 731 (1947), the court noted, "that when the government entered into a **commercial** field of activity, it left immunity behind." Brady v. Roosevelt, 317 US 575 (1943); FHA v. Burr, 309 US 242 (1940); Kiefer v. RFC, 306 US 381 (1939).
132. The high Courts, through their citations of authority, have frequently declared, that "...where any state proceeds against a private individual in a judicial forum it is well settled that the state, county, municipality, etc. waives any immunity to counters, cross claims and complaints, by direct or collateral means regarding the matters involved." Luckenback v. The Thekla, 295 F 1020, 226 Us 328; Lyders v. Lund, 32 F2d 308;
133. "When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially (and thus are not protected by "qualified" or "limited immunity," - SEE: Owen v. City, 445 U.S. 662; Bothke v. Terry, 713 F2d 1404) - - "but merely act as an extension as an agent for the involved agency -- but only in a "ministerial" and not a "discretionary capacity..." Thompson v. Smith, 154 S.E. 579, 583; Keller v. P.E., 261 US 428; F.R.C. v. G.E., 281, U.S. 464.
134. **Immunity for judges does not extend to acts which are clearly outside of their jurisdiction. Bauers v. Heisel**, C.A. N.J. 1966, 361 F.2d 581, Cert. Den. 87 S.Ct. 1367, 386 U.S. 1021, 18 L.Ed. 2d 457 (see also **Muller v. Wachtel**, D.C.N.Y. 1972, 345 F.Supp. 160; **Rhodes v. Houston**, D.C. Nebr. 1962, 202 F.Supp. 624 affirmed 309 F.2d 959, Cert. den 83 St. 724, 372 U.S. 909, 9 L.Ed. 719, Cert. Den 83 S.Ct. 1282, 383 U.S. 971, 16 L.Ed. 2nd 311, Motion denied 285 F.Supp. 546).
135. "Judges not only can be sued over their official acts, but could be held **liable for injunctive and declaratory relief and attorney's fees.**" **Lezama v. Justice Court**, A025829.
136. "The immunity of judges for acts within their judicial role is beyond cavil." **Pierson v. Ray**, 386 U.S. 547 (1957).
137. "There is no common law judicial immunity." **Pulliam v. Allen**, 104S.Ct. 1970; cited in Lezama v. Justice Court, A025829. "Judges, members of city council, and police officers as well as other public officials, may utilize good faith defense of action for damages under 42-1983, but **no public official has absolute immunity from suit** under the 1871 civil rights statute." (**Samuel vs**

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- 1        **University of Pittsburg**, 375 F.Supp. 1119, 'see also, **White vs Fleming** 374  
2        Supp. 267.
- 3        138. "Ignorance of the law does not excuse misconduct in anyone, least of all in a  
4        sworn officer of the law." **In re McCowan** (1917), 177 C. 93, 170 P. 1100.
- 5        139. "All are presumed to know the law." **San Francisco Gas Co. v. Brickwedel**  
6        (1882), 62 C. 641; **Dore v. Southern Pacific Co.** (1912), 163 C. 182, 124 P. 817;  
7        **People v. Flanagan** (1924), 65 C.A. 268, 223 P. 1014; **Lincoln v. Superior**  
8        **Court** (1928), 95 C.A. 35, 271 P. 1107; **San Francisco Realty Co. v. Linnard**  
9        (1929), 98 C.A. 33, 276 P. 368.
- 10       140. "It is one of the fundamental maxims of the common law that ignorance of  
11       the law excuses no one." **Daniels v. Dean** (1905), 2 C.A. 421, 84 P. 332.
- 12       141. "Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rule  
13       making or legislation which would abrogate them." — **Miranda vs. Arizona**,  
14       384 US 436, 491
- 15       142. "Judge acted in the face of clearly valid statutes or case law expressly  
16       depriving him of (personal) jurisdiction would be liable." **Dykes v.**  
17       **Hosemann**, 743 F.2d 1488 (1984).
- 18       143. "In such case the judge has lost his judicial function, has become a mere  
19       **private** person, and is liable as a trespasser for damages resulting from his  
20       unauthorized acts."
- 21       144. "Where there is no jurisdiction there is no judge; the proceeding is as nothing.  
22       Such has been the law from the days of the Marshalsea, 10 Coke 68; also  
23       **Bradley v. Fisher**, 13 Wall 335,351." **Manning v. Ketcham**, 58 F.2d 948.
- 24       145. "A distinction must be here observed between excess of jurisdiction and the  
25       clear absence of all jurisdiction over the subject-matter any authority  
26       exercised is a usurped authority and for the exercise of
- 27       146. "Personal liberty -- consists of the power of locomotion, of changing  
28       situations, of removing one's person to whatever place one's inclination may  
      direct, without imprisonment or restraint unless by due process of law." —  
      Bovier's Law Dictionary, 1914 ed., Black's Law Dictionary, 5th  
      ed.;Blackstone's Commentary 134; Hare, Constitution\_\_Pg. 777.
147. "The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the Members of  
      the several state Legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of  
      the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by Oath or  
      Affirmation, to support this Constitution;" — Constitution
148. **ANY** action by a police (i.e., executive) officer, officer of the court, public  
      servant or government official to assert unlawful authority under the "*color*  
      of law" will be construed as a **direct and willful violation of my**



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1 constitutionally protected rights, and will be prosecuted to the full extent of  
2 American law.

3 149. "Whoever under the color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or  
4 custom, willfully subjects any inhabitant of any state, Territory, or District to  
5 the deprivation of ANY rights, privileges or immunities secured or protected  
6 by the Constitution of laws of the United States...shall be fined not more than  
7 \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both..." – 18 USC 242.

8 150. Title 18 U.S. Code § 112 - Protection of foreign officials, official guests, and  
9 internationally protected persons, stipulates: **Whoever** assaults, strikes,  
10 wounds, imprisons, or offers violence to a foreign official, official  
11 guest, or internationally protected person or makes any other violent attack  
12 upon the person or liberty of such person, or, if likely to endanger his person  
13 or liberty, makes a violent attack upon his **official premises, private**  
14 **accommodation, or means of transport or attempts** to commit any of the  
15 foregoing **shall be** fined under this title or imprisoned not more than three  
16 years, or both. **Whoever** in the commission of any such act uses a deadly or  
17 dangerous weapon, or inflicts bodily injury, shall be fined under this title or  
18 imprisoned not more than ten years, or both. (b) **Whoever willfully – (1)**  
19 **intimidates, coerces, threatens, or harasses** a foreign official or an official  
20 guest or obstructs a foreign official in the performance of his duties; (2)  
21 **attempts to** intimidate, coerce, threaten, or harass a foreign official or an  
22 official guest or obstruct a foreign official in the performance of his duties; or  
23 (3) within the United States and within one hundred feet of any building or  
24 premises in whole or in part owned, used, or occupied for official business or  
25 for diplomatic, consular, or residential purposes by – (A) a foreign  
26 government, including such use as a mission to an international organization;  
27 (B) an international organization; (C) a foreign official; or (D) an official  
28 guest; congregates with two or more other persons with intent to violate any  
other provision of this section; **shall be** fined under this title or imprisoned  
not more than six months, or both.

151. 15 U.S. Code § 2 - Monopolizing trade a felony; penalty, stipulates:  
Every person who shall monopolize, or attempt to monopolize, or combine  
or conspire with any other person or persons, to monopolize any part of the  
trade or commerce among the several States, or with foreign nations, **shall be**  
deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, **shall be** punished by  
fine not exceeding \$100,000,000 if a corporation, or, if any  
other person, \$1,000,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding 10 years, or by  
both said punishments, in the discretion of the court

152. 18 U.S. Code § 1025 - False pretenses on high seas and other waters,  
expressly stipulates: **Whoever**, upon any waters or vessel within the special  
maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, by any fraud, or



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false pretense, obtains from **any person anything of value**, or procures the execution and delivery of **any instrument of writing or conveyance of real or personal property**, or the **signature of any person, as maker, endorser, or guarantor**, to or upon **any** bond, bill, receipt, promissory note, draft, or check, or any other evidence of indebtedness, or fraudulently sells, barters, or disposes of **any** bond, bill, receipt, promissory note, draft, or check, or other evidence of indebtedness, for value, knowing the same to be worthless, or knowing the **signature** of the maker, endorser, or guarantor thereof to have been obtained by any false pretenses, **shall be** fined under this title or imprisoned not more than **five years, or both**.

153. **ALL ARE EQUAL UNDER THE LAW.** (God's Law - Moral and Natural Law). Exodus 21:23-25; Lev. 24: 17-21; Deut. 1; 17, 19:21; Mat. 22:36-40; Luke 10:17; Col. 3:25. "No one is above the law".

154. **IN COMMERCE FOR ANY MATTER TO BE RESOLVED MUST BE EXPRESSED.** (Heb. 4:16; Phil. 4:6; Eph. 6:19-21). -- **Legal maxim:** "To lie is to go against the mind." Oriental proverb: "Of all that is good, sublimity is supreme."

155. **IN COMMERCE TRUTH IS SOVEREIGN** (Exodus 20:16; Ps. 117:2; John 8:32; II Cor. 13:8 ) Truth is **sovereign** -- and the **Sovereign** tells only the truth.

156. **TRUTH IS EXPRESSED IN THE FORM OF AN AFFIDAVIT.** (Lev. 5:4-5; Lev. 6:3-5; Lev. 19:11-13; Num. 30:2; Mat. 5:33; James 5: 12)

157. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT STANDS AS TRUTH IN COMMERCE.** (12 Pet. 1:25; Heb. 6:13-15;). "He who does not deny, admits."

158. **AN UNREBUTTED AFFIDAVIT BECOMES THE JUDGEMENT IN COMMERCE.** (Heb. 6:16-17;). "There is nothing left to resolve."

159. **WORKMAN IS WORTHY OF HIS HIRE.** The first of these is expressed in Exodus 20:15; Lev. 19:13; Mat. 10:10; Luke 10:7; II Tim. 2:6. **Legal maxim:** "It is against equity for freemen not to have the free disposal of their own property."

160. 78. **HE WHO LEAVES THE BATTLEFIELD FIRST LOSES BY DEFAULT.** (Book of Job; Mat. 10:22) -- **Legal maxim:** "He who does not repel a wrong when he can occasions it."

161. " **Statements of fact** contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or pleadings may** be accepted as **true** by the trial court. " --Winsett v. Donaldson, 244 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976).

Executed "without the United States" in accord with 28 USC § 1746.

**FURTHER THIS AFFIANT SAITH NOT.**

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### ESTOPPEL BY ACQUIESCENCE:

If the addressee(s) or an intended recipient of this notice fail to respond addressing each point, on a point by point basis, they individually and collectively accept all of the statements, declaration, stipulations, facts, and claims as **TRUTH** and fact by TACIT PROCURATION, **all issues are deemed settled** RES JUDICATA, STARE DECISIS and by COLLATERAL ESTOPPEL. You may not argue, controvert, or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative findings in any subsequent process, whether administrative or judicial. (See Black's Law Dictionary 6<sup>th</sup> Ed. for any terms you do not "understand").

**Your failure to completely answer and respond will result in your agreeing not to argue, controvert or otherwise protest the finality of the administrative findings in any process, whether administrative or judicial, as certified by Notary or Witness Acceptor in an Affidavit Certificate of Non Response and/or Judgement, or similar.**

Should YOU fail to respond, provide partial, unsworn, or incomplete answers, **such are not acceptable to me or to any court of law.** See, *Sieb's Hatcheries, Inc. v. Lindley*, 13 F.R.D. 113 (1952)., "Defendant(s) made no request for an extension of time in which to answer the request for admission of facts and filed only an unsworn response within the time permitted," thus, under the specific provisions of Ark. and *Fed. R. Civ. P. 36*, the facts in question were **deemed admitted as true.** **Failure to answer is well established in the court.** *Beasley v. U. S.*, 81 F. Supp. 518 (1948)., "I, therefore, hold that the requests **will be considered as having been admitted.**" Also as previously referenced, "Statements of fact contained in affidavits which are **not** rebutted by the opposing party's **affidavit or pleadings** may be accepted as **true** by the trial court." --*Winsett v. Donaldson*, 244 N.W.2d 355 (Mich. 1976),

**COMMERCIAL OATH AND VERIFICATION:**

County of Riverside                    )  
  )  
The State of California                )                   Commercial Oath and Verification

I, KEVIN WALKER, under my unlimited liability and Commercial Oath proceeding in good faith being of sound mind states that the facts contained herein are true, correct, complete and not misleading to the best of Affiant's knowledge and belief under penalty of International Commercial Law and state this to be HIS Affidavit of Truth regarding same signed and sealed this-  
28th day of DECEMBER in the year two thousand twenty three:

By *Special Limited Appearance*, sui juris,  
all rights reserved *without* prejudice and without recourse. UCC § 1-308, 3-402.

By: Kevin Walker  
**Kevin Walker**, *Authorized Representative*, Attorney In Fact  
 Secured Party, Executor, national,  
 private bank(er) EIN # 9x-xxxxxx07

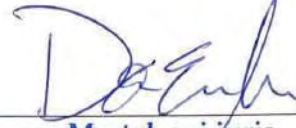


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Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: "But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses." Matthew 18:16. "In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established" 2 Corinthians 13:1.

By Special Limited Appearance,  
All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308,  
3-402.

By:   
Donnabelle Escarez Mortel, sui juris, Attorney In Fact, national,  
Authorized Representative, Executor, Secured Party. (WITNESS)  
private bank(er) ID # 9x-xxxxxxx6

By Special Limited Appearance,  
All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308,  
3-402.

By:   
Corey Delfond Walker, sui juris, national,  
Authorized Representative, Executor, Secured Party. (WITNESS)  
private bank(er) ID # 9x-xxxxxxx7

**NOTICE:**

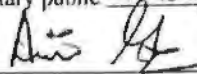
Using a notary on this document does *not* constitute any adhesion, *nor does it alter my status in any manner*. The purpose for notary is verification and identification *only* and *not* for entrance into *any* foreign jurisdiction.

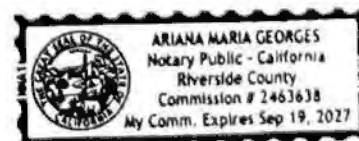
**JURAT**

State of California )  
 )  
 ) ss.  
 )  
County of Riverside )

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

Subscribed and sworn to (of affirmed) before me on this 29 day of December, 2023,  
by Kevin Lewis Walker, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the  
person(s) who appeared before me.

Notary public Ariana Maria Georges (Notary Public)  
  
Print name



-Exhibit S-

REGISTERED MAIL # RF 661 448 567 US

## **AFFIDAVIT Resolution, Revocation, and Termination of Franchise**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT, that I, **Kevin Lewis Walker** Propia Persona, proceeding by general law, sui juris, in acknowledgment of the laws of nature and the Almighty Supreme Creator, first and foremost and the laws of man when they are not in conflict (Leviticus 18:3, 4) Pursuant to Matthew 5:33 – 37 and James 5:12, let my yea be yea and my nay be nay, as supported by Federal Public Law 97-280, 96 Stat.1211, depose and says:

WHEREAS, the FRANCHISE, BIRTH, and/or TRUST CERTIFICATE was created and offered fraudulently and deceitfully, supposedly to aid in the Census, as a means of identification, to document a birth, and for health reasons and purposes;

WHEREAS, the true nature of the BIRTH CERTIFICATE is an unrevealed commercial agreement and unconscionable adhesion contract and prima facie evidence of unfair trade by and with an Agency of the federal, corporate United States, the Department of Commerce, Department of Transportation, Department of Defense, Internal Revenue, Social Security Administration, DTC at 55 Water in New York, International Monetary Fund, and Bank of International Settlements, The CROWN CORPORATION, THE VATICAN BANK, et.al.; the true nature of the DATE OF BIRTH is to execute the birth of the certificate (by signing, filing, and recording), not the “natural” person;

WHEREAS, the BIRTH CERTIFICATE is a TRUST INSTRUMENT recorded with the County Recorder, a subsidiary of the Secretary of State (of the several states), sent to the Bureau of Census, a division of the Department of Commerce (Washington, D.C.), placing the above “name” in commerce as a legal “person” (e.g., Corporation, trust, trustee) district-distinct and separate from the “natural-born citizen”;

WHEREAS, the Secretary of State (of the several states) issues and charters corporations and franchises, that any American citizen with a BIRTH CERTIFICATE is liable to the Franchise Tax Board of the State Department of Revenue for income taxes, and the federal, corporate United States for its debt obligations to the Federal Reserve bank;

WHEREAS, this TRUST INSTRUMENT has deceived the above “name” into an unrevealed contract placing both myself and my fellow American citizens under the jurisdiction of the federal United States with its tax and regulating authority originating from the Department of Commerce pursuant to the authority of the Constitution for the United States of America (1791), and under the jurisdiction of the equity, admiralty, or maritime jurisdictions of the federal court system and the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC); this by false registry, a term usually applied to the registration of a vessel in violation of the Federal registry statutes which provide that if any certificate of registry or record is fraudulently, or knowingly used for any ship or vessel not then actually entitled to the benefit thereof, according to the true intent of the act, such ship or vessel shall be forfeited to the United States, with her tackle, apparel, and furniture. See 48 Am Jur 1<sup>st</sup> Ship § 23.



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“To regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian Tribes:” — U.S. Constitution, Article 1, Section 0, Clause 3.

WHEREAS such false registry, coupled with wholly inadequate and insufficient public education system used, by overwhelming evidence, to facilitate an unconscionable deception upon the public, domestic, and private trusts, **is hereby declared null and void**, and claiming any and all lawful damages therein associated, ab initio, ad infinitum, nunc pro tunc, without recourse, reserving all rights.

WHEREAS the same false registry exists for my creations, and my creations relations, and equal demand for correction of all false registries, and return of rights, property, and damages be re-instated with their rightful Secured Parties, for cause.

I, **Kevin Lewis Walker** have already declared and established “sui juris” status in connection with both my property and “name.” I demand a certified copy with my signed authorization of all documents or contracts being “held-in-due-course,” [pursuant to UCC 3-305.2, UCC 3-305.52, and UCC 3-305, Article 9, and et.al.], that create ANY legal disability to the claimed “sui juris” states and “alieni juris” relating to my “name.” My “name” is my property, and for my “name” to enjoy “sui juris” status, that “name” must be free of legal disability resulting from a contract or commercial agreement, which is being “held-in-due-course” by a fellow citizen or by any agency of the federal, state, county, or municipal government.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that it is deemed necessary that I, **Kevin Lewis Walker**, separate myself and all inheritance from the fraudulent FRANCHISE, BIRTH, and/or TRUST CERTIFICATE herein attached as surety, and will no longer be associated with it except as necessary to correct any record, restore and recover all usurpation of unalienable rights and private property, and regain quiet enjoyment which is an undeniable right of every (wo)man, and to terminate the franchise, and reserving all rights expressed, implied, and deemed appropriate and necessary for accord and satisfaction.

I, **Kevin Lewis Walker**, hereby **REVOKE all powers, including, but not limited to**, Powers of Attorney and Agency, excepting those of private, unincorporated, pure trust. I hereby DISSOLVE and TERMINATE any franchise connected to/with the below document, certificate, or trust instrument. I hereby remove all commercial activity, including, but not limited to, the LIMITED LIABILITY for the payment of debt. I hereby release the Department of Commerce, its agents and fiduciaries, of their obligation to perform any commercial duties or responsibilities towards me. I am NOT in commerce or involved in any commercial activity with the federal corporate United States government or any subsidiary.

I am not an expert in the law however I do know right from wrong. If there is any human being damaged by any statements herein, if he will inform me by facts I will sincerely make every effort to amend my ways. I, hereby and herein reserve the right to amend and make amendment to this document as necessary in order that the truth may be ascertained and proceedings justly determined. If the parties given notice by means of this document have information that would controvert and overcome this Affidavit, please advise me in WRITTEN AFFIDAVIT FORM within thirty (30) days from receipt hereof proving me with your counter affidavit, proving with

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particularity and specificity by stating all requisite actual law, that this Affidavit Statement is substantially and materially false sufficiently to change materially my status and factual declarations. Your silence stands as consent to, and tacit approval of, the factual declarations herein being established as fact as a matter of law. Reserving ALL Natural God – Given Unalienable Birthrights, Waiving None Ever under 28 USC §1746 rights and without prejudice to ANY of those rights (U.C.C. 1-207; 1-308).

I declare under penalty of perjury under the law of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct Pursuant 28 USC § 1746 and executed “without the United States”

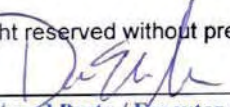
**FURTHER THIS AFFIANT SAITH NOT.**

Subscribed, sealed, and affirmed to this day, 12th, month, February, and year of 2024, I hereby affix my own signature and seal to all of the above affirmations with explicit reservation of ALL my unalienable rights and without prejudice to ANY of those rights. Pursuant to U.C.C § 1-103, 1-105, 1-207, 1-308, 3-419.

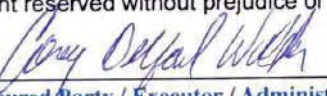
By:   
Kevin Lewis Walker, Affiant, Secured Party / Executor /  
Administrator / Trustee

Let this document stand as truth before the Almighty Supreme Creator and let it be established before men according as the scriptures saith: *“But if they will not listen, take one or two others along, so that every matter may be established by the testimony of two or three witnesses.” Matthew 18:16. “In the mouth of two or three witnesses, shall every word be established” 2 Corinthians 13:1.*

All right reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308

By:   
Secured Party / Executor / Administrator / Trustee  
Donnabelle Escarez Morel (FIRST WITNESS)

All right reserved without prejudice or recourse, U.C.C §1-308

By:   
Secured Party / Executor / Administrator / Trustee  
Corey Delfond Walker (FIRST WITNESS)

**NOTICE**

Using a notary on this document does **not** constitute any adhesion, **nor does it alter my status in any manner.** The purpose for notary is verification and identification only and not for entrance into any foreign jurisdiction.

REGISTERED MAIL # RF 661 448 567 US

JURAT

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

State of California )  
)  
) ss.  
)  
County of Riverside )

Subscribed and sworn to (of affirmed) before me on this 12<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2024,  
by Kevin Lewis Walker, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Notary public Shubhangi R. Zumale, Notary public.

Sumab print Seal:



-Exhibit T-



Step 1 Which box is checked on the front of the citation:  
APPEAR IN COURT or RESPOND TO CITATION?  
Step 2 Follow instructions based on the box checked on the front.

**IF APPEAR IN COURT** is checked on the front

**Your next step:** Go to court on the date, time and location on the front. Appear in court is your only option. You can't plead guilty or not guilty. **IMPOSSIBLE!** Missing or being there at the wrong time has put you arrested. Don't let that happen to you! Contact the judge right when the shop helps!

I helped Tim. Put the court date as your calendar, set a reminder, start planning. Timelines. If you were under 18 years old at the time of the violation, just pay a fine (or you could still go to court).

## RESPONSE TO CITATION

is checked on the front

your best bet: **cleanse an option before, and respond by the date.**

**Option A: Pay or Ask for a Reduction (Guilty Finding)**

**Option B: Request Trial by School**

**Option C: Dispute the Citation (Plead Not Guilty)**

**Option D: Contestable (Fine If Not)**

<b>CERTIFICATION OF CORRECTION (MUST BE RETURNED TO COURT)</b>				
<b>Sentence(s) Violated</b>	<b>Signature of Prisoner Certifying Correction</b>	<b>Serial No.</b>	<b>Agency</b>	<b>Date</b>
4000(e)(1)				

If "Banking Required" is checked, the bill will only be sent to the bank for review. If not checked, the bill will be sent to the bank for review and to the state for review.

[illegible]



<b>NOTICE TO:</b>		SOUTHWEST JUSTICE CENTER 30755-D AULD RD MURRIETA CA, 92563 (951)222-0384	
<input type="checkbox"/> APPEAR IN COURT AT: <b>ON:</b> <b>OR</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RESPOND TO CITATION BEFORE: <b>DATE: 3/14/2025 0730</b> <input type="checkbox"/> To be notified ----->		<b>ACT BY THIS DATE TO AVOID A WARRANT OR ADDED FEES</b>	
Date of Violation (mm/dd/yy) 12/31/2024	Time 09:32 AM	Driver's License Number (all states) B6735991	Class CM1 State CA
Name (First, Middle, Last) KEVIN LEWIS WALKER			
Current Address (no., street, city, state, zip) 11049 MAGNOLIA BLVD UNIT 331 N HOLLYWOOD CA 91601			
Date of Birth (mm/dd/yy) 08/19/1987	Parent Guardian Phone No. <input type="checkbox"/> Juvenile	Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Y <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N	Insurance <input type="checkbox"/> Y <input type="checkbox"/> N
Race/Ethnicity Other	Sex M	Hair BRO	Eyes BRO
Height 510	Weight 150		
Vehicle License/VIN 9FBE320	State CA	Reg (mm/yy) 2019	Year of Veh. LAMB
Registered Owner / Lessee <input type="checkbox"/> Same as driver	<input type="checkbox"/> Owner's responsibility (VC 40001)	Model URUS	Body Style 4DR
Address (no., street, city, state, zip) <input type="checkbox"/> Same as driver CA		Color GRAY	
Reason for Stop 4000A	CHP/DOJ/PUC/ICC		
<b>CITATION DETAILS</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Booking Required M=Misdemeanor I=Infraction Correctable (Fix-It) Code/Section Description Y CVC 4000(a)(1) EXPIRED REGISTRATION <input type="checkbox"/> M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I N CVC 16028(a) NO CURRENT PROOF OF INSURANCE <input type="checkbox"/> M <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I <input type="checkbox"/> M <input type="checkbox"/> I <input type="checkbox"/> M <input type="checkbox"/> I			
Approx. Speed 25	PF/Max Speed 25	Veh. Lmt. 25	Safe Speed 25
LASER			<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Veh. VC 15210(b)
Location Of Violation(s) Westbound ROYAL OAKS DR AT EAGLE POINT WY			<input type="checkbox"/> Hazardous Mat. VC 353
City/County of Occurrence Termeacula		Agency Case No. TE243660039	
Comments (weather, road, traffic conditions) <input type="checkbox"/> Crash CLEAR, DRY, MODERATE, DAYLIGHT			
<input type="checkbox"/> Violations not committed in my presence, declared on information and belief (VC 40600) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of CA that the following is true and correct 12/31/2024 Eastwood 4111 DECL. DATE ARRESTING OR CITING OFFICER I.D. # DECL. DATE ARRESTING OFFICER (If different from above) I.D. #			
<b>I promise to act by the date at the top of this citation. Signing DOES NOT admit guilt.</b> CELL PHONE-OPTIONAL (may be used for reminders) EMAIL-OPTIONAL (may be used for reminders) UCC 1-308, 3-402 x Under threat, duress, coercion & election without recourse SIGNATURE Without prejudice			
<b>DEFENDANT COPY FORM INFO</b> Continuation form <input type="checkbox"/> Form Adopted for Mandatory use Judicial Council of California TR-130 Traffic/Nontraffic Notice to Appear (Rev. Jan. 1, 2024) <b>SEE REVERSE</b>			

## WHAT YOU NEED TO DO

Step 1 Which box is checked on the front of the citation:

APPEAR IN COURT or RESPOND TO CITATION?

Step 2 Follow instructions based on the box checked on the front.

### If **APPEAR IN COURT** is checked on the front

**Your next step:** Go to court on the date, time and location on the front.

Appearing in court is your only option. You can plead guilty or not guilty.

**IMPORTANT:** Missing court may result in a warrant for your arrest.

Don't let that happen—go to court! The judge will explain next steps.

**Helpful Tip:** Put the court date in your calendar, set a reminder, start planning now.

Juveniles: If you were under 18 years old at the time of the violation, you must bring a parent or guardian with you to court.

### If **RESPOND TO CITATION** is checked on the front

Citations can take up to 14 days to show up in the court system.

Keep checking to find your citation, and then complete Option A, B, C, or D by the date listed on front.

**Your next step:** Choose an option below and respond by the date.

**IMPORTANT:** Not responding by the date on the front can result in a "failure to appear" charge, a guilty finding, an additional fee of up to \$100, and a hold on your car registration (owner's responsibility).

Choose one of the options below to avoid these penalties:

#### -Option A: Pay or Ask for a Reduction (Guilty Finding)

Pay (online, call, in person). If you cannot pay in full now, contact the court (see front for contact information) to request a payment plan or extension.

Ask for a reduction at MYCITATIONS.COURTS.CA.GOV (takes about 10 minutes).

**Note:** This option may add points to your driving record and affect insurance.

#### -Option B: Request Traffic School

To avoid points on your driving record, you can request traffic school. You pay the citation plus an additional traffic school fee and complete traffic school. Contact the court to see if you are eligible.

**-Option C: Dispute the Citation (Plead Not Guilty)** You can dispute the citation in person by requesting a court date for a trial (no cost) or by mail ("trial by written declaration"), which requires you to pay the fine up front (amount returned if citation is dismissed). Contact court for more details (court info on front of citation).

**-Option D: Correctable ("Fix-It")** If "Correctable" is checked on the front, first show an officer, authorized inspection agency, or DMV (license and registration issues only) that you fixed the issue, and they will sign the citation (below). Then, you must show the court that you fixed the issue to have the violation dismissed. You must also pay a transaction fee. For insurance issues, you must show the court you had insurance when you got the ticket and pay a transaction fee.

### CERTIFICATION OF CORRECTION (MUST BE RETURNED TO COURT)

Section(s) Violated	Signature of Person Certifying Correction	Serial No.	Agency	Date
4000(a)(1)				

If "Booking Required" is checked on front, call 951-696-3000 to schedule an appointment before the court date. You will not be arrested and will attend your court date on your own.

### MORE INFORMATION

For translations and general information about the process, visit <https://www.courts.ca.gov/forms.htm>

To contact the court, see front of citation for court's website and phone number. The court will send notice explaining next steps.

-Exhibit U-









-Exhibit V-



# VEHICLE DEFINITIONS

## Penalties

[\[/portal/vehicle-registration/registration-fees/penalties/\]](#)

## Vehicle Registration & Licensing Fee Calculators

[\[/portal/vehicle-registration/registration-fees/vehicle-registration-fee-calculator/\]](#)

An “automobile” is a passenger vehicle that does not transport persons for hire. This includes station wagons, sedans, vans, and sport utility vehicles. [California Vehicle Code \(CVC\) §465](#)

[\[http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=465)

[lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=465\]](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=465)

A “commercial vehicle” is a vehicle which is used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property (for example, trucks and pickups). [CVC §260](#)

[\[http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=260)

[lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=260\]](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=260)

An “off highway vehicle” is a vehicle operated exclusively off public roads and highways on lands that are open and accessible to the public, and includes racing motorcycles, trail bikes, mini bikes, dune buggies, all-terrain vehicles, jeeps, and snowmobiles. [More specific off](#)

[highway vehicle information](#)

[\[/portal/vehicle-registration/new-registration/register-an-off-highway-vehicle-ohv/\]](#).

A “motorcycle” is generally any motor vehicle with a seat or saddle for the rider, with not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, and weighing less than 1,500 pounds. [CVC §400](#)

[\[http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=400)

[lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=400\]](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=400)

A “trailer coach” is a vehicle, other than a motor vehicle, designed for human habitation or human occupancy for industrial, professional, or commercial purposes, for carrying property on its own structure, and for being drawn by a motor vehicle. [CVC §635](#)

[\[https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=635)

[lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=635\]](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=VEH&sectionNum=635)

A “park trailer” is a trailer designed for human habitation for recreational or seasonal use only that contains 400 square feet or less of gross floor area, excluding loft area space. A park trailer cannot exceed 14’ in width at the maximum horizontal projections. [Health & Safety Code §18009.3 \(a\)](#)

[Health & Safety Code §18009.3 \(a\)](#)

[\[http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&sectionNum=18009.3)

[lawCode=HSC&sectionNum=18009.3\]](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?lawCode=HSC&sectionNum=18009.3)

All trailers, except trailer coaches and park trailers, are registered under the “Permanent Trailer Identification” (PTI) program. For example, PTI trailers include semi-trailers, boat trailers, utility trailers, flat bed trailers, box trailers or horse trailers. [CVC §468](#)

[\[http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes\\_displaySection.xhtml?](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=468&lawCode=VEH)

[sectionNum=468&lawCode=VEH\]](http://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/codes_displaySection.xhtml?sectionNum=468&lawCode=VEH)

A “vessel” is over eight feet in length and sail-powered or motor-driven (regardless of length) that is not documented by the U.S. Coast Guard. This includes motorboats, amphibious vehicle/vessels, and inflatable vessels with motors, shuttlecraft, jet skis or wet bikes. [More](#)

Feedback

specific vessel information

ID #: 1708

[/portal/vehicle-registration/new-registration/register-your-boat-vessel/]

-Exhibit W-



# California LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION

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Code:  Section: 1 or 2 or 100

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Search Phrase:

## VEHICLE CODE - VEH

### DIVISION 1. WORDS AND PHRASES DEFINED [100 - 681] ( Division 1 enacted by Stats. 1959, Ch. 3. )

**260.** (a) A "commercial vehicle" is a motor vehicle of a type required to be registered under this code used or maintained for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit or designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property.

(b) Passenger vehicles and house cars that are not used for the transportation of persons for hire, compensation, or profit are not commercial vehicles. This subdivision shall not apply to Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 6700) of Division 3.

(c) Any vanpool vehicle is not a commercial vehicle.

(d) The definition of a commercial vehicle in this section does not apply to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 15200) of Division 6.

(Amended by Stats. 2003, Ch. 222, Sec. 1. Effective January 1, 2004.)



-Exhibit X-

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

## ★ PASSPORT CARD ★

Passport Card no.  
C35510079

Nationality  
USA

★ ★ ★ ★

U S A U S A

Surname  
A WALKER

Given Names  
KEVIN LEWIS



Sex  
M

Date of Birth  
19 AUG 1987

Place of Birth  
CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

Issued On  
09 FEB 2024

Expires On  
08 FEB 2034

I-4337816-10

9-03368-1

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE



IPUSAC355100796<<09<27<B02<367  
8708195M3402085USA<<4540739609  
WALKER<<KEVIN<LEWIS<<<<<<<<

-Exhibit Y-



30335161311818708195M3402085454073960<589826



-Exhibit Z-

REGISTERED NO.: RF661447765US

**TRUTH AFFIDAVIT IN THE NATURE OF SUPPLEMENTAL RULES FOR  
ADMINISTRATIVE AND MARITIME CLAIMS RULES C(6)**

**TRADEMARK/COPYRIGHT**

Verified Declaration in the Nature by an Affidavit for Truth in Commerce and Contract by Waiver for Tort Presented by Me, addressee, Kevin Lewis Walker, Agent and living soul, one for We the People under Original Common Law Jurisdiction by the California and united states of America Contracts, the Constitutions.

ss: **Republic and one by the several  
united states  
California in America**

For: Whom it may concern: In the Matter for the fiction/DEBTOR known as: **KEVIN L WALKER, KEVIN LEWIS WALKER, K L WALKER, K LEWIS WALKER, WALKER, KEVIN L**; and all derivatives thereof. DEBTOR is hereafter known as **KEVIN L WALKER**. 11400 WEST OLYMPIC BLVD. SUITE 200, LOS ANGELES, CA 90064.

**I, Me, My, Myself**, addressee, **Kevin Lewis Walker**, (herein after Agent with Power of Attorney to represent the DEBTOR) the undersigned for one We the People, Sovereign, natural born living souls, the Posterity, born upon the land in the one for several counties within the one for the several states united for America, the undersigned Posterity, Creditors, and Claimants, herein after "**I, Me, My, Myself, Agent**" do hereby solemnly declare, say and state:

1. **I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** am competent for stating the matters set forth herewith.
2. **I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** have personal knowledge concerning the facts stated herein.
3. All the facts stated herein are true, correct, complete, and certain, not misleading, admissible as evidence, and if stating **I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** shall so state.

**Plain Statement of Facts**

**A matter must be expressed for being resolved. In commerce, truth is sovereign. Truth is expressed in the form for an Affidavit.**

**An Affidavit not rebutted stands as Truth in commerce.**

**An Affidavit not rebutted, after thirty (30) days, becomes the judgment in commerce.**

**A Truth Affidavit, under commercial law, can only be satisfied: by Truth Affidavit rebuttal, by payment, by agreement, by resolution, or by Common Law Rules, by a jury.**

**I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** am expressing truth by this Verified Declaration in the Nature for an Affidavit of Truth in Commerce and Contract by Waiver for Tort Presented by me, addressee, Kevin Lewis Walker, living soul, Agent, one for We the People under Original Common Law Jurisdiction for the California and united states of America Contracts, the Constitutions.

**WHEREAS**, the public record is the highest evidence form, **I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** am hereby timely creating public record by Declaration with this Verified Declaration in the Nature for a Truth Affidavit in Commerce and Contract for a Tort Waiver Presented by Me, addressee, Kevin Lewis

Walker, living soul, Agent, one for/under We the People under Original Common Law Jurisdiction for the California and united states of America Contracts, the Constitutions.

1. **Fact:** The person/DEBTOR known as **KEVIN L WALKER**, (and all derivatives thereof) **is fiction without form or substance**, and any resemblance for any natural born body living or dead is entirely intentional in commercial fraud by Genocide acts for We the People for California by the alleged Government officials and agents for the Commercial Corporation and Commercial Courts for the disfranchising purpose, We the People for California from our Life, Liberty, Property, and Pursuit of Happiness, among other Rights, for their self enrichment.
2. **Fact:** I have placed a **copyright** on the Fiction/DEBTOR known as **KEVIN L WALKER**, and all derivatives thereof, (**trademark/fiction**), **DEBTOR** is now My private property and cannot be used without My prior written consent, and then only under the terms set out in this contract.
3. **Fact:** The Fiction is My perfected security and registered by contract with me and is My recorded copyright Fiction by this declaration under original common law jurisdiction for **one-hundred (100) years** and is My private property, the Agent, for My Estate protection, My Life, and My Liberty.
4. **Fact:** Using My Fiction on any document associated in any manner with My Estate or Me, the holder in due course, Agent, Exempt from Levy, without My written prior consent is strictly forbidden and chargeable against each user and issuer in the amount, the sum certain for **twenty thousand (20,000.00) dollars**, gold or silver specie, in lawful coinage for the united states of America per user and per issuer per Fiction.
5. **Fact:** Using My Fiction for the intended gains for themselves (the issuers or users) or for others for any of My Rights, My private property or any part about My Estate without full disclosure and My written prior consent is strictly forbidden and chargeable per each user and issuer, in the amount of the sum certain for **one million (1,000,000.00) dollars** gold or silver specie in lawful coinage for the united states of America as defined under Article I, Section 10 of We the People's Contract/Constitution for the united states of America per using Fiction including any past, present, or future use.
6. **Fact:** Using My Fiction on any document associated in any manner with My Estate or Me, the holder in due course, Agent, and Exempt from Levy, without My written prior consent is all the evidence required for enforcing this agreement/contract and evidence that any and all users and issuers are in full agreement and have accepted this agreement/contract under the condition and terms so stated and set forth herein and is due and payable under the terms and conditions set forth herein by this agreement/contract.

**I, Me, My, Myself, Agent** know right from wrong. If there is any human being that is being unjustly damaged by any statements herein, if he/she will inform Me by facts, I will sincerely make every effort and amend My ways.

I hereby and herein reserve the right for amending and make amendment for this document as necessary in order that the truth may be ascertained and proceeding justly determined.

**If any living soul has information that will controvert and overcome this Declaration, since this is a commercial matter, please advise Me IN WRITING by DECLARATION/ AFFIDAVIT FORM within ten (10) days from recording hereof, providing Me with your counter Declaration/Affidavit, proving with particularity by stating all requisite actual evidentiary fact and all requisite actual law, and not merely the ultimate facts and law conclusions, that this affidavit by Declaration is substantially and materially false sufficiently for changing materially My or the Fiction's status and factual declaration.**

REGISTERED NO.: RF661447765US

Your silence stands as consent, and tacit approval, for the factual declarations here being established as fact as a law matter and this affidavit by Declaration will stand as final judgment in this matter; and for the sum certain herein stated and will be in full force and effect against all parties, due and payable and enforceable by law.

**The criminal penalties for commercial fraud are determined by jury, by law,** the monetary value is set by Me for violation against My rights, for breaching the law, the contract, the Constitutions in the sum certain amount as stated herein for dollars specie gold and/or silver coin lawful money for the united states of America as defined by Article I, Section 10 under the Constitution, by We the People for the united states of America and will be due and payable on the eleventh day or any day thereafter as use occurs after filing by Me, in the public records for the county of Riverside, state of California, under this declaration.

The Undersigned, **I, Me, My, Myself, the Agent** holder in due course for original, do herewith declare, state and say that I, Agent, issue this with sincere intent in truth, that I, Me, the undersigned Agent, am competent by stating the matters set forth herein, that the contents are true, correct, complete, and certain, admissible as evidence, reasonable, not misleading, and by My best knowledge, by Me undersigned addressee.

Notice for the agent is notice for the principal and notice for the principal is notice for the agent.  
Notice for the county clerk for the county of Riverside, state of California, and record court for original jurisdiction, is notice for all.

**This instrument was prepared by Kevin Lewis Walker.**

Acceptance:



KEVIN L WALKER, GRANTOR  
DEBTOR SIGNATURE

Executed without the UNITED STATES, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the united states of America that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my ability and belief.

All rights reserved without prejudice or recourse. UCC1-308

DATE: 01/02/2024



Kevin Lewis Walker,  
Agent and Attorney In Fact, With the Autograph  
Non Domestic, DMM 122.32  
c/o 41593 Winchester Road Suite 200  
Temecula, California

**Witnesses**



REGISTERED NO.: RF661447765US

**NOTICE**

Using a notary on this document does **not** constitute any adhesion, **nor does it alter my status in any manner.** The purpose for notary is verification and identification only and not for entrance into any foreign jurisdiction.

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

**JURAT**

State of California )

) ss.

County of Riverside )

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the document to which this certificate is attached, and not the truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.

Subscribed and sworn to (of affirmed) before me on this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of January, 2024,  
by Kevin Lewis Walker, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be  
the person(s) who appeared before me.

Shubhangi R. Zumale (NOTARY PUBLIC)  
Print name:



Szumale



-Exhibit AA-



# Power of Attorney

## Estate Planning Information & FAQs

An important part of lifetime planning is the power of attorney. A power of attorney is accepted in all states, but the rules and requirements differ from state to state. A power of attorney gives one or more persons the power to act on your behalf as your agent. The power may be limited to a particular activity, such as closing the sale of your home, or be general in its application. The power may give temporary or permanent authority to act on your behalf. The power may take effect immediately, or only upon the occurrence of a future event, usually a determination that you are unable to act for yourself due to mental or physical disability. The latter is called a "springing" power of attorney. A power of attorney may be revoked, but most states require written notice of revocation to the person named to act for you.

The person named in a power of attorney to act on your behalf is commonly referred to as your "agent" or "attorney-in-fact." With a valid power of attorney, your agent can take any action permitted in the document. Often your agent must present the actual document to invoke the power. For example, if another person is acting on your behalf to sell an automobile, the motor vehicles department generally will require that the power of attorney be presented before your agent's authority to sign the title will be honored. Similarly, an agent who signs documents to buy or sell real property on your behalf must present the power of attorney to the title company. Similarly, the agent has to present the power of attorney to a broker or banker to effect the sale of securities or opening and closing bank accounts. However, your agent generally should not need to present the power of attorney when signing checks for you.

Why would anyone give such sweeping authority to another person? One answer is convenience. If you are buying or selling assets and do not wish to appear in person to close the transaction, you may take advantage of a power of attorney. Another important reason to use power of attorney is to prepare for situations when you may not be able to act on your own behalf due to absence or incapacity. Such a disability may be temporary, for example, due to travel, accident, or illness, or it may be permanent.

If you do not have a power of attorney and become unable to manage your personal or business affairs, it may become necessary for a court to appoint one or more people to act for you. People appointed in this manner are referred to as guardians, conservators, or committees, depending upon your local state law. If a court proceeding, sometimes

known as intervention, is needed, you may not have the ability to choose the person who will act for you. Few people want to be subject to a public proceeding in this manner so being proactive to create the appropriate document to avoid this is important. A power of attorney allows you to choose who will act for you and defines his or her authority and its limits, if any. In some instances, greater security against having a guardianship imposed on you may be achieved by you also creating a revocable living trust.

## Who Should Be Your Agent?

You may wish to choose a family member to act on your behalf. Many people name their spouses or one or more children. In naming more than one person to act as agent at the same time, be alert to the possibility that all may not be available to act when needed, or they may not agree. The designation of co-agents should indicate whether you wish to have the majority act in the absence of full availability and agreement. Regardless of whether you name co-agents, you should always name one or more successor agents to address the possibility that the person you name as agent may be unavailable or unable to act when the time comes.

There are no special qualifications necessary for someone to act as an attorney-in-fact except that the person must not be a minor or otherwise incapacitated. The best choice is someone you trust. Integrity, not financial acumen, is often the most important trait of a potential agent.

## How the Agent Should Sign?

Assume Michael Douglas appoints his wife, Catherine Zeta-Jones, as his agent in a written power of attorney. Catherine, as agent, must sign as follows: Michael Douglas, by Catherine Zeta-Jones under POA or Catherine Zeta-Jones, attorney-in-fact for Michael Douglas. If you are ever called upon to take action as someone's agent, you should consult with an attorney about actions you can and cannot take and whether there are any precautionary steps you should take to minimize the likelihood of someone challenging your actions. This is especially important if you take actions that directly or indirectly benefit you personally.

## What Kinds of Powers Should I Give My Agent?

In addition to managing your day-to-day financial affairs, your attorney-in-fact can take steps to implement your estate plan. Although an agent cannot revise your will on your behalf, some jurisdictions permit an attorney-in-fact to create or amend trusts for you

during your lifetime, or to transfer your assets to trusts you created. Even without amending your will or creating trusts, an agent can affect the outcome of how your assets are distributed by changing the ownership (title) to assets. It is prudent to include in the power of attorney a clear statement of whether you wish your agent to have these powers.

Gifts are an important tool for many estate plans, and your attorney-in-fact can make gifts on your behalf, subject to guidelines that you set forth in your power of attorney. For example, you may wish to permit your attorney-in-fact to make "annual exclusion" gifts (up to \$14,000 in value per recipient per year in 2013) on your behalf to your children and grandchildren. It is important that the lawyer who prepares your power of attorney draft the document in a way that does not expose your attorney-in-fact to unintended estate tax consequences. While some states permit attorneys-in-fact to make gifts as a matter of statute, others require explicit authorization in the power of attorney. If you have older documents you should review them with your attorney. Because of the high estate tax exemption (\$5 million inflation adjusted) many people who had given agents the right to make gifts may no longer wish to include this power. Others, however, in order to empower their agent to minimize state estate tax might continue or add such a power. Finally, there may be reasons not to limit the gifts your attorney-in-fact may make to annual exclusion gifts in order to facilitate Medicaid planning or to minimize or avoid state estate tax beyond what annual exclusion gifts alone might permit.

In addition to the power of your agent to make gifts on your behalf, many powers of your attorney-in-fact are governed by state law. Generally, the law of the state in which you reside at the time you sign a power of attorney will govern the powers and actions of your agent under that document. If you own real estate, such as a vacation home, or valuable personal property, such as collectibles, in a second state, you should check with an attorney to make sure that your power of attorney properly covers such property.

## What if I Move?

Generally, a power of attorney that is valid when you sign it will remain valid even if you change your state of residence. Although it should not be necessary to sign a new power of attorney merely because you have moved to a new state, it is a good idea to take the opportunity to update your power of attorney. The update ideally should be part of a review and update of your overall estate plan to be sure that nuances of the new state law (and any other changes in circumstances that have occurred since your existing documents were signed) are addressed.

## Will My Power of Attorney Expire?

Some states used to require the renewal of a power of attorney for continuing validity. Today, most states permit a "durable" power of attorney that remains valid once signed until you die or revoke the document. You should periodically meet with your lawyer, however, to revisit your power of attorney and consider whether your choice of agent still meets your needs and learn whether developments in state law affect your power of attorney. Some powers of attorney expressly include termination dates to minimize the risk of former friends or spouses continuing to serve as agents. It is vital that you review the continued effectiveness of your documents periodically.

 American Bar Association |

[/content/aba-cms-dotorg/en/groups/real\\_property\\_trust\\_estate/resources/estate-planning/power-of-attorney](https://www.americanbar.org/groups/real_property_trust_estate/resources/estate-planning/power-of-attorney/)



**-Exhibit BB-**

# Rule 8.4: Misconduct

Share:



## *Maintaining The Integrity Of The Profession*

It is professional misconduct for a lawyer to:

- (a) violate or attempt to violate the Rules of Professional Conduct, knowingly assist or induce another to do so, or do so through the acts of another;
- (b) commit a criminal act that reflects adversely on the lawyer's honesty, trustworthiness or fitness as a lawyer in other respects;
- (c) engage in conduct involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit or misrepresentation;
- (d) engage in conduct that is prejudicial to the administration of justice;
- (e) state or imply an ability to influence improperly a government agency or official or to achieve results by means that violate the Rules of Professional Conduct or other law;
- (f) knowingly assist a judge or judicial officer in conduct that is a violation of applicable rules of judicial conduct or other law; or
- (g) engage in conduct that the lawyer knows or reasonably should know is harassment or discrimination on the basis of race, sex, religion, national origin, ethnicity, disability, age, sexual orientation, gender identity, marital status or socioeconomic status in conduct related to the practice of law. This paragraph does not limit the ability of a lawyer to accept, decline or withdraw from a representation in accordance with Rule 1.16. This paragraph does not preclude legitimate advice or advocacy consistent with these Rules.

[Comment](#) | [Table of Contents](#) | [Next Rule](#)

 American Bar Association |

[/content/aba-cms-dotorg/en/groups/professional\\_responsibility/publications/model\\_rules\\_of\\_professional\\_conduct/rule\\_8\\_4\\_misconduct](#)

-Exhibit CC-



SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION		COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY	
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9590 9402 9033 4122 5130 03

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053 Domestic Return Receipt

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<p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p>		<p><input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p>	

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<p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p>		<p><input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p>	

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<p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p>		<p><input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p>	

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053 Domestic Return Receipt

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<p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p>		<p><input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p>	

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SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
<p>1. Article Addressed to:</p> <p>Steven-Arthur S. Sherman % STEVEN SHERMAN 1631 East 18th Street Santa Ana, California 92705-7101</p> <p>9590 9402 9404 5002 2678 67</p> <p>2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)</p> <p>RF 775 824 115 US</p>	<p>A. Signature</p> <p>X <i>[Signature]</i></p> <p>B. Received by (Printed Name)</p> <p>SHERMAN</p> <p>C. Date of Delivery</p> <p>3/24/25</p> <p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>If YES, enter delivery address below:</p> <p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail® <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p> <p>Domestic Return Receipt</p>

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053

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<p>1. Article Addressed to:</p> <p>Chad Bianco % RIVERSIDE SHERIFF 4075 Lemon Street, 2nd Floor Riverside, California 92501</p> <p>9590 9402 9404 5002 2678 50</p> <p>2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)</p> <p>RF 775 824 124 US</p>	<p>A. Signature</p> <p>X <i>[Signature]</i></p> <p>B. Received by (Printed Name)</p> <p>SHERIFF</p> <p>C. Date of Delivery</p> <p>3/24/25</p> <p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>If YES, enter delivery address below:</p> <p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail® <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p> <p>Domestic Return Receipt</p>

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
<p>1. Article Addressed to:</p> <p>Gregory Eastabod, Robert Bonan % MENIFEE "JUSTICE" CENTER 30755 Auld Road D Murrieta, California 92563</p> <p>9590 9402 9404 5002 2678 12</p> <p>2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)</p> <p>RF 775 824 226 US</p>	<p>A. Signature</p> <p>X <i>[Signature]</i></p> <p>B. Received by (Printed Name)</p> <p>Bonan</p> <p>C. Date of Delivery</p> <p>3/27/25</p> <p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>If YES, enter delivery address below:</p> <p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail® <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p> <p>Domestic Return Receipt</p>

PS Form 3811, July 2020 PSN 7530-02-000-9053

SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
<p>1. Article Addressed to:</p> <p>Steven Sherman % STEVEN SHERMAN 1631 East 18th Street Santa Ana, California 92705-7101</p> <p>9590 9402 9404 5002 2681 09</p> <p>2. Article Number (Transfer from service label)</p> <p>RF 775 823 129 US</p>	<p>A. Signature</p> <p>X <i>[Signature]</i></p> <p>B. Received by (Printed Name)</p> <p>SHERMAN</p> <p>C. Date of Delivery</p> <p>3/24/25</p> <p>D. Is delivery address different from item 1? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p>If YES, enter delivery address below:</p> <p>3. Service Type</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature <input type="checkbox"/> Priority Mail Express®</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Adult Signature Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail® <input type="checkbox"/> Registered Mail Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Certified Mail Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation™</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Collect on Delivery Restricted Delivery <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail <input type="checkbox"/> Signature Confirmation Restricted Delivery</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Insured Mail Restricted Delivery (over \$500)</p> <p>Domestic Return Receipt</p>

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